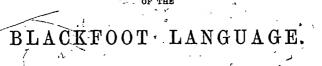
GREMONES AND ST DECTRONALIZA BLACEPOOT LANGUAGE.

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GRAMMAR AND DICTIONARY,





GRAMMAR AND DICTIONARY

OF THE

BLACKFOOT LANGUAGE

IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

FOR THE USE OF MISSIONARIES, SCHOOL-& TEACHERS, AND OTHERS.

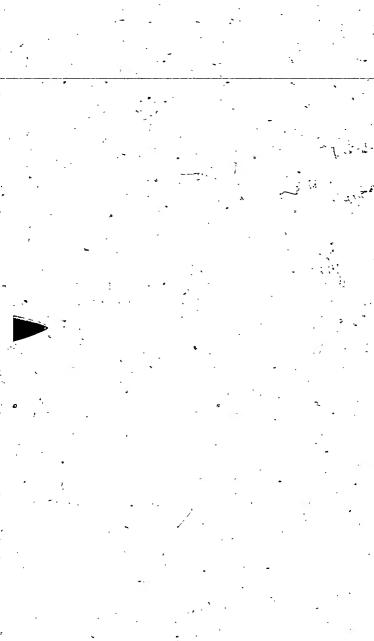
COMPILED BY THE

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LONDON:

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE, NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE, CHARING CROSS, W.C.



INTRODUCTION.

THE compiler of this Grammar and Dictionary of the Language of the Blackfoot Indians is the Rev. John William Tims, trained at the Church Missionary College, Islington, and sent out in 1883 to the North-West American Mission of that Society. His station is at "Blackfoot Crossing," on the Canadian Pacific railway, in the province of Alberta, and the diocese of Calgary, which for the present is united to Saskatchewan, about 50° north latitude, and 110° west longitude, on the east side of the Rocky Mountains.

The Blackfeet (called by the French, Pieds Noirs, and by the Germans, Schwarzfusse) are so called from their moccasins being blackened by the soil. They are, or were, a powerful tribe, and were divided into three bands.

(1) The Blackfeet proper; (2) the Pa-e-gun; (3) the Blood. Under the arrangements of the Canadian Government, reserves have been set apart for these tribes, and the reserve of the Blackfeet proper, where Mr. Tims resides, is immediately south of the railway. The reserve for

the Blood band is to the south, not far from the frontier of the United States. It is stated with confidence that the same language is spoken by the Blackfoot proper, the Pa-e-gun, and the Blood. This philological work is of considerable importance. No portion of the Scriptures has as yet passed through the press, but a portion exists in manuscript.

The tribe belongs to the great Algonquin family, and, like all the languages of North American, it is Polysynthetic. The written character is the Roman. Vocabularies existed previously; but this is the first grammar, and we have to thank Mr. Time for this important contribution to knowledge.

ROBERT CUST,

Member of Committee of British and Foreign Bible and Church Missionary Societies, and Translation Committee of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge.

July 5, 1889.

PREFACE.

THE present work has been prepared specially for missionaries, school-teachers, and others who are called to labour amongst the Indians who comprise the Blackfoot nation.

When the compiler came to labour amongst the Blackfeet in the summer of 1883, he felt greatly the need of a grammar and dictionary; but as none had ever been published, he was obliged to learn word by word from the Indians themselves, and pick up the grammar of the language little by little.

The hope of facilitating the learning of the language to others, newly entering upon the work, has induced him to arrange a great portion of the material he has collected during the past four years and a half, into the form of a Grammar and Dictionary.

The plan has been to give such rules and examples in the Grammar as will make things plain and easy to the learner. In the Dictionary, the imperative, and the first person singular, and third person singular, present indicative, are generally given. The writer always adopted the plan of putting these forms down when collecting words for his own use, and found it a great help.

In the imperative second singular, the root of the verb is always seen, it never having any prefix, and the present indicative, in all intransitive verbs, can be formed from it by removing the final -t and prefixing nit. Then the second person singular is obtained by changing the pronoun nit- to kit-, and the third person, by dropping the prefix altogether and affixing the proper ending. An example of this simple plan will make it plain.

CONJ. 1.

An-it, say thou. Nit-an-i, I say. Kit-an-i, you say. An-i-u, he says. , Conj. 2.

Ok-at', sleep thou. Nit-ai-ok-a, I sleep. Kit-ai-ok-a, you sleep. Ai-ok-au, he sleeps.

The particle ai, in the example in Conj. 2, will be found explained in the grammar.

The transitive verb, the writer treated in the same way. In the inanimate form of it, he found that the imperative second singular always ended in -it, -tot, or -toat. He found that by changing these endings into -ip or -top, as the imperative indicated, and prefixing the pronouns, he could always get the first and second persons of the present indicative. Then by dropping the prefixes, and changing the final -p to -mai-e, he got the third person. An example will again illustrate the simplicity of this.

CONJ. 1.

CONJ. 3.

Ŭk-o-me'-tsit, love it. An-īs-toat, say it.

Nit-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I love it. Nit-an-īs-top, I say it.

Kit-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you love it. Kit-an-īs-top, you say it.

Ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he loves it. An-ĭs-tom-ai-e, he says it.

The transitive animate, the writer always treated after the same plan. He found that all imperatives, with the objective me, ended in kit, and that by removing this syllable from the end, and prefixing it to the same word, he nearly always got the first person singular, responding to the imperative. Thus—

Ŭk-o-mim'-mo-kit, love me. Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mo, I love you.

If the learner will take the trouble to make observations like these as he studies the examples of the verb given in the grammar, he will soon find himself beginning to understand clearly what, from the numerous inflections of the verb, he at first thought himself unable to grasp.

The writer has ventured to make a classification of the verbs, and to reduce them to conjugations.

A more thorough knowledge of the language may call for a rearrangement of these, but the writer claims the clemency of his brethren in the work, seeing that at present all are but students in the language, and none professors.

The Grammar is by no-means complete, nor-does the Dictionary contain, by a long way, all the words, even of common occurrence. The reason is, that the compiler has not had the time to spare to bring out an exhaustive

work. If it is found sufficient to be a guide and help to those who are working for the advancement of the Blackfeet, he will be well repaid.

The system the writer has adopted of separating the syllables is to make the reading of the words more easy, and if proper attention is paid to the accented syllable, the student will have little trouble in making himself understood.

THE COMPILER.

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ĞRAMMAR OF THE

BLACKFOOT LANGUAGE.

ORTHOGRAPHY.

THE Blackfeet possess no written characters of their own; nor have they, as yet, any syllabic system, like the Crees. In making notes for my own use, I used the Roman characters, and have adhered to them in the following pages. The letters employed in writing Blackfoot are fifteen in number, and are as follows:—

aehik mnopstuwxy.

The consonants are sounded as in English. The vowels and diphthongs, in this work, are sounded as follows:—

a as a in father.

e, a, hate.

i, i, pique.

o, o, note.

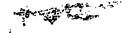
o, u, rule.

ai as i in pike.

au, ou, bough.

aw, aw, law.

Kh is used when the guttural sound is very pronounced. As a rule, but not without exceptions, k at the end of a syllable is guttural; h is only used in conjunction with k as above. There is no aspirate in the Blackfoot language. The accent (') requires the syllable which it follows to be emphasized.



ETYMOLOGY.

THERE are eight parts of speech in the Blackfoot language—noun, pronoun, adjective, verb, adverb, conjunction, preposition, and interjection.

THE NOUN.

I. GENDER.

Nouns are divided into two genders—animate and inanimate. Animate nouns include, not only living creatures, but also many things that have no life, especially different kinds of tools; as "hammer," "auger," "saw," etc.; and agricultural implements; as "plough," "harrow," etc.

On the other hand, all members of the body are/in-animate.

Great care must be taken to distinguish between the animate and inanimate nouns, because adjectives, pronouns, and verbs are affected by them. Thus, "lammer" being of the animate gender, the Blackfoot Indian, instead of saying, "I like it, (the) hammer," nit-ökh'-si-tsip i-tai-pix-o-pi, says, "I like him, (the) hammer," nit-ökh'-sim-mau i-tai-pix-o-pi.

To distinguish the sexes in Blackfoot, different words are used: as-

Nin'-nau, man; a-ke', woman.
Na-pim', male animal; skim, female animal.
Sök'-u-ma-pi, boy; a-ke'-ku-un, girl.

In some cases, and especially in reference to tribes and nationalities, -ku-ŭn and -ake, attached to the noun representing the name of the tribe or nationality, indicate the male and female respectively; thus—

Six-i-kai'-ku-un, Blackfoot man; Six-i-ka'-ke, Blackfoot woman.

Kai'-nai-ku-ŭn, Blood Indian man; Kai'-nake, Blood Indian woman.

Pe-kun'-e-ku-un, Peigan Indian man; Pe-kun'-a-ke, Peigan Indian woman.

Nap'-i-e-ku-ŭn, white man; nap'-i-a-ke, white woman.

II. NUMBER.

The plural of nouns of the animate gender always ends in -x or -ix.

It is formed-

(1) By adding -x or -ix to the singular; as—

A-tse'-tsi, glove; a-tse'-tsix, gloves. Po-kun', ball; po-kun'-ix, balls.

(2) By substituting -x or -ix for the last letter or syllable of the singular; as—

Se-se'-ni-tau, a file; se-se'-ni-tax, files. Mo-ksīs', awl; mo-ksix', awls. Nīn'-nau, man; nīn'-nax, men.

The plural of nouns of the inanimate gender always ends in -sts, -ests, or -ists.

It is formed—

(1) By adding -ts, -sts, -ests, or -ists to the singular; as—Mo-yis', a lodge; mo-yists, lodges.!

Au'-tox-i-nat-si, a bean; au'-tox-i-nat-sists, beans.

Ksis-tsim'-man, a bead; ksis-tsim'-man-ists, beads.

(2) By substituting -sts, -ests, or -ists for the last letter or syllable of the singular; as—

Sin-ak'-sĭn, writing; sin-ak'-sĭsts, writings. Okh-kĭn', bone; okh-ki'-ĭsts, bones.

III. CASE.

In Blackfoot there are three cases—nominative, possessive, and accusative.

The possessive case is indicated by the possessive pronoun; thus, "The Indian, his horse," for, "The Indian's horse;" "The boy, his book," for "The boy's book."

The accusative case is the same as the nominative, except when the animate noun is the object in a sentence with the nominative in the third person. Then a change takes place in the termination of the noun; as—

Nin'-nau, a man; He sees a man, Nan'-nu-yi-u-ai-e nin'nai-i.

Po-no-kŏm'-i-ta, a horse; He sees a-horse, Nan'-nu-yi-u-ai-e

IV. TERMINATIONS.

Abstract nouns end in -sin-ni or -ani. They are formed - from the third person singular of intransitive verbs.

(1) In conjugation 1, by taking away the ordinary ending -i-u, and affixing -sin-ni; as-

Kom-os'-i-u, he steals; kom-os'-sin-ni, theft.

(2) In conjugation 2, by taking away the ordinary ending -au, and affixing -aui; as—

Ket'-au, he bakes; ket-ani, the baking.

(3) In conjugations 3 and 4, by simply adding -sin-ni to the third person; as—

A'-mīs-so, he ascends; a-mīs-so'-sīn-ni, the ascending. Puk'-si-pu, he comes here; puk-si-pu'-sīn-ni, coming here.

(4) In conjugation 5, by taking away the ordinary ending -m, and affixing -sin-ni; as—

Ai-pim, he enters; pi'-sĭn-ni, the entering (for explanation of ai- in ai-pim, see page 17).

(5) In conjugation 6, by taking away the ordinary ending -um, and affixing a-sin-ni; as-

Mux-in-um', he is wicked; mux-in-a'-sin-ni, wickedness.

Nouns ending in -at-sis are derived from verbs, and are names of instruments; as—

Ni-nik-i-11, he sings, or makes music; ni-nik'-i-at-sīs, a musical instrument.

No-mawk'-i-ak-i-u, he sweeps; no-mawk'-i-mat-sis, a broom. Po-kai'-im-au, he fans; po-kai'-im-at-sis, a fan.

Nouns with the prefix *i-tai*- and affix -o-pi are also derived from verbs, and indicate the instrument with which the action implied in the verb is carried out;-thus—

Ai'-sĭn-ak-i-u, he writes; i-tai'-sĭn-ak-i-o-pi; a pen. Ai'-pĭx-i-u, he hammers; i-tai'-pĭx-o-pi, a hammer.

Nouns become collective by prefixing o- or ot-, and affixing -sin-na; as-

A-ke', woman; ot'-a-ke-i-sĭn-na, women. Po-kau', child; o-po-ka'-sĭn-na, children. Ap'-ot-skĭn-a, ox; ot'-ap-ot-skĭn-ai-i-sĭn-na, cattle.

Personal nouns are formed from the third person singular of intransitive verbs by adding a; as—

A'-po-tŭk-ki-u, he works; a'-po-tŭk-ki-ua, a worker.

Ai'-sats-ak-i-u, he is carpentering; ai'-sats-ak-i-u-a, a carpenter.

Au'-mai-tŭk-ki-u, he believes; au'-mai-tŭk-ki-u-a, a believer-

Nouns ending in -e-pitsi denote persons who continue in one vocation. They are formed by adding -e-pitsi to the third person singular of intransitive verbs after the final letter has been removed; as—

Kom-os'-i-u, he steals; kom-os'-i-e-pitsi, a thief. Au-kom'-on-i-u, he begs; au-kom'-on-i-e-pitsi, a beggar.

V. VERBALIZED NOUNS.

Nouns are transformed into verbs by the addition of -ina or -i-ina if the noun is of the animate gender, and -ai-e if the noun is of the inanimate gender; thus—



Nin'-nau, a man; nin'-nai-ina, he is a man. I-mi-ta', a dog; i-mi-tai'-ina, it is a dog. U-au', an egg; u-au-ai'-e, it is an egg. Spīk'-sīn-ak-sīn, a book; spīk-sīn-ak-sīn-ai-e, it is a book.

VI. Nouns inseparable from the Possessive Pronoun.

Many nouns are never used apart from the possessive pronoun; as—

No'-kos, my child; ko'-kos, your child; o'-kos, his child.

These are chiefly terms of relationship; as-

Nīn'-na, my father; ni-tun'-na, my daughter; no-ko'-a, my son; ni-ksīs'-ta, my mother; nom'-a, my husband; no-to-ke'-man, my wife; nis', my elder brother; nes-kun', my younger brother; nīs', my son-in-law; ni-m'-sa, my daughter-in-law; nīn'-sta, my elder sister; nīs-īs'-sa, my younger sister (woman speaking), nīt'-a-kem, my younger sister (man speaking).

A few other nouns have the same peculiarity; as—No'-tas, my beast; nokh'-a, my bucket, or water-vessel.

THE PRONOUN.

I. PERSONAL PRONOUNS.

These are—

Singular.

Plural.

1. Nes-to'-a, I.

1. Něs-tůn'-an, we (excl.).
1. Kěs-tůn'-un, we (incl.).

2. Kes-to'-a, or kses-to'-a, you.

2. Kĕs-to'-au, you.

3. Os-to'-i, he.

3. Os-to'-au-ai, they.

Note: "We" (excl.) does not include the second person, that is to say, the party addressed, but only the first and third 'persons. "We" (incl.) includes the party addressed. This note must be borne in mind wherever

"we" (excl.) and "we" (incl.) are met with in this grammar, and applies also to "our" (excl.) and "our" (incl.) wherever met with.

When attached to verbs as prefixes, the personal pronouns are contracted in the singular into nit-, kit-, and ot-. As a rule, the third personal pronoun is not used, the final termination sufficiently indicating the person of the verb. In conjugating the present tense of the verb "say," we get an example of this—

Nit'-ani, I say. Kit'-ani, you say. Ani-u, he says.

Sometimes, instead of the third personal pronoun, istands as a prefix; as, i-pa'-tom-ai-e, he carries it.

This is an insertion which in the first and second persons is admitted for the sake of euphony, and is retained in the third person. It will be fully explained, when dealing with euphonic changes in the verb.

In the plural, the pronoun is divided when attached to the verb, and the first part, nit-, kit-, is prefixed, and the latter part, -un-an, -un, affixed to the verb; thus—

We love him, nit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ŭn-an. Ye love him, kit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mai-au.

This will be readily seen when we come to study the verb.

The accusative case is expressed by a change in the inflection of the verb (which see).

II. Possessive Pronouns

Are the same as the personal, but are only used in their contracted forms; as, nits, no, ni, or n, my; kits, ko, ki, or k, thy; ots or o, his.

Examples of the possessive pronoun-

Singular Inanimate.

Is-tsi-pis'-si-mat-sis, a whip:
Nīts-īs-tsi-pis'-si-mat-sis, my whip.
Kīts-īs-tsi-pīs'-si-mat-sis, thy whip.
Ot--īs-tsi-pīs'-si-mat-sis, his whip.
Nīts-īs-tsi-pīs'-si-mat-sīn-an, our whip (excl.).
Kīts-īs-tsi-pīs'-si-mat-sīn-un, our whip (incl.).
Kīts-īs-tsi-pīs'-si-mat-sīs-o-au, your whip.
Ots-īs-tsi-pīs'-si-mat-sīs-o-ai-au, their whip.

Plural Inanimate.

Sin-ak'-sīn, writing.
Ni-sīn'-ak-sīn-īsts, my writings.
Ki-sīn'-ak-sīn-īsts, thy writings.
O-sīn'-ak-sīn-īsts, his writings.
Ni-sīn'-ak-sīn-an-īsts, our writings (excl.).
Ki-sīn'-ak-sīn-o-au-īsts, your writings.
O-sīn'-ak-sīn-o-ai-au-īsts, their writings.

Singular Animate.

A'-tse-tsi, a glove.
No'-tse-tsi, my glove.
Ko'-tse-tsi, thy glove.
O'-tse-tsi, his glove.
No'-tse-tsin-an, our glove (excl.).
Ko'-tse-tsin-un, our glove (incl.).
Ko'-tse-tsi-o-au, your glove.
O'-tse-tsi-o-ai-au, their glove.

Note: When the pronoun is prefixed to a'-tse-tsi, the initial letter of the noun is dropped for euphony.

Plural Animate.

Pun, a bracelet.
No-pun'-ix, my bracelets.

Ko-pun'-ix, thy bracelets.
O-pun'-ix, his bracelets.
No-pun'-in-an-ix, our bracelets (excl.).
Ko-pun'-in-un-ix, our bracelets (incl.).
Ko-pun'-o-au-ix, your bracelets.
O-pun'-o-ai-au-ix, their bracelets.

Some nouns are never used apart from the possessive pronoun; as—

No'-tas, my beast; ko'-tas, your beast; o'-tas, his beast.

A partial list is given in the remarks on the noun (p. 6). Nouns beginning with the letter m, especially members of the body, drop the initial letter when the pronoun is prefixed; as—

Mo-tsīs', a hand; no-tsīs', my hand. Mo-kīns'-tsīs, an elbow; no-kīns'-tsīs, my elbow. Ma-awx', a grandparent; na-awx', my grandparent.

A few exceptions to this rule exist; as-

Mau'-kai-is, a breast; no-mau'-kai-is, my breast.

Some nouns with m for the initial letter omit the third possessive pronoun, and replace the m in its stead; as

Mat-tsi-kīn', a moccasin; nat-tsi-kīn, my moccasin; mat-tsi-kīn, his moccasin.

Mat-sĭn-ni', a tongue; nat-sĭn-ni', my tongue; mat-sĭn-ni, his tongue.

A few nouns require the third possessive pronoun to undergo a change for euphony's sake; as—

Nin'-na, my father; kin'-na, thy father; un'-ni, his father. Nis', my son-in-law; kis', thy son-in-law; us', his son-in-law.

Nouns with a for the final letter change a into i or ai with the third possessive pronoun; as—

Ni-tun'-na, my daughter; ki-tun'-na, thy daughter; o-tun'-ni, his daughter.

Nots-tsīp'-pīn-na, 'my cheek; kots-tsīp'-pīn-na, thy cheek; ots-tsīp'-pīn-nai, his cheek.

"Mine," "thine," "his," etc., are thus declined-

Singular:
Nit-si-nan', mine.

Kit-si-nan', thine.
Ot-si-nan', his.

Plural.

Nit-si-nan'-an, ours (excl.).

Kit-si-nan'-un, ours (incl.).

Kit-si-nan'-o-au, yours.

Ot-si-nan'-o-ai-au, theirs.

III. DEMONSTRATIVE PRONOUNS.

These are Singular animate and am'-om, or am'-or-ă, this. inanimate, Plural animate, am'-ox-im, or am'-ox-i, these inanimate, am'-osts-im, or am'-osts-i, these. Singular animate. om'-ŭm, that. inanimate, om'-im, that. Plural animate, om'-ix-im, or om'-ix-ik, those. inanimate. om'-ists-im, those.

The second form of the pronouns this and these is used only when the reference is to something in the hand.

IV. RELATIVE PRONOUNS.

Singular animate, an-nok', who.

Plural ,, an-niks'-īsk, who.

Singular inanimate, an-nik', which.

Plural ,, an-nists'-īsk, which.

"What" is expressed by the suffix pi- attached to the verb; as—

I told him what you said, nit-sit'-an-is-tau kit-an'-i-pi.
I hear what you are saying, kit-ai'-okh-to kit-au'-an-i-pi.

V. Interrogative Pronouns. Singular animate, tuk-ka', who.

and inanimate, ta'-a, which (of several).

Singular animate, tum-a', or tai'-a, which (of two).

""", inanimate, tsim-a', or tsi'-a, which (of two).

""" tsi-ksim-a', or tsi-kse-a', which.
""" tsi'-tsim-a', or tsis-tse-a', which.
""" tsa', what.
""" awx'-a, what.

The second form of the pronouns which is used only when the things referred to are in the hand.

VI. INDEFINITE PRONOUNS.

Singular animate and inanimate,

Plural animate,

inanimate.

stsīk'-i, another. stsīk'-ix, some others.

stsik'-ists, some others.

The other indefinite pronouns, as a-kai-em', many, un'-na, to-si, few, etc., will be found in the dictionary.

A few examples of the use of the pronouns may be a help to some, and are here given.

Nit-okh'-si-tsip am'-oi-a spik'-sin-ak-sin, I like this book.

Kit-si-nan'-ats? Is it yours?

A nit-si-nan'-ai-e. Nin'-na nit'-o-kok, Yes, it is mine. My father, he gave it to me.

Tük-ku'-a kit-ap'-üs-süm-mau?—Who are you looking after?
An-nök' nĭn'-nau-ök ni-na'-ma kŏm-os'-at-si-u-ök, The man
who stole my gun.

Ta'-a kit-ökh'-sīm-mau? Which do you like best?
Tsi-kse-a' kīt-ai'-ak-o-to-au? Which will you take?
Tsa kitau'-an-i? What are you saying?
Ko-kit stsik'-ists spik'-sīn-ak-sīn-ists, Give me other books.

THE ADJECTIVE.

- Adjectives consist chiefly of particles which have no place apart from the nouns to which they are prefixed; as-

Okh-si-an-i-kŏp-pi, good young man. Ma-ni-po-ka, new-born child. Ap-ai-pis-tsi, white blanket.

VERBALIZED ADJECTIVES.

Though adjectives exist only as particles, yet, when these particles are given the terminations of verbs, they stand by themselves.

Verbalized adjectives belong to the first conjugation of the intransitive verb, and have both animate and inaninate forms. In some instances, especially in reference to colours, the animate form follows the sixth conjugation.

Examples of animate and inanimate forms—

Animate; man-si'-u, it is new.
Inanimate, man-i'-u, it is new.
Animate, spĭk'-si-u, it is thick.
Inanimate, spĭk-e'-u, it is thick.
Animate, ksīx-ĭn-ŭm', he (or it) is white.
Inanimate, ksīx-ĭn-at'-si-u, it is white

NUMERAL ADJECTIVES.

ni-tuks'-kum. One. Two, na'-to-kum. Three, ni-oks'-kum. Four,nis-so'. Five. nĭs-ĭt-to'. Six, nau'. i-kĭt'-si-ka. Seden, Eight, nan'-ĭs-so. Nine.pik'-so. Ten, ke'-po. Eleven,ni-tsi-ko'-put-to. Twelve.na-tsi-ko'-put-to. Thirteen. ni'-ko-put-to. nĭs-se-ko-put-to. nĭs-ĭt-si'-ko-put-to. nai'-ko-put-to. Seventeen, i-kĭt'-si-ke-ko-put-to.

```
nan'-ĭs-se-ko-put-to.
Eighteen,
                pik-si'-ko-put-to.
Nineteen,
Twenty,
                na'-tsip-po.
                ni-ĭp'-po.
Thirty,
                nĭs-ĭp'-po.
Forty,
Fifty,
                nis-it-sip'-po.
                nai'-ĭp-po.
Sixty,
Seventy,
                i-křt-si-křp-po.
Eighty,
                nan-is-sip-po.
Ninety,
                vořk-sip'-po.
One hundred.
                ke-pip'-po.
Turo
                na'-tok-i-ke-pip-po.
                ni-oks'-kai-ke-přp-po.
Three
                nīs-se'-ke-pip-po.
Four
                nīs-īt-tu'-i-ke-pīp-po.
Five
                 nai'-i-ke-pip-po.
Six
Seven
                 i-kĭt'-si-ki-ke-nĭp-po.
                nan-ĭs-se'-ke-pĭp-po.
Eight
                 pik-se'-ke-pip-po.
Nine
                 omŭk'-si-ke-pip-po.
One thousand,
```

The numeral adjectives vary in their terminations, according as they are prefixed to animate or inanimate nouns; thus—

(1) Before animate nouns-

ni-tüks'-küma-po-no-köm'-i-ta. One horse. na'-to-kum-i-po-no-kom'-i-tax. Two horses. ni-oks'-kŭm-i-Three ... Four nis-so-yim'-i-Five - nis-it-tsi'- : Six nai'-i-,, i-kīt'-si-kŭm-i-Seven nan'-is-so-vim-i-Eight Nine pik'-sike'-pi-T'en

(2) Before inanimate nouns-

ni-tuks'-kau-o-au'. One egg, Two eggs, na'-tok-ai-o-au'-ĕsts. Three ni-oks'-kainis-so-o'-i-Four nis-it-tu'-i-Fivenau'-yi-Six,, i-kīt'-si-kai-i-Seven nan'-is-so-o-yi-Eight pik-so'-yi-Nine ke-po'-yi-Ten

Numeral adjectives may be verbalized by adding -i-au to the end of the numeral, from "two," downwards; thus—

There are two, na'-to-kum-i-au, or na'-tok-ai-i-au.

In counting, the Indians use somewhat different words to represent "one," "two," and "three," from what are given above. Thus, when a Blackfoot begins counting upon his fingers, he will say, for—

One, se'-ă; two, ni-ok'; three, na'-tok.

THE VERB.

The verb is the principal part of the Blackfoot language, and is as important and as complicated as in the Cree and Ojibway.

It will require very close application on the part of the student if he wishes to have a thorough acquaintance with it, and without that he will never be able to converse freely with the people. He should commit to memory the examples found in this book, taking very particular notice of all the various inflections which are common to all verbs.

EUPHONIC CHANGES.

Before beginning, it will be well to call the attention of the learner to the fact that he will meet constantly a change of letters, caused either by insertion or coalition for the sake of euphony, generally between the pronominal prefix and the root of the verb.

Thus, po-kom being the root of "accompany," "I accompany you" would be kit-pok-om-o; but to make kit-pok-om run more smoothly, -o- is inserted before the root, and we get kit-o-pok-om-o.

O is the most common insertion. In the third person singular and plural, where the pronoun is not used, o invariably changes to i; as—

Nit-o-pa-tuk-ki, I carry; i-pa'-tuk-ki-u, he carries.

Kit-o-pok-om'-o, I accompany you; i-pok-om'-i-u-ai-e, he accompanies him.

Kit-o-ko-to, I give to you; i-ko-tsi'-u-ai-e, he gives to him.

Occasionally i takes the place of o in the third person, when o is the initial letter of the root-word; thus—

Nit-o-to, I arrive; i-to, he arrives.

Other frequent changes are-

ŭs for is; as-

Ĭs-tse-tŭk-ki-u, he is angry; nit-ŭs'-tse-tŭk-ki, I am angry.

Here is is part of the root, and, in the third person, stands unaltered, because there is no prefix to interfere with it. But in the first and second persons, where the pronoun is prefixed to the root, the i is changed to u, because nit-us'-tse-tuk-ki is more smooth than nit-is'-tse-tuk-ki.

au for a; as-

Ats being root-word for "bathe," "I bathe" becomes nit-auts'. Wherever this change occurs, au is retained in

the third person, although there is no prefix, as, auts'-im, he bathes.

Si is often found inserted in the first and second persons; as, nit-si-ksis-sup'-its-is-si, I am active; but is dropped in the third person; as, ksis-sup'-its-is-si-u, he is active.

Okh or aukh sometimes takes the place of o before p when-there-is-no-prefix;-as—

Nit-o-pum'-a, I buy; ŏkh'-pum-au, he buys.

It is met with as prefix in impersonal verbs also before p; as, awhh'-pu-tau, it snows.

SUMMARY OF EUPHONIC CHANGES.

o, inserted in first and second persons, becomes i in third person.

us, inserted in first and second persons, returns to is in third person.

au, inserted in first and second persons, is retained in third person.

si, inserted in first and second persons, is dropped in third person.

ökh) inserted in third person when p is the initial letter aukh) of the root, but only occasionally.

This is not to be considered a complete summary of the changes that occur. Many more are to be met with, but less often than those given.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF VERBS.

The verbs may be divided into three classes—the impersonal, the intransitive, and the transitive.

We shall consider them in this order, as it will then gradually lead us up from the easiest to the most difficult forms.

Moods.

There are six moods—indicative, potential, imperative, subjunctive, conditional, and dubitative. Throughout

the last-named mood, a doubt is implied as to whether the action does or does not take place. There is no infinitive mood. The subjunctive supplies its place.

TENSES.

Only such tenses as I am perfectly sure of are given in these notes. I have not found out all the elaborate forms which exist in other Indian languages, but which I believe will be discovered in the Blackfoot also.

The tense changes consist, in the indicative and potential moods, of particles inserted between the pronoun and the verb, and are as follows:—

PRESENT TENSE.

The pronoun is generally prefixed to the root without any insertion, but, sometimes ai or au are to be found.

Ai then gives the idea of the immediate present; as— Nit-ai-oka, I am sleeping.

Au implies repeated action; as-

Nit-au-ai-ak-i-ak-i, I knock; nit-au-au-ai-ak-i-ak-i, I keep on knocking.

PAST TENSE.

Sit is the particle; as-

Nit-sit'-si-puk-si-pu, I came here. Kit-sit'-an-is-to, I told you.

Very often the present tense is also used as a past tense.

PERFECT TENSE.

Kawk, kai are used; as-

Ki-kawk'-an-is-to, I have told you. Ni-kai'-ko-tau, I have given to him.

FUTURE TENSE.

Ak, sometimes aks; as-

Nit-ak'-It-tap-po, I will go there.

Nit-ak'-a-kai, I will go home. Kit-ak'-o-ko-to, I will give to you.

Potential Mood.

Kot. sometimes kots: as-

Nit-o-kòts'-oka, I am able to sleep. Kit-o-kot'-o-ko-to, I am able to give to you.

PRESENT TENSE (2ND FORM).

Ŭs'-kaks; as-

Nit-us'-kaks-oka, I can sleep.
Nit-us'-kaks-i-tap-po, I can go there.

FUTURE TENSE,

Ak-o-kot; as-

Nit-ak-o-kot-uk-o-mim-mau, I shall be able to love him.

FUTURE TENSE (2ND FORM).

Ak'-skak (contracted from ak-ŭskak); as— Nit-ak'-skak-ŭk-o-mim-mau, I shall be able to love him.

PLUPERFECT TENSE

Is distinguished by the prefix ok-stait- and suffix -opi; as—

Nok'-stait-uk-o-mim-mau-opi, I would have loved him.

In the imperative, subjunctive, and conditional moods, the tense changes consist of prefixes and suffixes, sometimes one, sometimes both, and vary according to the kind of verb, whether it be intransitive or transitive. These will be best seen by a study of the tables, which will be found hereafter, showing the prefixes and affixes of the various tenses belonging to their respective conjugations.

The Negative.

In the indicative mood and in the present and future tenses of the potential mood, is mat-ats, or, mat-a.

In the animate form of the transitive verb, it is sometimes mat-ax-au; and in the first and second persons, mat-a.

In the imperative it is pin-, pini-, or min-, mini-, except in 1st person plural, when it is nök-stai'-, or nök-stau'-.

The pluperfect tense of-the potential mood, the present and future tenses of the conditional mood, and the tenses of the dubitative mood all take -sau.

The subjunctive mood takes -stai.

The past tense of the conditional mood takes -kŭt'-ta.

The negative form of the verb is given side by side with the positive, so that the student will have no difficulty in finding out how to form it.

The Interrogative.

There are two or three ways of asking a question in Blackfoot. The simple way is to affix -ats to the positive form of the verb; thus—

You go there, kit-ai'-tăp-po.

Do you go there? kit-ai'-tap-po-(p)ats?

Kŭt-tai is often used in asking a question; as-

Did you go there? ki-kŭt'-tai-tăp-po-(p)ats?

It is always placed next in order to the pronominal prefix.

When the negative form of the verb is used interrogatively, -stai takes the place of the ordinary negative; thus—

Will you not go there? kit-ak'-stai-tap-po-(p)ats? Will you not take it? kit-ak'-stai-ots-ip-ats?

The Third Person Possessive.

Whenever the third person possessive is used either as subject or as object to a verb, a change takes place in the termination of the verb.

1. In the intransitive verb, by substituting -in-ai for the final letter in the 1st conjugation, and by adding it in the other conjugations; as—

He loves, ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-u.
His son loves, ok-ku'-iŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-in-ai.
He sleeps, ai'-ok-au.
His daughter sleeps, o-tŭn'-naiai'-ok-ai-in-ai.

2. In the transitive verb, inanimate form, by substituting $in\dot{-}a-ai$ the final -ai-e of the third person; as—

He loves it, ŭk-o-me'-tsĭm-ai-e.

His son loves it, ok-ku'-iŭk-o-me'-tsĭm-in-a-ai.

- 3. In the transitive verb, animate form, by affixing in-ai to the termination in the first and second persons; as—
 - (a) I love him, nit-ŭk-o-mim-mau.

 I love his , nit-ŭk-o-mim-mai-in-ai.

 You love his , kit-ŭk-o-mim-mai-in-ai.
 - (b) He loves me, nit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok. His —— loves me, nit-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-ai.

In the third person of the animate form no change is apparent, except when the 3rd person possessive is the subject, then *u-ai-e* becomes -*in-ai*; as—

He loves him, uk-o-mim'-mi-u-ai-e. His —— loves him, uk-o-mim-mi'-in-ai.

"He sees him," and "He sees his," take the same form.

Various uses to which certain particles are put, in connection with the verb.

Mat-

1. Negative; as-

Ni-mat'-ak-it-tăp-po-(p)ats, I will not go there. Mat'-ŏkh-si-u-ats, it is not good.

2. Repetition; as—

Mat'-an-it, say it again. Mat'-si-puk-si-put, come here again.

- 3. Signifies "go," before an imperative; as—
 Mat-an-ĭs-tsis', go and tell him.Kŭt-ta, kŭt-tai—
- 1. Interrogative; as-

Ki-kŭt'-ta-an-is-tau-ats? did you tell him?

2. Negative; as-

Kŭt-tai'-pu-yi-u, he does not speak.

I. THE IMPERSONAL VERB.

The impersonal verb has only the third person singular, and takes "it" as in English. The following examples illustrate it, as used in all the tenses.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

'Ai'-so-tau, it rains.
Awkh'-pu-tau, it snows.

PERFECT TENSE.

Ŭk'-ai-so-tau, it has rained. Ŭk'-awk-pu-tau, it has snowed.

FUTURE TENSE.

Ai'-ak-so-tau, it will rain.
Ai'-ak-o-pu-tau, it will snow.

Imperative Mood.

Ŭn-an-ĭst'-so-ta-si, let it rain. Ŭn-an-ĭst'-o-pu-tau-si, let it snow.

Potential Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

I-kot'-so-tau, it is able to rain. I-kot'-o-pu-tau, it is able to snow.

BLACKFOOT GRAMMAR.

FUTURE TENSE.

Ak'-o-kot-so-tau, it will be able to rain. Ak'-o-kot-o-pu-tau, it will be able to snow.

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Ŏk'-stait-so-tau-opi, it might have rained. Ŏk'-stait-o-pu-tau-opi, it might have snowed.

Subjunctive-Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Mŏk'-it-so-ta-si, (that) it may rain. Mŏk'-o-pu-tau-si, (that) it may snow.

Conditional Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Ai'-so-tŭs-si, when, or if, it rains. Awkh'-pu-tŭs-si, when, or if, it snows.

PAST TENSE.

Ai'-so-tau-o-pi, if it rained. Awkh'-pu-tau-o-pi, if it snowed.

Dubitative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-so-tau, perhaps it rains? Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-o-pu-tau, perhaps it snows?

CONDITIONAL TENSE.

I-kum'-so-tus-si, if so be that it rains? I-kum'-o-pu-tus-si, if so be that it snows?

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Maks-i-kum-so-tus-si, if so be that it will rain? Maks-i-kum-o-pu-tus-si, if so be that it will snow? II. THE INTRANSITIVE VERB.

singular. The following Table will show all the prefixes and endings of each of the conjugations The intransitive verb has six conjugations, each known by the ending of the third person, in each mood.

Preference and Preference 1. Cons. 2. Cons. 3. Cons. 4. Cons. 6. Cons.	n each mood.							•	
		PREFIX.	1. Сомл.	2. Conj.	з. Со́ка.	4. Cons.	6. Conj.	6. CONJ.	
	dicative and ential Moods.	,-							DUA
	Láo	nit- kft-	-	4 4	P 9,	nd-	· -	44	JEE
	Poss.		-in-ai	-au -ai-in-ai	o-ln-al	-pu-in-nd-	-lm-ai	-ŭm -ŭm'-în-ai	00.
d	t, (exel.) (incl.)		ni-nid-i-	-au-on	-su-op	-pu-pin-an -pan-op	-i-pin-an -i-op	-a-pin-an -au-op	
1		l .	-i-pu-au &:	-a-h-a-	-0-l-au	-pu-pu-au	-i-pu-su -im-l-su	-a.pu-au -ūm-i-au	Tet
1	rative Mood.		, ,	3~.		0			XIII.
Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir. Dir.	. 16		1	 		-put	-11-	-at-	шл
Ok-uii- -i-up -i	(.(excl.)	un-an-Ista- nök'-ok-ün-an-Ists-	,	-as -a-pĭn-an	•	-pus -pu-pin-an	-ls -l-pito an	-as	1.be
tive Mood. - 15-au	(mer.)	-un-wo	~ -	-an-op- -ak·	•	-pa-sup		-au-op, -ak	
	٠. ,	dn.an-lats-	ì	-88-811		-pus-au	-is-au	-48-811	
DOK8 -0-8 -0-8 -0-8 -0-8 -0.8 -	enctive Moga.		,						
KOK		nok-		-4-81	1	-pn-el	•	-4-61	,
111.0K581.0 -0-81.0 -0-81.0K111.0K-		KOK-	•	18-81		- js-nd-		-8-81	,
	Poss.	mok-	•	-8-81-0		-pu-si		-8-81	4

			•		-		
	PREFIX.	1. CoxJ.	2, Conj.	3. Сомз.	4. Cons.	. 5. Сомл.	CONJ. 6.
1. Plu. (exel.) 1, (incl.) 2, 3,	ndk- ok- kdk- mdk-	-81n-an -1-0s-1 -8u-au -1-5au	-a-sm-ani -a-sm-si -a-sm-ai -a-sa-au	-0-8in-an -6-au-si -09-u-au	-pu-sin-du -pu-sin-du -pu-su-au -pus-au	-slu-an -l-os-i -l-i-su-al , -l-is-au	-a-4in-an -a-4u-8i -a-8u-au -a-8au
· Conditional Mool. INDEPINITE TENBE.							
1. and 2. Sing. 3. Sing. Poss. 4. T. Plu. (excl.) 7. " (nol.) 9. "	, .	-i-e-ni-kfgis-si -is-si -is-sai-e -i-Intan-i-ki -i-ok-i -i-e-no-si-ni-ki	-al-nl-ki -a-si -a-sai -a'-nnn-l-ki -au-ok-l -a-no-ai-ni-ki	o-e-ni-ki -08-ni -09-ni-ni -0no-ni-ki -au-ok-i -e-no-ni-ki	-pu-e-nl-kl -pur-sal-e -pu-n-n-n-l-kl -pu-n-k-l -pu-e-no-al-nl-kl -pus-gau	-lm-e-nl-kl -ls-si -ls-sal-e -lm-in-an-l-kl -lm-l-ok-l -lm-l-e-no-al-nl-kl -ls-sau	.úm-e-ni-ki -as-sal-o -úm-In-an-I-ki -úm-I-ok-l -üm-c-no-al-ni-ki -as-sau
PAST TENSE. 1. Sing.	1)u	-ft-o-pl	-a-o-pi			-l-o-pi	10-0-0-
3 Poss. 1. Plu. (excl.)	• • •	-1-0-p1 -1-u-o-p1 -1-u-o-p1-in-al	-au-o-pl -au-o-pl -au-o-pl-in-ai	-0-0-pl -0-0-pl -0-0-pl-in-ai	-pu-o-nd- pu-o-nd- pu-u-lu-al	-t-o-pl -tm-o-pl -tm-o-pl-tn-at	-a-0-pi -au-0-pi -au-0-pi-lri-ai
3 (mel.)	-114	-i-o-to-pi -i-pu-au-o-pi -i-o-pi-au	-a-to-pi -a-pu-au-o-pi -au-o-pi-au	-o-o-pl -o-pu-au-o-pl -o-o-pl-au	_	iq-o-na-uq-	-a-pin-an-o-pi -au o-pi -a-pin-an-o-pi -an-o-pi-an
FUTURE TRNSE.	•	•				•	
1. Sing.	mak-	-1-e-nf-ki	-ai-ni-ki	-o-e-nl-ki	-pu-e-nl-ki	-Im-e-ni-ki	-ŭm-e-nf-kl
The est of	· · ·	•			_ ;	-	

The other endings same as the indefinite tense of this mood. The profix mak- is retained in all the persons.

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	B	LACKFOOT GRAMMAR.	
6. Cons.	n-o-pi -n-o-pi -a-o-pi -a-o-pi -a-pin-an-o-pi -a-pi-an-o-pi -a-o-pi-an-o-pi	in i	-ŭm-e-ni-ki
6. Сомл.		! -! -! -! -! -! -! -! -! -! -! -! -!	-Im-e-ni-ki
4. Coxa.	u-o-nd- ld-o-nd- ld-o-nd- ld-o-nd- ld-o-nd- ld-o-nd-nd- nd-o-nd-nd-o-nd- la-o-nd-nd-nd-o-nd-	-pu -pu -pu-ln-al -pu-ln-al -pu-ln-an -pu-l-au -pu-l-au -pu-l-au -pu-l-au	-pu-e-ni-ki
3. Сомл.	-0pl -0pl -0pl -0-pl-an-0-pl -0-pl-an-0-pl -0pl-an	o-o-o-n-al o-pin-an an-o-pin-an o-b-an (o-b-an	-6-e-ni-ki
, 2. CONJ.	-a-o-pl -a-o-pl -au-o-pl -a-pi-au-o-pl -a-pi-au-o-pl -a-pu-au-o-pl	-a -a -al-in-at -a-in-an -a-pn-an -al-in-ki definite ter	-at-ni-ki
1. CONJ.	-1-to-pi -1-to-pi -1-to-pi -1-pin-an-q-pi -1-to-to-pi -1-to-pi-an	-i -i-u -i-in-ai -i-pin-an -i-pin-au -i-nau -i-e-ni-ki same as in	-i-e-nt-ki
PREFIX.	nök-etait. Kök-etait. Ök-etait. Ök-etait. nök-etait. Kök-etait. Ök-etait.	Publicative Mood. 1. Sing. 1. Sing	mak-i-küm-
Polential Moud,	1. Sing. 2. " 3. " Plan. 1. Plu. (excl.) 2. " (indl.) 3. "	Publicative Mood. PRESENT TRNSE. 1. Sing. 2. ". Poss. 1. Plu. (srcl.) 2. ". CONDITIONALIZERSE. 1. Sing. The other throughout a	FUTURE CON- DITIONAL TENSE, 1. Sing.

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The note to the preceding tense applies to this.

CONJUGATION I.

Third Sing. Uk-o-me'-tuk-ki-u, he loves; Imperat. o-me'-tük-kit, love.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Danition

	Positive.
1. Singular	Nit-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, I love.
2. "	Kit-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, thou lovest.
3. ,,	Ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u, he loves.
,, Poss.	Ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, his him loves.
1. Plūrāl (excl.)	Nit-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an, we love.
1. ,, (incl.)	Ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op, we love.
2. ,,	Kit-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, you love,
3. "	Ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au, they love.
	Negative.
. 1. Singular	Ni-mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
2. ,,	Ki-mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
3. "	Mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats.

Poss.

1. Plural (excl.) (incl.) 1.

2.

.3.

Mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-in-ai. Ni-mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an-a.

Mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op-a. Ki-mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-pu-au-a.

Mat-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au-ats.

PAST TENSE.

1.	Singular	Nit-sit-uk-o-me-tuk-ki, I did love.
2.	,,	Kit-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, you did love.
3.	,	It-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u, he did love.
	,, Poss.	It-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, his — did love
1.	Plural (excl.)	Nit-sĭt'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an, we did love
1.	,, (incl.)	It-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op, we did love.
2.	"	Kit-sĭt'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, ye did love.
3		It-sit'-jik-n-me-tik-ki an they did love.

1.	Singula r	Ni-mat-sĭt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa,
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2. " Ki-mat-sīt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa,

3. Mat-sit-ŭk-o-me-tuk-ki-u-ats.

" Poss. Mat-sĭt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-in-ai.

Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-sĭt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an-a.

1. " (incl.) Mat-sĭt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op-a.

2. " Ki-mat-sit-ük-o-me-tük-ki-pu-au-a.

3. " Mat-sīt-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au-ats.

PERFECT TENSE.

Positive.

- 1. Singular Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, I have loved.
- 2. , Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, you have loved.
- 3. ,, Awk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u, he has loved.

" Poss. Awk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, his — has loved.

1. Plural(excl.) Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an, we have loved.

1. , (incl.) Awk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op, we have loved.

2. " Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, ye have loved.

3. ,, Awk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au, they have lored.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Ni-mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
- 2. " Ki-mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.

3. " Mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats

" Poss. Mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-in-ai.

1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an-a.

1. " (incl.) Mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op-a.

2. " Ki-mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-a.

3. " Mat-si-kawk-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au-ats.

Sometimes, in the Perfect tense, when spoken, a contraction takes place by the elision of the final k of the distinguishing particle and the initial letter of the root. Ni-kawk'-ūk-o-me-tūk-ki then becomes Ni-kaw'k-o-me-tūk-ki.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular	Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, I will love.
2. ,,	Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, you will love.
3. "	Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u, he will love.
,, Po	ss. Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, his tatil love.
1. Plural (excl	.) Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an, we will love.
	Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op, we will love.
2. ,,	Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, ye will love.
2	Ale' sile a ma tile lei au thau arill lana

Negative.

	1.	Singula	ır	Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
	2.	"		Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
	3.	"		Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats.
		٠,	Poss.	Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-in-ai.
,	1.	Plural	(excl.)	Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an-a.
	1.	,,	(incl.)	Mat'-ak-ŭk-o'me-tŭk-ki-op-a.
	2.	,,		Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-a.
	3.	17		Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au-ats.

Imperative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

2. Singular	Uk-o-me'-tŭk-kit, love thou,
3. "·	Ŭn-an-ĭst-ŭk-a-me-tŭk-kis, <i>let him lore.</i>
1. Plural (excl.)	'Nŏk-ok-ŭn-an-ĭsts-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-pin-an,
	let us love.
1., ,, (incl.)	Ŏk-ŭn-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-op, let us love.
2. ,,	Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kik, love ye.
3. ,	Ŭn-an-ists-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kis-au, let them
••	love.

2. Singular	Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kĭt.
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3. " Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kis.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Nök-stai-ük-o-me'-tük-ki-pin-an.
 - . ,, (incl.) Ök-stai-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-op.
- 2. " Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kik.
- 3. " Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-kis-au.

Potential Mood.

PRESENT TENSE (1ST FORM).

Positive.

1. Singular	Nit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki,	I	am	able	to
•	love.				

- 2. ,, Kit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, you are able to
- 3. " I-köt'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u, he is able to love.
- " Poss., I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, his is able to love.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an, we are able to love.
- 1. " (incl.) I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tuk-ki-op, we are able to love.
- 2. Kit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, ye `are able to love.
- 3. " I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au, they are able to love.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Ni-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
- 2. , Ki-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
- 3. " Mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats.
- " Poss. Mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-in-ai.

 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an-a.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-a
 1. " (incl.) Mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op-a.
- 2 " Ki-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-a.
- 3. Mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au-ats.

PRESENT TENESE (2ND FORM).

Positive.

1.	Singular	Nit-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, <i>I can love</i>	2.
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- 2. ,, Kit-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, you can love.
- 3. " Üs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u, he can love. " Poss. Ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, his — can

love. 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an, we can

- love. 1.____,__(incl.) — Ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op, we can love.
- 2. ,, Kit-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au, ye can
- 3. " Üs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au, they can love.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Ni-mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
- 2. " Ki-mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pa.
- 3. " Mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats.
 - ", Ross. Mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-ats-in-ai.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an-a.
- 1. " (incl.) Mat-us-kak-uk-o-me-tuk-ki-op-a
- 2. " Ki-mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-a.
- 3. " Mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au-ats.

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

- 1. Singular Nök'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-to-pi, I would have loved.
- 2. "· Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-to-pi, you would have loved.
- " Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-pi, he would have loved.
 - Poss. Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-pi-in-ai, his

1. I	Plura	l (excl.)	Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pĭn-an-o-pi, we would have loved.	
1.	,,	(incl.)	Ŏk-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-to-pi, we would have loved.	
2.	"		Kŏk-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-o-pi, ye	!
3.	,,		would have loved. Ŏk-stait-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-o-pi-au, they would have loved.	,

1.	Singule	ar -	Nŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-to-pi.
2.	"	•	Kŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-to-pi.
3.	,,		Ŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-pi.
	"	Poss.	Ŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-pi-in-ai.
1.	Plural	(excl.)	Nŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an-o-pi.
1.	"	(incl.)	Ŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-to-pi.
2.	,,	,	Kök'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-o-pi.
3.	,,		Ŏk'-stai-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-o-pi-au.

Another form of this tense in use substitutes for nok'-stait-, kök'-stait, and ok'-stait-, the prefixes nis'-ta-, kis'-ta-, and is'-ta-.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Nit-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, I shall be able to love.

Negative.

1. Singular Ni-mat-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki.

Continue as present indicative, always inserting ak-o-kotbefore the root.

BLACKFOOT GRAMMAR.

Subjunctive Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular	Nok'-uk-o-me-tuk-si, that I may love.
2. "	Kok'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-si, that you may love.
3. ,,	Mök'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-si, that he may love.
. , Poss	3. Mŏk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-sai-e, that his — may love.
1. Plural (excl.)). Nök'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-sĭn-an, that we may love.
1,(incl.)_Ok'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-i-o-si, that we may love.
2. ,,	Kök'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-su-au, that ye may love.
3. ,,	Mŏk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ĭs-au, that they may love.

Negative.

 Siñgular 	'Nŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-me-ţŭk-sj.
2. ,	Kök-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-si.

3. " Měk-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-si.

Poss. Mök-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-sai-e.

Plural. (excl.) Nök-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-sīn-an.
 " '(incl.) Ŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-i-o-si.

2. ', Kök-stai'-ük-o-me-tük-su-ai.

3. , Mok-stai-uk-o-me-tuk-su-ai.

Poss.

The above form appears to be used also for the imperfect, "I might love," etc.

Conditional Mood,

INDEFINITE TENSE.

Positive.

Singular Ük-o-me'-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki, if, or when, I love.
 ,, Ük-o-me'-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki, if, or when, you love.

Uk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-si, if, or when, he loves. Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-sai-e, if, or when, his --loves.

1.	Plura	l (excl.)	Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-ĭn-an-i-ki, if, or when, we
	•		love.
1'.	,,	(incl.)	Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-ok-i, if, or when, we love.
2.	,,	• , •	Ük-o-me'-tŭk-ki-e-no-ai-ni-ki, if, or when,
4		•	ye love.
3.	,,		Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-sau, if, or when, they love.

		6
1.	Singular	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki.
2.	, 11	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki.
,3.	,,	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-si.
	Poss.	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-sai-e.
1.	Plural (excl.)	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-ĭn-an-i-ki.
1.		Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-ok-i.
2.		Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-e-no-ai-ni-ki.
3.		Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-sau.
	• •	PAST TENSE.
		Positive.
1.	Singular .	Nit-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-to-pi, if I loved.
2.		Kit-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-to-pi, if you loved:
3.		Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-u-o-pi, if he loved.
	" Poss.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
•	,,	loved.
1.	Plural (excl.)	Nit-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-pin-an-o-pi, if weloved.
1.	,, (incl.)	Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-o-to-pi, if we loved.
2.	,, , ,	Kit-ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-pu-au-o-pi, if ye loved.
,3.	77	Ŭk-o-me'-tŭk-ki-o-pi-au, if they loved.
	**	0= 0 = 0 tm2 = 0 pt m2, y m3,
		Negative.
1.	Singular	Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-to-pi.
2.	"	Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-to-pi.
3.	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-u-o-pi.
	Poss	

•	
1. Plural (excl.) 1. ,, (incl.) 2. ,, 3. ,,	Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pin-an-o-pi. Kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-to-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pu-au-o-pi. Kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-o-pi-au.
,	FUTURE TENSE.
	Positive.
1. Singular Ma	k'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki, if I shall love.
	Negative.
a 1. Singular Sau-	gk'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki.
The rest of the of this mood, make form, and sau-ak-	is tense is conjugated like the present being always prefixed to the positive to the negative.
	Dubitative Mood.
	PRISENT TENSE.
	Positive.
1. Singular	Noks'-ka-kum-uk-o-me-tuk-ki, perhaps I love?
2. ,,	Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, perhaps you love?
3. ,,	Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki, perhaps he loves?
, ,, Poss.	Öks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-in-ai, per- haps his — loves?
1. Plural (excl.)	Nöks'-ka-kum-úk-o-me-tuk-ki-pin-an, per- haps we love?
1. ,, (incl.)	Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op, perhaps we love?
. 2. " .	Köks'-ka-kum-uk-o-me-tuk-ki-pu-au, per-
3. "	haps ye love? Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au, perhaps

they love?

1. Singular		Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki.
2	<i>:</i>	Köks'-ka-küm-sau-ük-o-me-tük-ki

3. " Čks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki

3.

" Poss. Öks-ka-kum-sau-uk-o-me-tuk-ki-in-ai.

1. Plural (excl.) Nöks'-ka-kum-sau-uk-o-me-tuk-ki-pin-an.

1. " (incl.) Öks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-op.

2. " Köks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-pū-au.

Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-au.

PRESENT CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular I-kŭm'-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki, if so be that
I love?

Negative.

1. Singular I-kum'-sau-uk-o-me-tuk-ki-e-ni-ki.

'This tense is conjugated the same as the present tense of the conditional mood, always prefixing *i-kum* to the positive form, and *i-kum-sau* to the negative.

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Maks-i-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tŭk-ki-e-ni-ki, if so be that I shall love?

Negative.

1. Singular Maks-i-kum-sau-uk-o-mc-tuk-ki-e-ni-ki.

Rule given for present tense applies to this, always prefixing maks-i-kum- to positive form and maks-i-kum-sauto the negative.

CONJUGATION II.

Third Sing. Ai'-ok-au, he sleeps; Imperative, o-kat', sleep.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

_	-1	-Singula	ır	Nit-ai'-ok-a, I sleep.
	2.	17		Kit-ai'-ok-a, thou sleepest.
,	3.	"		Ai'-ok-au, he sleeps. Ai'-ok-ai-in-ai, his him sleeps.
		"	Poss.	Ai'-ok-ai-in-ai, his him sleeps.
	1.	Plural	(excls)	Nit-ai'-ok-a-pin-an, wc sleep.
	1.	,,	(incl.)	Ai'-ok-au-op, we sleep.
	2.	,,		Kit-ai'-ok-a-pu-au, you sleep.
	3.	"		Ai'-ok-ai-i-au, they sleep.

Negative.

1.	Singular	Ni-mat-ai-ok-a-pa.
2.	2. Singular	Ki-mat-ai-ok-a-pa.
. 3.	".	Mat-ai-ok-au-ats.
	" Poss.	Mat-ai-ok-au-ats-in-ai.
1.	Plural (excl.)	Ni-mat-ai-ok-a-pin-an-a.
1.	" (incl.)	Mat-ai-ok-au-op-a.
2.	,,	Ki-mat-ai-ok-a-pu-au-a.
•3.		Mat-ai-ok-au-ax-au

PAST TENSE.

1.	Singular		Nit-sits'-ok-a, I slept.	
2.	,,~ ,		Kit-sits'-ok-a, you slept.	
3.	,,	•	Its'-ok-an, he slept.	,
		Poss.	Its'-ok-ai'-in-ai. his	slept

BLACKFOOT GRAMMAR

		*
1.	Plural (excl.)	Nit-sits'-ok-a-pin-an, we slept.
1.	,, (incl.)	Its'-ok-au-op, we slept.
2.	"	Kit-sits'-ok-a-pu-au, ye slept.
3.	39	· Its'-ok-ai-i-au, they slept.
		Negative.
1.	Singular	Ni-mat'-sĭts-ok-a-pa.
2.	"	Ki-mat'-sĭts-ok-a-pa.
3.	,,	Mat-sits-ok-au'-ats.
	" Poss.	Mat-sĭts-ok-au'-ats-in-ai.
1.	Plural (excl.)	Ni-mat-sits-ok-a'-pin-an-a.
1.	,, (incl.)	Mat-sits-ok-au'-op-a.
2.	,	Ki-mat-sits-ok-a'-pu-au-a.
3.	"	Mat-sits-ok-au-ax-au.
		PERFECT TENSE.
		÷ *
		Positive.
1.	Singular	Ni-kai'-ok-a, I have slept.
2.	ń	Ki-kai'-ok-a, you have slept.
3.	**	Ŭk-ai'-ok-au, he has slept.
	", Poss.	Ük-ai'-ok-ai-in-ai, his — has slept.
1.	Plural (excl.)	
1.	" (incl.)	Ŭk-ai'-ok-au-op, we have slept.
2.	"	Ki-kai'-ok-a-pu-au, ye have slept.
3.	. ,,	Ŭk-ai'-ok-ai-i-au, they have slept.
	•	Negative.
1.	Singular	Ni-mats-ik-ai-ok-a-pa.
2.	"	Ki-mats-ik-ai-qk-a-pa.
3.		Mats-ik-ai-ok-au-ats.
	Poss.	
٠1.	Plural (excl.)	•
1.		
2:		Ki-mats-ik-ai-ok-a-pu-au-a.
3.		Mats-ik-ai-ok-au-ax-au.
	• •	

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular	Nit-aks'-ok-a, I shall sleep.
2. ,,	Kit-aks'-ok-a, you shall sleep.

Aks'-ok-au, he shall sleep. 3. Aks'-ok-ai-in-ai, his - shall sleep.

1. Plural (excl.) Nit-aks'-ok-a-pin-an, we shall sleep.

(incl.) Aks'-ok-au-op, we shall sleep.

, 1. Kit-aks'-ok-a-pu-au, ye shall sleep. 2.

Aks'-ok-ai-i-au, they shall sleep. 3.

Negative.

1. Singular Ni-mat-aks-ok-a-pa.

Ki-mat-aks-ok-a-pa. 2.

Mat-aks-ok-au-ats. 3.

Poss.Mat-aks-ok-au-ats-in-ai.

1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-aks-ok-a-pin-an-a.

(incl.). Mat-aks-ok-au-op-a. 1.

2. Ki-mat-aks-ok-a-pu-au-a.

3. Mat-aks-ok-au-ax-au.

Imperative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

2. Singular O-kat', sleep thou.

Un-an-ists-ok'-as, let him sleep. 3.

1. Plural (excl.) Nok-ok-un-an-ists-ok'-a-pin-an, let us sleep.

(incl.) Ŏk'-ŭn-ok-au-op, let us sleep. 1.

O-kak', sleep ye. 2.

Un-an-ists-ok'-as-au, let them sleep. 3.

Negative.

2. Singular Pin-o'-kat.

Pin-o'-kas.

1.	Plural	(excl.)) Nŏk'	-stai-ok-a-pĭn-an.

1. " (incl.) Ŏk-stai-ŏk-au-op.

Pin-o'-kak.

Pin-o'-kas-au.

Potential Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

1.	Singular	Nit-o-kots'-ok-a, I am able to sleep.
2.	, ,	Kit-o-kots'-ok-a, you are able to sleep.
3.	**	I-kots'-ok-au, he is able to sleep.
	" Poss.	I-kots'-ok-au-in-ai, his — is able to sleep.
1.	Plural (excl.)	Nit-o-kots'-ok-a-pin-an, we are able to sleep.
1.		I-kots'-ok-au-op, we are able to sleep.
2.	, ,	Kit-o-kots'-ok-a-pu-au, ye are able to sleep.

,, I-kots'-ok-ai-i-au, they are able to sleep.

Negative.

Ni-mat-o-kots-ok-a-pa. 1. Singular Ki-mat-o-kots-ok-a-pa. 2. З. Mat-o-kots-ok-au-ats. Poss. Mat-o-kots-ok-au-ats-in-ai. 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-o-kots-ok-a-pin-an-a. Mat-o-kots-ok-au-op-a. (incl.) 1. Ki-mat-o-kots-ok-a-pu-au-a. 2. Mat-o-kots-ok-au-ax-au. 3.

PRESENT TENSÈ.

1.	Singular	Nit-ŭs'-kaks-ok-a, I can sleep.
2.	"	Kit-ŭs'-kaks-ok-a, you can sleep.
3.	,,	Ŭs'-kaks-ok-au, he can sleep.
	Poss.	Ŭs'-kaks-ok-ai-in-ai, his — can sleep.
	,,	· -

1. Singular

2.

3.

Plural (excl.) Nit-ŭs'-kaks-ok-a-pin-an, we can sleep.
 ,, (incl.) Ŭs'-kaks-ok-au-op, we can sleep.

2.	13	Kit-ŭs'-kaks-ok-a²pu-au, ye can sleep.
3.	,,	Us'-kaks-ok-ai-i-au, they can sleep.
		Negative.
1.	Singular	Ni-mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-a-pa.
2.	. ,, .	Ki-mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-a-pa. ••
_3.		Mat-us-kaks-ok-au-ats.
	" Poss	. Mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-au-ats-in-ai.
1.	Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-a-pin-an-a.
1.	,, (incl.	
2.	"	Ki-mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-a-pu-au-a.
3.	"	Mat-ŭs-kaks-ok-au-ax-au.
		PLUPERFECT TENSE.
		Positive.
1.	Singular	Nok'-staits-ok-a-o-pi, I would have slept.
2.	"	Kök'-staits-ok-a-o-pi, you would have slept.
3.	"	Ŏk'-staits-ok-au-o-pi, he would have slept.
	" Poss	
1.	Plural (excl.)	Nök'-staits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, we would hare slept.
1.	" (incl.)	¥ • .
2.	"	Kok'-staits-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi, ye would have slept.
3.	,, ·	Ŏk'-staits-ok-au-o-pi-au, they would have slept.
		Negative.

Nŏk'-stai-sau-ok-a-o-pi. Kŏk'-stai-sau-ok-a-o-pi.

Ŏk'-stai-sau-ok-au-o-pi.

Ŏk'-stai-sau-ok-au-o-pi-in-ai.

```
1. Plural (excl.) Nök'-stai-sau-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi.
  1.
             (incl.) Ok'-stai-sau-ok-a-to-pi.
  2.
                    Kŏk'-stai-sau-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi.
  3.
                      Ōk'-stai-sau-ok-au-o-pi-au.
                      Subjunctive Mood.
                       PRESENT TENSE.
                  (Used also as Imperfect.
                          Positive.
  1. Singular
                    Nöks'-ok-a-si, that I may sleep.
  2.
                    Köks'-ok-a-si that you may sleep.
                    Möks'-ok-a-si, that he may sleep.
  3.
        ,,
             Poss. Möks'-ok-a-sai-e, that his - may sleep.
     Plural (excl.) Nöks'-ok-a-sin-an, that we may sleep.
             (incl.) Oks'-ok-au-si, that we may sleep.
  1.
  2.
                    Köks'-ok-a-su-ai, that ye may sleep.
                    Möks'-ok-a-sau, that they may sleep.
  3.
                          Negative.
1. Singular
                 Nŏk'-stai-ok-a-si.
2.
                 Kŏk'-stai-ok-a-si.
                 Mŏk'-stai-ok-a-si.
           Poss. Mŏk'-stai-ok-a-sai-e.
1. Plural (excl.) Nök-stai-ok-a-sin-an.
1.
          (incl.) Ok-stai-ok-au-si.
2.
                 Kŏk-stai-ok-a-su-ai.
                 Mŏk-stai-ok-a-sau.
3.
```

Conditional Mood.

INDEFINITE TENSE.

1. 8	Singular	Ok-ai'-ni-ki, if, or when, I sleep.
2.	,,	Ok-ai'-ni-ki, if, or when, you sleep.
3.	,,	Ok-a'-si, if, or when, he sleeps.
	" Poss.	Ok-a'-sai-e, if, or when, his - sleeps.

GRAMMAR.

sleep.

	•
1. Plural (excl.)	Ok-ai'-nan-i-ki, if, or when, we sleep.
1. , (incl.)	Ok-au'-ok-i, if, or when, we sleep.
2. ,,	Ok-a'-no-ai-ni-ki, if, or when, ye sleep
3. "	Ok-a'-sau, if, or when, they sleep.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
-	Negative.
1. Singular	Sau-ok-ai'-ni-ki.
2. ,,	Sau-ok-ai'-ni-ki.
3,,	Sau-ok-a'-si.
" Poss.	Sau-ok-a'-sai-e.
·1. Plural (excl.)	Sau-ok-zi-nan-i-ki.
	Sau-ok-au'-ok-i.
2. " •	Sau-ok-a'-no-ai-ni-ki.
3. "	Sa-ok-a'-sau.
•	
	PAST TENSE.
	Positive.
1. Singular	Nits-ok-a-o-pi, if I slept.
2. ' ,,	Kits-ok-a-o-pi, if you slept.
3, "	Ok-au-o-pi, if he slept.
" Poss.	
	Nits-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi, if we slept.
1. ,, (incl.)	Ok-a'-to-pi, if we slept.
2. ,	Kits-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi, if ye slept.
3. ", '	Ok-au-o-pi-au, if they slept.
,,	, in an o product, of most stocker.
	Negative.
1. Singular	Ni-kŭt'-ta-ok-a-o-pi.
2. "	Ki-kŭt'-ta-ok-a-o-pi.
3. ,,	Kŭt'-ta-ok-au-o-pi.
" Poss.	Kŭt'-ta-ok-au-o-pi-in-ai.
1. Plural (excl.)	Ni-kŭt'-ta-ok-a-pin-an-o-pi.
7	Treate

Kŭt'-ta-ok-a-to-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ok-a-pu-au-o-pi.

Kŭt'-ta-ok-au-o-pi-au.

(incl.)

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Mak'-ok-ai-ni-ki, if, or when, I shall sleep.

Negative.

1. Singular · Sau-ak'-ok-ai-ni-ki.

This tense is conjugated like the present of this mood, always prefixing mak- for the positive form, and sau-ak-for the negative.

Dubitative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

1.	Singul	ar	Nöks'-ka-kŭm-ok-a, perhaps I may sleep?
2.	"		Köks'-ka-kum-ok-a, perhaps you may sleep?
3.	,,		Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ok-au, perhaps he may sleep?
	,, .	Poss.	Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ok-ai-in-ai, perhaps his — may sleep?
1.	Plural :	(excl.)	Nöks'-ka-kum-ok-a-pin-an, perhaps we may sleep?
1.	"	(incl.)	Öks'-ka-kŭm-ok-au-op, perhaps we may sleep?
2.	"		Köks'-ka-kum-ok-a-pu-au, perhaps ye may sleep?
3.	, .		Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ok-ai-i-au, perhaps they may sleep?
			•

Negative.

1.	Singular	•	Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-a.
2.	,,		Köks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-a.
3.	"		Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-au.
	٠,,	Poss.	Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-ai-in-ai.

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- 1. Plural (excl.) Nöks'-ka-kum-sau-ok-a-pin-an.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Öks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-au-op.
- "Köks'-ka-küm-sau-ok-a-pu-au.
- 3. " Öks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ok-ai-i-au.

PRESENT CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular I-kum'-i-ok-ai-ni-ki, if so be that I sleep?

Negative.

1. Singular I-kum'-sau-ok-ai-ni-ki.

This tense is conjugated like the present tense of the conditional mood, always prefixing *i-kum'-i-* to the positive form, and *i-kum-sau-* to the negative.

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Maks-i-kum-i-ok-ai-ni-ki, if so be that I shall sleep?

Negative.

Singular Maks'-i-kŭm-sau-ok-ai-ni-ki.

This tense is conjugated like the previous one, maks-i-kŭm-i- being always prefixed to the positive form, and maks'-i-kŭm-sau- to the negative.

III. THE TRANSITIVE VERB.

The transitive verb has two distinct forms for expressing action, according as the object is of the animate or inanimate gender. Thus, for example, "I love it," "it" referring to an inanimate noun, is nit-ŭk'-o-me-tsip; but "I love him," is nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mau.

The inanimate form being the least complicated of the two, will be given first.

A. INANIMATE FORM.

There are three conjugations of the inanimate form of the transitive verb, known either by the enting of the third person singular, or by the second person singular of the imperative.

The third person singular endings are-

1st Conj. -tsim-ai-e, as, ük-o-me'-tsim-ai-e, he loves it.
2nd ,, -im-ai-e, ,, stün'-im-ai-e, he fears it.
3rd ,, -tom-ai-e, ,, au'-at-tom-ai-e, he eats it.

The endings of the imperative, second person singular are -

1st Conj. -tsit, as, ük-o-me'-tsit, love thou it.
2nd ,, -it, ,, stün'-it, fear thou it.
3rd ,, -toat, ,, au'-at-toat, eat thou it.

ngation.	
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l affixes	I to the little between the latest the lates
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	•

Indicative Mood. Indicative M	PRETIXES CONTOUN TO ALL CONJUGATIONS, ALL CONJUGATIONS, Mithit, All the hithing and future tenso present. The on otween the pronoit the porfect tense, the porfect tense,	Findicative Mood. Singular "" Poss. "" (inol.) kit. "" (inol.)	Tennisations of 2nd Conjugation of the insertion of the future.	Terwis, tross or 3nd Cox -top -tom-ein-ani -top-in-an -top-in-an -top-u-an -top-u-an -top-u-an -tom-i-au samo prefixes and he particles, which e sit- for the past -toat
3. ". 1. Plural (excl.) 1. " (incl.) 2. " 3. "	nok-ok-ûn-an-îsts- ok-ûn-an-îst- ân-an-îst- ûn-an-îsts-	-tsis -tsip-in-an -tsip -tsik -tsis-au	-18 -ip-in-an -ip -ik -18-uu	-top-in-an -top -top -tok

	-top -top- -tom-ni-e -tom-in-an -top-in-an -top-u-an -tom-i-au		-to-to-pi -to-to pi -ton-o-pi -top-in-a-ai -to-pi-an-o-pi -to-pu-an-o-pi -tom-o-pi -tom-o-pi
,	-ip -in-ai-o -im-in-ai -ip-in-an -ip-in-au -ipau -im-i-au	-ıp <i>ŭs-kak-</i> throughbu	i-to-pi i-to-pi im-o-pi im-o-pi-in-a-ai i-pi-nan-o-pi i-pu-nu-o-pi im-o-pi-nu-ai-e -ip
·.	ni-e -Th-a-ai in-an u-au	nicus-rak- Continue as present indicative, inserting <i>ŭs-kak-</i> throughôut.	hök-stait- kök-stait- kök-stait- ök-stait- ök-stait- ök-stait- ök-stait- ök-stait- ök-stait- kök-stait- kök-st
	nit-o-kot- kit-o-kot- i-kot- nit-o-kot- i-kót- kit-o-kot- i-kot-	nit-as-kak- ntinue as present ii 	nök-stait- kök-stait- ök-stait- ök-stait- ök-stait- ök-stait- kök-stait- ök-stait- åk-stait- åk-stait- åk-stait- åk-stait- ök-stait- åk-stait- åk-
Potential Mood.	1. Singular 2. " 3. " Poss. 1. Plural (excl.) 2. " 5. " 7. " (incl.) 2. " (incl.) 3. " (2ND FORM)	1. Singular Coj	PLOYERIEZOT TENER. 1. Singular 3. "Poss. 1. Plural (excl.) 2. "(incl.) 3. " revture tense (1st form) 1. Singular C.



4	s		BL	ACK	F O O'.	r GI	RAM	MAR,		٠.	•
	TERMINATIONS OF SHED GONJ.	₽ -dot	l from ak-ŭskak	ree _s e	-{n8-ni-0	-tos-ni-o -tos-ni-o -tos-ni-i	tos-in-an	tos-su-ni tos-suu-ni-o	•	-tom-in-i-ki -tom-in-i-ki	tos-sa-ai-i
	Terminations of 2nd Conj.	di-	Continue as present indicative, always inserting ak-'skak-, which is contracted from ak-ŭskak	,	-18-81	13.60	-Is-in-an-	-fa-su-ni -fa-suu-ni-o		-im-in-i-ki -im-in-i-ki	-i8-8i -ĭ8-8a-ai-i
	Terminations of 1st Conj.	-tsip	s insorting ak-'skak-		-1818-81	-tsis-si -tsis-si -tsis-so-oi-i	-tsis-kn-an	-tsĭs-su-ai -tsĭs-suu-ai-o	4	-tsim-in-i-ki -tsim-in-i-ki	-tsīs-sn-ni-i
	PREFIXES CONMON TO ALL CONJUGATIONS.	nit-ak-'skak-	t indicativo, alway		nok-	KOK- mök- mök-	. nok-	kök- . mök-		· .	•
		rytune rense (2nd fonn).	Continue as presen	Subjunctive Mood.	l. Singular	3. ". Poss.	1. Plural (exel.) 1. (incl.)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Conditional Mood.	1. Singular	8 Poss.

-{om-inan-i-ki -to-ki -tom-c-no-ai-ni-ki -tos-au-ai-o	-to-to-pi -to-to-pi -to-no-pi-in-a-ui -top-in-an-o-pi -to-to-pi -to-pu-au-o-pi -tom-o-pi-au-ai-o	Singular Singular This tense is conjugated like the present conditional, mak- is always to be prefixed to the root. Dubitative Mood.	-top -top -tom-ai-o -tom-in-a-ai -top-in-an -top -tom-i-au-aie
-im-in-an-i-ki -i-ki -im-e-no-ai-ni-ki -in-e-no-ai-ni-ki -is-au-ai-o	-i-i-to-pi -i-i-to-pi -im-o-pi-im-o-pi -ip-ipan-o-pi -i-pu-an-o-pi -i-pu-an-o-pi	-im-in-i-ki 	-ip -im-in-in-in-in-in-in-in-in-in-in-in-in-in-
-lsim-in-an-i-ki -lsi-ki -lsim-c-no-ai-ni-ki -tsis-au-at-o	-tsi-i-to-pi -tsi-i-to-pi -tsim-o-pi -tsim-o-pi-in-a-ni -tsip-ni-o-pi -tsi-to-pi -tsi-to-pi -tsim-o-pi -tsim-o-pi	-tsim-in-i-ki	-tsip -tsip -tsim-ai-e -tsip-in-an -tsip-in-an -tsip-u-au -tsim-i-au-aie
	nit- kut- nit- kif-	mik. igated like the pre	nots/-kn-kum- koks/-kn-kum- oks/-kn-kum- oks/-kn-kum- noks-kn-kum- öks-kn-kum- kóks-kn-kum-
1. Plumi (cxcl.) 1. " (incl.) 2. " 9 "" PAST TENSE.	1. Singular 2. " 3. ". Poss. 1. Plural (excl.) 1. " (incl.) 2. " 5. " rurune Tense.	1. Singular This tense is conji Dubitative Mood.	1. Singular 2. " "Poss. 7. 1. Phural (exel.) 1. " (incl.) 2. " 3. "

•	PREFIXES COMMON TO ALL CONJUGATIONS.	TERMINATIONS OF 18T CONJ.	TERMINATIONS OF -2ND CONJ.	TERMINATIONS OF 3RD CONJ.
PRESENT CONDITIONAL TENSE.			20	
1. Singular	i-kum-	-tsim-in-i-ki	-im-in-j.ki	-tom-in-i-ki
FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.		•	ľ	_
1. Singular	mak-i-kim-	-tsim-in-i-ki	-im-in-i ki	-tom-in-i-ki

CONJUGATION I.

Third Sing. Ŭk-o-me-tsim-ate, her loves it; Imperat. Ŭk-o-me'-tsit, love it.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

	a. 1		ATT. 431
1.	Singulo	lr	Nit-ŭk'-o-me-tsip, I love it.
2.	,,	,	Kit-ŭk'-o-me-tsip, thou lovest it.
3.	73	•	Ŭk'-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he loves it.
	19	Poss.	The state of the s
1.	Plural		Nit-ŭk'-o-me-tsip-in-an, we love it.
1.	17	(incl.)	Ŭk'-o-me-tsip, we love it.
2.	**		Kit-ŭk-o-me'-tsip-u-au, ye love it.
3.	>>		Ŭk'-o-me-tsim-i-au, they lore it.

Negative.

1.	Singula	ır	Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
2.	. ,,		Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
3.	,,		Mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats.
	17	Poss.	Mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-ats-in-a-ai.
1.	Plural	(excl.)	Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-a.
1.			Mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
2.	,,	, ,	Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au-a.
3.	**		Mat'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ax-au.

PAST TENSE.

1. Singular	Nit-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I loved it.
2., ,,	Kit-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you loved it.
3. "	It'-ŭk-o-me-t-îm-ai-e, he loved it.
Pos	s. It'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his him loved

بدره		BLAUKFUUT GRAMMAR.
		Nit-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we loved it.
1.	., (incl.)	• • •
2.	•1.	Kit-sit'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye loved it.
3,	,,	It'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au-ai-e, they loved it.
		Negative.
1,	Singular	Ni-mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
2.	33	Ki-mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
3,	,,	Mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats-ai-e.
	,, Poss	. Mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai.
1.	Plural (excl.)	Ni-mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-a.
1.	., (incl.)	Mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsip-ats.
2,	11	Ki-mat'-sit-uk-o-me-tsip-u-au-ats.
:;.	•,	Mat'-sit-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ax-au
	•	
	•	PERFECT TENSE.
	•	Positive.
1.	Singular .	Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I have loved it.
2.	,,	Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you have loved it.
3.	**	Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-teim-ai-e, he has loved it.
	" Poss	Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his — has
		loved it.
1.	Plural (excl.)	Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we have loved
	•	rit.
1.	" (incl.)	Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we have loved it.
2.	31	Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye have loved
		it.
3.	, A.F.	Kawk'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au, they have loved
	•	it.

1. Singular Ni-mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-a.
2. ,, Ki-mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-a.
3. ,, Mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsim-ats.

Poss. Mat-si-kaw k-o-me-tsim-ats-in-a-ai.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-in-an-a.
- Mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-a. 1. (incl.)
- 2. Ki-mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsip-u-au-a.
- 3. Mat-si-kaw'k-o-me-tsim-ax-au. ,,

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

- \1. Singular Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I will love it.
 - Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you will love it.
 - 3. Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he will love it.
 - Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his will love it.
 - 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we will love it.
 - (incl.) Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we will love it. 1.
 - 2.
 - Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye will love it.
 - Ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au, they will love it. 3.

Negative.

- 1. Singular Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
- Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a. 2.
- 3. Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats-ai-e.
- ' Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats-in-a-ai. Poss.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-a.
- (incl.) Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a. 1.
- 2. Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au-a.
- Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ax-au. 3.

Imperative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

- Ŭk-o-me'-tsit, love thou it. 2. Singular
 - Ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-me'-tsis, let him love it.

<u>.</u>	1.	Plural	(excl.)	Nök-ok-ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-me'-tsip-in-an,	let
	1. 2. 3.	"	(incl.)	us love it. Ŏk'-ŭn-an-īst-ŭk-o-me-tsip, let us love i Ŭk-o-me'-tsĭk, love ye it. Ŭn-an-ĭst-ŭk-o-me'-tsĭs-au, let them lov	
	·.	٠ ,		Negative.	
	3. 1. 1. 2.	Singule ,, Plural ,, ,,	(excl.)	Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tsit. Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tsis. Nŏk'-stan-ist-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an. Ŏk'-stan-ist-ŭk-o-me-tsip. Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tsik.	ņ
	3.	**	سسد	Pin-ŭk-o-me'-tsis-au.	
		F		Potential Mood.	 45
				PRESENT TENSE.	43
•				Positive.	
	2. 3.	Singul	Poss	love it.	car
.	1. 1. 2. 3.	,,	(incl.)	Nit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we can lor I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, we can love it Kit-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye can lov I-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au, they can lo	: e it
				Negative.	-
•	1. 2. 3.	Singul " ",	'ar P088	Ni-mat-o-kot'-ok-o-me-tsip-a. Ki-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a. Mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats. Mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats-in-a-ai	i .

BLACKFOOT GRAMMAR.

1.	Plural (excl.)	Ni-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o	-me-tsip-in-an-a.
----	----------------	--------------------	-------------------

- Mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a. (incl.)
- 2. Ki-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au-a.
- 3. Mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ax-au.

PRESENT TENSE (2ND FORM).

Positive.

- Nit-ŭs-kák'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I can love it. 1. Singular
- Kit-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip, you can love it. 2.
- Ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, he can love 3.

Ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, his -- can Poss. love it.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-us-kak'-uk-o-me-tsip-in-an, we can love
- (incl.) Us-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip/we can love it.
- Kit-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au, ye can love it. 2.
- Us-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au, they 3. love it.

Negative.

- Ni-mat-us-kak'-uk-o-me-tsip-a. 1. Singular
- Ki-mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.
- Mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ats. 3. Poss. Mat-us-kak'-uk-o-me-tsim-ats-in-a-ai.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-a.
- Mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a. 1. (incl.)
- Ki-mat-us-kak'-uk-o-me-tsip-u-au-a. 2.
- 3.
 - -Mat-us-kak'-uk-o-me-tsim-ax-au.

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Positive.

•			. I OSITIVO.
1. Si	ngul	ar	Nŏk-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi, I would have loved it.
2.	11		Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi, you would have loved it.
3.		:	Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsim-o-pi-ai-e, he would have loved it.
	,,	Poss.	Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-me-tism-o-pi-in-a-ai, his — would have loved it.
1. P	lural	(excl.)	Nŏk-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-opi, we would have loved it.
1.	"	(incl.)	Ök-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi, we would have loved it.
2.	"		Kok'-stait-uk-o-me-tsip-u-au-o-pi, ye would have loved it.
3. ' 	, ,,	•	Ŏk-stait-ŭk-o-me-tsim-o-pi-au-ai-e, they would have loved it.
	•		Negative.
1. Si	ացրե	ar	Nŏk-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi.
2.	٠٠,	6 25	Kök-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi.
·3.	٠,, ج	生生	Ök-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsim-o-pi-ai-e.
_	٠,	P.088	The same and o rate assume to by the a tall
	lural	(excl.)	
1.	"	(incl.)	k-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi.
. 2.	"	•	KŏR-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au-o-pi.
3.	"		Õk-stait-sau-ŭk-o-me-t-im-o-pi-au-ai-e.
	٠.		FUTURE TENSE.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

." 1. Singular Nit-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tsip, I shall be able to love it.

1. Singular Ni-mat-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-me-tsip-a.

Continue as the present indicative, always inserting

Subjunctive Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular	Nök-ük-o-me-tsis-si, that I may love it.
2. ,,	Kök-ŭk-o-me-tsis-si, that you may love it.
3. ,,	Mök-ŭk-o-me-tsis-si, that he may love it.
,, Poss.	Mok-uk-o-me-tsis-sa-ai-i, that his - may
	love it.
1. Plural (excl.)	Nök-ük-o-me-tsis-in-an, that we may love
` '	it.
1. ,, (incl.)	Ŏk-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-si, that we may love it.
2. "	Kok-uk-o-me-tsis-su-ai, that ye may
· , ··	love it.
3. "	Mök-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-saŭ-ai-e, that they may
	love it.

Negative.

1.	Singular	Nok-stai-ük-o-me-tsis-si.
2.	,,	Kŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-si.
3.	,,	Mŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-si.
	" Poss.	Mŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-sa-ai-i.
1.	Plural (excl.)	Nŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsĭs-ĭn-an.
1.		Ŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsis-si.
2.	"	Kŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsis-su-ai.
3.	"	Mŏk-stai-ŭk-o-me-tsīs-sau-ai-e.

2.

3.

1. 2.

3.

1. Singular

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Conditional Mood.
                       ADEFINITE TENSE.
                           Positive.
                       Uk-o-me'-tsim-in-i-ki, if, or when, -I-
                            like it.
                      Ŭk-o-me'-tsim-in-i-ki, if, or when, you
                            like it.
                      Uk-o-me'-tsis-si, if, or when, he likes it.
             Poss.
                      Ŭk-o-me'-tsis-sa-ai-i, if, or when, his -
                            likes it.
1. Plural (excl.)
                      Ŭk-o-me'-tsim-in-an-i-ki, if, or when, we
                            like it.
                       Ük-o-me'-tsi-ki, if, or when, we like it.
          (incl.)
                       Ŭk-o-me'-tsim-e-no-ai-ni-ki,
                            when, ye like it.
                       Ŭk-o-me'-tsis-sau-ai-e, if, or when, they
                          like it.
```

Negative.

1.	Singular	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsim-in-i-ki.
2.	,,	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsim-in-i-ki.
3.	,,	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsĭs-si.
	Poss.	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsĭs-sa-ai-i.
1.	Plural (excl.)	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsim-in-an-i-ki.
1.		Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsi-ki.
2.		Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsim-e-no-ai-ni-ki.
3.	,,	Sau-ŭk-o-me'-tsïs-sau-ai-e.

PAST TENSE.

1. S	ıngular		Nit-uk-o-me'-tsi-i-to-pi, if I loved it.
2.	"		Kit-ŭk-o-me'-tsi-i-topi, if you loved it.
3.	,,		Ŭk-o-me'-tsim-o-pi, if he loved it.
	27	Poss.	Ŭk-o-me'-tsim-o-pi-in-a-ai, if his —
	-	•	loved it.

1. Plural (excl.)	Nit-uk-o-me'-tsip-in-an-opi, if we	loved
	it.	

1. , (incl.) Ŭk-o-me'-tsi-to-pi, if we loved it.

Kit-ŭk-o-me'-tsip-u-au-o-pi, if ye-loved-

3. ,, Ŭk-o-me'-tsim-o-pi-au-ai-e, if they loved it.

Negative.

1. Singular · · Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me'-tsi	-to-pi.	
---	---------	--

2. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi.

3. " Kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tsim-o-pi.

" Poss. Kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-me-tsim-o-pi-in-a-ai.

1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an-o-pi.

1. " (incl.) Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-me-tsi-to-pi.

2. Ki-kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-me-tsi-pu-au-o-pi.

3. Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-me'-tsim-o-pi-au-ai-e.

FUTURE TENSE.

'Positive.

1. Singular Mak'-ŭk-o-me-tsīm-in-i-ki, if, or when, I shall love it.

Negative.

1. Singular Sau-ak'-ŭk-o-me-tsĭm-in-i-ki.

Continue as in present tense, conditional mood, always prefixing mak'-, to the positive, and sau'-ak'-, to the negative form.

Dubitative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

	2 002-0-7-0-
1. Singular	Noks'-ka-kum-uk-p-me-tsip, perhaps I lore
2	Kŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsip, perhaps you love it?
3.	Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e, perhaps he loves it?
. " Poss.	. Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai, per- haps his — loves it ?
1. Plural (excl.)	Nöks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsip-in-an, perhaps we love it?
1. ,, (incl.)	Öks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsip, perhaps we love it?
·2· ,, .	Köks'-ka-kum-uk-o-me-tsip-u-au, perhaps ye love it?
3. "	Öks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au-ai-e, per- haps they love it?
,	Negative.
1. Singular	Nŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip.
	Köks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip.
3. , ,,	Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsim-ai-e.
,, Poss.	Öks'-ka-kum-sau-uk-o-me-tsim-in-a-ai.
1. Plural (excl.)	Nŏka'-ka-kŭm sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip-ĭn-an.
	Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip.
	Köks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsip-u-au.
3. "	Öks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsim-i-au-ai-e.

BLACKFOOT GRAMMAR

CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

I-kum'-uk-o-me-tsim-in-i-ki, if so be that I love it?

Negative.

1-kum'-sau-uk-o-me-tsim-in-i-ki.

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

Maks-i-kum-uk-o-me-tsim-in-i-ki, if so be that I shall love it?

Negative.

Maks-i-kum-sau-ŭk-o-me-tsim-in-i-ki.

To be conjugated like the present tense of the conditional mood, with the prefixes as here given.

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(B.) THE ANIMATE FORM.

There are three conjugations of the animate form of the transitive verb, ending—in—the-third—person—singular, direct; in—

Conj. 1. in -i-u-ai-e. Conj. 2. in -tsi-u-ai-e. Conj. 3. in -yi-u-ai-e.

In the following pages a verb of conjugation 1 is given in full.

Conjugation 2 will be found to differ in general construction from conjugation 1, in the inverse form of the indicative mood, when a contraction takes place; thus, we have—

Conj. 1, Direct
Conj. 1, Inverse
Conj. 2, Direct
Conj. 2, Inverse
Conj. 2, Inverse
Conj. 2, Inverse
Conj. 3, Inverse
Conj. 4, Inverse
Conj. 6, Inverse
Conj. 6, Inverse
Conj. 7, Direct
Conj. 1, Inverse
Conj. 1, Inverse
Conj. 1, Inverse
Conj. 2, Direct
Conj. 2, Direct
Conj. 3, Conj. 2, Con

Here the plan of conjugation 1 is to affix k. The plan of conjugation 2 is to omit the last syllable, and affix k to the last syllable but one.

Conjugation 3 will always have the 2nd singular of the imperative mood end in os.

With these two things borne in mind, the following table will be found to be a good guide to the various prefixes and endings throughout all three conjugations.

TAI	BLE SHOWING THE	PREFIXES AND	ENDINGS OF	THE PRINCIPAL	TENSES OF	VERRS	TRANSITIVE	ANIMATE EC	18.3f

		 						·	·
		Alc "	Thee .	Him	His -	Us (excl.)	Us (incl.)	You	Them
	Indicative and Potential Moods.		1.20	,		·			***
	I Thou	, 1 1i	kit to the	nit—au	nit—ai-in-ai	34, 3, 1, 2,		kit-o-pu-au	nitai-au:
		kit_ki	kit_k	(ot—k-ai-c	/ vit—al-in-al_	kit—k-i-pin-an		·/ ·	kit—ai-au
•	IIe ´	nit—ķ	kit—o-pin-an	(—i-u-ai-e nit—-un-an	{ —l-u-al-e	nit—k-in-an	—k-i-u	kit—ko-au	→i-u-ax
	You .	kit—k-i-pu-au	Kit-o-pin-kn	kit—au-an	nit-un-an-in-ai	kit_k-i-pin-an -	1 .	71.—p.mu.a-1-au	nij - ûn-an-i-au kit - au-ax-au
	They	nit—k-i-au	kitk-i-au	—i-au-ai-e	. —i-au-ai-e	nit—k-in-an-i-au	-k-i-au	kit—k-o-ai-au	—i-au-ax
	Imperative Mood.								
ī	- thou	—ķit	,	—īs *	•	—k-in-an			. —is-au
	Let him Let us	in-an-ist_kit	1	un-an-ist—ös-ai-e un'-na-nök-ok-ün-ist—	}	,		•	ŭn-an-istŏs-ax
				ŭn-an			3 St		ŭn-na-nök-ok-ŭn-istŭn-an- i-an
	— ye Let them	· —kik		—ok ŭn-an-ist—ŏs-an-al-e		-k-in-an	1		-ok-au
			•	du-an-tst—os-au-ar-e	9	1	1. 1		fin-an-istòs-au-ax
	Potential Mood.		•				The second of	\.''m \.	-
	PLUPERFECT TENSE.	•					1 3		. ,
_	I would have Thou wouldst have	kŏk-stait—k~i-u-o-pi	kök-stait—to-pi	nök-stait—au-o-pi kök-stait—au-o-pi	nŏk-siait—an-o-pi-in-ai kŏk-stait—au-o-pi-in-ai	kök-stait—k-i-pin-an-o-pi		kõk-stait—pu-au-o-pi	nok-stait—au-o-pi-au
/	He would have	nok-stait—k-o-pi	kők-stait—k-o-pi	čk-stait-l-u-o-pi-ai-e	ŏk-stait—au-o-pi-in-ai	nők-stait—k-in-an-o-pi	ŏk'-staitk-i-op-au	kŏk-stait—k-o-au-o-pi	kŏk-stait—au-o-pi-au ŏk-stait—i-u-o-pi-ax
	We would have You would have	kok-stait—k-i-pu-au-opi	kōk-stait—pin-an-o-pi	nŏk-stait—un-an-o-pi kŏk-stait—au-au-o-pi	nök-stait—un-an-o-pi-in-ai kök-stait—au-au-o-pi-in-ai	kŏk-stait-k-i-pin-an-o-pi		kők-stait—pin-an-o-pl	něk-stait—ŭn-an-o-pi-au
	They would have	nok-stait-k-o-pi-au	kŏk-stait—k'-o-pi-au	i mok-stait-k-o-pi-au-ai-e	if ok-stait-k-o-pi-au-in-ai	nők-stait—k-iń-an-o-pi-au	ŏk-stait-k-i-op-i-au	To Mile adults to a sure out on	kok-stait-au-o-pi-au
	•	non-state-k-o-pi-ad	KOK-state—K-0-bi-au	čk-staiti-u-o-pi-au-ai-e	l ŏk-stait—i-u-o-pi-au-in-ai	HOK-stateK-til-an-o-pl-att	oz samt-z-rop-ruu	kŏk-stait—k-o-au-o-pl-au	ŏk-stait—i-u-o-pi-au-ax
	Subjunctive Mood.		•	_	• '	•	1 .		the s
	That I may That thou mayst	kŏk—ok-si	köko-si	nőkos-i kőkos-i	rok-os-ai-e	kŏk—k-sin-an	}	kökos-u-ai	něk—Se au
	That he may	nők—Is	kŏk—ĭs	mőki-ĭs, or,ŏs-i	mők—ïs-ai-e	nők—ĭs-in-an	ŏk—tain-an	kök_is-u-ai	kök—os-au mök—dis-ax, or,—ös-ax
	That we may That ye may	kŏk-k-su-au	kŏk-os-in-an	někos-in-an kěkos-an	nök—os-in-an-i kök—os-ai-ai-i	kök—ketin-au		kők—os-in-an	nők—os-in-an-ax kők—os-an
	That they may	nők—K-ax	kök—Is-ax	(mők—i-is-ax	mčk—os-au-ai	nök—Is-in-an-ax	ok—ts-au	kök—is-u-ai-ax	mok—i-ls-ax
		»: »:	. KUA-15-42	(, —ŏs-au-ai-e	Mon-08-84-81	1		KUE-13-U-41-UZ	(—ös-au-a≭
	Conditional Mood.	1		i				•	•
	INDEFINITE TENSE.	4	,	* , ** , * ,	^		. •		
	If, or when, I If,-or when, thou	—ki-e-ni-ki	—e-ni-ki	—ai-ni-ki —ai-ni-ki	ai-ni-ki-ai-e ai-ni-ki-ai-e	-k-in-an-i-ki	'	-al-no-al-ni-ki	—al-nl-kl-au —al-nl-kl-au
	If, or when, he .	—ts-e-ni-ki	-ts-e-ni-ki	ŭs-ai-e	- ŭs-sa-al-i	-ts-in-an-i-ki	!	_ts-e-no-al-ni-ki	—йs-ах
	If, or when, we	-ki-e-no-ai-ni-ki	-o-pin-an-i-ki	—ūn-an-i-ki —ai-no-e-ni-ki	—ŭn-an-i-ki-ai-e —ai-no-e-ni-ki-ai-e	-ki-e-no-ai-ni-ki		—ai-no-ai-ni-ki	—ŭn-an-i-ki-au —ai-no-e-ni-ki-au
	If; or when, they	—ts-e-ni-ki-au	-ts-e-ni-ki-au	-ŭs-an-si-e	—ŭs-au-a-ai	-k-18-81		ts-e-ni-ki-au	∫ 0s-ax
	PAST TENSE.		-w Al-au	·	**************************************		•		· l —us-au-lx
	If I If thou		kifo-to-pi	nit-au-o-pi		1.04 1.0 -dm	-	kit—pu-au-o-pi	nit-au-o-pi-au
	•	kit—k-l-to-pi	., , ,	kit-au-o-pi cot-k-o-pi-ai-e		kit-k-i-pin-an-o-pi	.	144 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	kit—au-o-pi-au f ot—k-o-pi-ax
	If he	nit—k-o-pi	kit—k-o-pi	i-u-o-pi-ai-e	i	nit—k-in-an-o-pi		kitk-o-au-o-pi	ii-u-o-pi-ax
	If we If you	kit_k-l-pu-au-p-pi	kitpin-au-o-pi	nit-un-an-o-pi kit-au-au-o-pi		kit-k-i-pin-an-o-pi		kit—pin-an-o-pi-au	nit — un-an-o-pi-au kit — au-au-o-pi-au
	If they	nit—k-0-pi-au	kit-k-o-pi-au	(i-u-o-pi-ax	j	nit-k-in-an-o-pi-au		kit-k-o-au-opi-au	-i-u-o-pi-su-sx
_				. [—i-u-o-pi-au-aie			<u> </u>		. ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;

* The Imperative 2 Sing., Conj. 2, ends in tsis. The Imperative 2 Sing., Conj. 3, ends in os.

Dubitative mood, present tense, follows the indicative mood, present tense, noks, ka, kum, etc., taking the place of nit, kit, etc. Conditional and future conditional tenses follow conditional mood, present tense, with prefixes as in verb.

00Т



BLACKFOOT GRAMMAR

CONJUGATION 1.

Ŭk-o-mim'-mi-u-ai-e, he loves him.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mau, I love him.

Kit-uk'-o-mim-mau, thou lovest him.

Uk'-o-mim-mi-u-ai-e, he loves him.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mu-an, we love him.

Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mau-aŭ, ye love him.

Ŭk'-o-mim-mi-au-ai-e, they love him.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ats. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ats. Mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ats-ai-e. Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-ats. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-ats. Mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ax-au-al-e. Or, Mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au'-ats-ai-e.

Positive.

Nit-uk'-o-mim-mai-au, I love them.
Kit-uk'-o-mim-mai-au, thou lovest them.
Uk'-o-mim-mi-u-ax, he loves them.
Nit-uk'-o-mim-mun-an-i-au, we love them.
Kit-uk'-o-mim-mau-ax-au, ye love them.
Uk'-o-mim-mi-au-ax, they love them.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au. Mat'-ŭk-o-m<u>ĭm</u>-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e.

BLACKFOOT GRAMMAR.

Ni-mat'-ŭk-o mīm-mŭn-an-ax-au. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mīm-mau-au-ax-au. Mat'-ŭk-o-mīm-mi-u-ax-au-ax. Or, Mat'-ŭk-o-mīm-mi-u'-ats-ax.*

INVERSE.

Positive.

Nit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok, he loves me.

Kit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok, he loves you.

Ot'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ai-e,

Ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ai-e,

he loves him.

Nit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an, he loves us.

Kit'-ŭk-ō-mĭm-mok-o-au, he loves you.

Ot'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-ai-au-ai-e,

Čk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-ax.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ats.
Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ats.
Mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ats-ai-e.
Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-ats.
Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-ats.
Mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ats-ax.

Positive.

Nit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-au, they love me.
Kit'-ŭk-i-mĭm-mok-i-au, they love you.
Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-au-ai-e, they love him.
Nit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-i-au, they love us.
Kit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-ai-au, they love you.
Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-au-ax, they love them.

* The two endings ats-ai-e and ax-au-ai-e, and their plurals, are interchangeable throughout.

Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mīm-mok-ax-au.
Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mīm-mok-ax-au.
Mat'-ŭk-o-mīm-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e.
Ni-mat'-ŭk-o-mīm-mok-in-an-ats.
Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mīm-mok-o-au-ats.
Mat'-ŭk-o-mīm-mi-u-ax-au-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS-DIRECT.

Positive.

Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mo, I love you. Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au, I love you (plu.). Kit-ŭk'-o-mĭm-mo-pin-an, we love you (sing. and plu.).

Negative.

Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mim-mo-pa. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mim-mo-pu-au-a. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mim-mo-pin-an-a.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Kit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i, you love me. Kit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pu-au, you (plu.) love me. Kit'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pin-an, you (sing. and plu.) love us.

Negative.

Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mim-mok-i-pa. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mim-mok-i-pu-au-a. Ki-mat'-ŭk-o-mim-mok-i-pin-an-a.

PERFECT TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mau, I have loved him.

Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mau, thou hast loved him.

I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-ai-e, he has loved him.

Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mau-un-an, we have loved him.

Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mau-au, ye have loved him.

I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-au-ai-e, they have loved him.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mau-ats.
Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mau-ats.
Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-ats-ai-e.
Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mun-an-ats.
Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mau-au-ats.
Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mi-au-ax-au-ai-e.

Positive. 🚁

Ni-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mai-au, I have loved them. Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mai-au, thou hast loved them. I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-n-ax, he has loved them. Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mu-an-i-au, we have loved them. Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mau-ax-au, ye have loved them. I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-au-ax, they have loved them.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au. Mat'-si kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e. Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mun-an-ax-au. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-ax-au. Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ax. INVERSE.

Positive.

Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mok, he has lored me.

Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mok, he has loved you.

. O-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mok-ai-e,) he has loved him. I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-ai-e,

Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mok-in-an, he has loved us.

· Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mok-o-au, he has loved you.

O-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-ai-au-ai-e, } he has loved them. I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-ax.

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Negative.

Ni-mat'-siekawk-ŭk-o-mim-mok-ats.

Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mok-ats. O-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mok-ats-ai-e,

Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-ats-ai-c,

Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mok-in-an-ats.

Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mok-o-au-ats.

Q-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mok-o-au-ax-au-ai-e Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mĭm-miculats-ax.

Positive

Ni-kawk'-uk-o-mim-mok-i-au, they have loved me. Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mok-i-au, they have loved you. I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mīm-mi-au-ai-e, they have loved him. Ni-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mok-in-an-i-an, they have loved us. Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mok-o-ai-au, they have loved you. I-kawk'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-au-ax, they have loved them.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mok-ax-au. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mok-ax-au. Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e. Ni-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mok-in-an-ats. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mim-mok-o-au-ats. Mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-J-mim-mi-u-ax-au-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS-DIRECT.

Positive.

Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo, I hare loved you. Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au, I hare loved you (plu.). Ki-kawk'-ŭk-o-mīm-mo-pĭn-an, we have loved you (sing. and plu.).

–Negative.−

Ki-mat'-si-kawk-iff-o-mim-mo-pa.

Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ik-o-mim-mo-pu-au-a.

Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ik-o-mim-mo-pin-an-a.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Ki-kawk l-ük-o-mīm-mok-i, you hare loved me.
Ki-kawk - ük-o-mīm-mok-i-pu-au, you (plu.) have loved me.
Ki-kawk - ük-o-mīm-mok-i-pin-an, you (sing. and plu.) have
luved us.

Negative.

. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mīm-mok-i-pa. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mīm-mok-i-pu-au-a. Ki-mat'-si-kawk-ŭk-o-mīm-mok-i-pīn-an-a.

FUTURE TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Nit-ak'-ūk-o-mīm-mau, I will love him.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mīm-mau, thou wilt love him.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mīm-mi-u-ai-e, he will love him.
Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mīm-mūn-an, we will love him.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mīm-mau-au, ye will love him.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mīm-mi-au-ai-e, they will love him.

Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mau-ats.
Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mau-ats.
Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mi-u-ats-ai-e.
Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mūn-an-ats.
Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mau-au-ats.
—_Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mi-au-ax-au-ai-e.

Positive.

Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mai-au, I will love them.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭyn-mai-au, thou wilt love them.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax, he will love them.
Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-i-au, ve will love them.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au, ye will love them.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ax, they will love them.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au.
Ki-mau'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-ax-au.
Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e.
Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-ax-au.
Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-ax-au.
Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax-au-ax.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok, he will love me.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok, he will love you.
Ot-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ai-e, } he will love him.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ai-e, } he will love him.
Nit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an, he will love,us.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au, he will love you.
Ot-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-ai-au-ai-e, } he will love them.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ax.

Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mok-ats.
Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mok-ats.
O-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mok-ats-ai-e,
Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mi-u-ats-ai-e,
Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mok-in-au-ats.
Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mok-o-au-ats.
Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mīm-mi-u-ats-ax.

Positive.

Nit-ak'-ūk-o-mīm-mok-i-au, they will love me.
Kit-ak'-ūk-o-mīm-mok-i-au, the will love you.
Ak'-ŭk-o-mīm-mi-au-ai-e, they will love him.
Nit-ak'-ūk-o-mīm-mok-in-an-i-au, they will love us.
Kit-ak'-ūk-o-mīm-mok-o-ai-au, they will love you.
Ak'-ūk-o-mīm'-mi-au-ax, they will love them.

Negative.

Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mok-ax-au.
Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mok-ax-au.
Mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e.
Ni-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mok-in-an-ats,
Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mok-o-au-ats.
Mat'-âk-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-ax-au-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS—DIRECT.

Positive.

Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mim-mo, I will love you.
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mim-mo-pu-au, I will love you (plu.).
Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mim-mo-pin-an, we will love you (sing. and plu.)

Negative.

Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mo-pa. Ki mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mo-pu-au-a. Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mo-pin-an-a.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i, you will love me. Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pu-au, you (plu.) will love me. Kit-ak'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pin-an, you (sing. and plu.) will love us.

Negative.

Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mok-i-pa. Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mok-i-pu-au-a. Ki-mat'-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mok-i-pin-an-a.

Imperative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

Ūk-o-mim'-mis, love thou him.

Ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-mim'-mŏs-ai-e, let him love him.

Ŭn'-na-nŏk-ok-ŭn-ist'-ŭk-o-mim-mŭn-an, let us love him.

Ŭk-o-mim'-mok, love ye him.

Ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-mim'-mŏs-au-ai-e, let them love him.

Negative.

Pin-ik-o-mim'-mis.
Pin-ŭk-o-mim'-miŏs-ai-e.
Nok'-stau-ŭk-o-mim-mŭn-an.
Pin-ŭk-o-mim'-mok.
Pin-ŭk-o-mim'-mos-au-ai-e.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mis-au, love thou them. Ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŏs-ax, let him love them. Ŭn'-na-nŏk-ok-ŭn-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-i-au, let us love them. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-au, love ye them. Ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŏs-au-ax, let them love them.

Pin-ŭk'-o-mīm-mīs-au. Pin-ŭk-o-mīm'-mŏs-ax. Nŏk'-stau-ŭk-o-mīm-mŭn-an-i-au. Pin-ŭk-o-mīm'-mok-au. Pin-ŭk-o-mīm'-mŏs-au-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mim'-mok-it, love thou me. Ŭk-o-mim'-mok-in-an, love thou us. Ŭk-o-mim'-mok-ik, love ye me. Ŭk-o-mim'-mok-in-an, love ye us.

Negative.

Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-it. Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-īn-an. Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-ik. Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-in-an.

Potential Mood.

PRESENT TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Nit'-o-kot-ŭk-o-mim-mau, I can love him.
Kit'-o-kot-ŭk-o-mim-mau, you can love him.
I-kot'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-ni-e, he can love him.
Nit'-o-kot-ŭk-o-mim-min-an, we can love him.
Kit'-o-kot-ŭk-o-mim-man-au, ye can love him.
I-kot'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-au-ai-e, they can love him.

BLACKFOOT GRAMMAR.

Negative.

·Ni-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mim-mau-ats.

Ki-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mim-mau-ats.

Mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-ù-ats-ai-e. Ni-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mim-min-an-ats.

Ki-mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mim-mau-au-ats.

Mat-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mim-mikau-ax-au-ai-e.

ANOTHER FORM OF PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-us'-kak-uk-o-mim-mau, I can love him. 'Kit-us'-kak-uk-o-mim-mau, you can love him.

Ŭs'-kak-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-ai-e, he can love him. Nit-ŭs'-kak-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an, we can love him.

Kit-ŭs'-kak-ŭk-o-mim-mau-au, ye can love him. Ŭs'-kak-ŭk-o-mim-mi-au-ai-e, they can love him.

Negative.

Ni-mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-mim-mau-ats. Ki-mat-ns-kak'-nk-o-min-mau-ats. Mat-us-kak'-uk-o-mim-mi-u-ats-ai-e. Ni-mat-us-kak'-uk-o-mim-mun-an-ats. Ki-mat-us-kak'-uk-o-mim-mau-au-ats. Mat-ŭs-kak'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-ax-au-ai-e

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-ak'-o-kot-uk-o-mim-mau, I shall be able to love him. Nit-ak'-us-kak-uk-o-mim-mau, I shall be able to love him.

Negative.

Ni-mat-ak-o-kot'-ŭk-o-mim-mau-ats. Ni-mat-ak-us-kak'-uk-o-mim-mau-ats:

2,

The foregoing tenses of the potential mood are all conjugated with prefixes and affixes exactly like the present indicative. Care must be taken always to insert the distinguishing particles before the root of the verb.

PLUPERFECT TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Nök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi, I would have loved him.
Kök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi, you would have loved him.
Ök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e, he would have loved him.
Nök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-o-pi, we would have loved him.
Kök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi, ye would have loved him.
Ök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-au-ai-e, they would have loved him.

Negative.

Nŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi.
Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi.
Ŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e.
Nŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mūn-an-o-pi.
Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi.
Ŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-au-ai-e.

Positive.

Nök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au, I would have loved them. Kök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au, you would have loved them. Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ax, he would have loved them. Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-o-pi-au, we would have loved them.

Kök'-stait-ŭk-o-mim-mau-au-o-pi-au, ye would have loved them.

Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax, .they would have loved them.

Nŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au.
Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au.
Ŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ax.
Nŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mun-an-o-pi-au.
Kōk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi-au.
Ŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Nök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi, he would have loved me.

Kök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi, he would have loved you.

Mŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-ai-e, he would have loved

Ök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e, him.

Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-o-pi, he would have loved us.

Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi, he would have loved you.

Ök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ax, he would have loved them.

Negative.

Nök'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi.
Kök'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-ai-e, }
Ök'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e, }
Nök'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-o-pi.
Kök'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi.
Ök'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ax.

Positive.

Nŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mim-mok-o-pi-au, they would have loved me. Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mim-mok-o-pi-au, they would have loved you. Mŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mim-mok-o-pi-au-ai-e, they would have Ok'-stait-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-o-pi-au-ai-e, loved him. Nök'-stait-ŭk-o-mim-mok-in-an-o-pi-au, they would have loved us.

Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi-au, they would have loved you.

Ŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax, they would have loved them.

Negative.

Nök'-stait-sau-ūk-o-mim-mok-o-pi-au.
Kök'-stait-sau-ūk-o-mim-mok-o-pi-au.
Mök'-stait-sau-ūk-o-mim-mok-o-pi-au-ai-e, }
Ök'-stait-sau-ūk-o-mim-mi-u-o-pi-au-ai-e, }
Nŏk'-stait-sau-ūk-o-mim-mok-in-an-o-pi-au.
Kŏk'-stait-sau-ūk-o-mim-mok-o-au-o-pi-au.
Ök'-stait-sau-ūk-o-mim-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS - DIRECT.

Positive.

Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-to-pi, I would have loved you. Kŏk'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-pu-au-o-pi, I would have loved

you (plu.).

Kok'-stait-uk-o-mim-mo-pin-an-o-pi, we would have loved _ you (sing. and plu.).

Negative.

Kök'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mīm-mo-to-pi. Kök'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mīm-mo-pu-au-o-pi. Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mīm-mo-pīn-an-o-pi.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Kök'-stait-ük-o-mim-mok-i-u-o-pi, you woull have loved me. Kök'-stait-ük-o-mim-mok-i-pu-au-o-pi, you (plu.) would have loved me.

Kök'-stait-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pin-an-o-pi, you (sing. and plu.) would have loved us.

Kök'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-u-o-pi. Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pu-au-o-pi. Kŏk'-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-i-pin-an-o-pi.

Another form of this tense is in use, in which nis-ta, kis-ta-, is-ta-take the place of nok-stait-, kok-stait-, ok-stait-.

Subjunctive Mood.

PRESENT AND PAST TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Nök'-ük-o-mīm-mŏs-i, that I may, or might, love him.
Kök'-ŭk-o-mīm-mŏs-i, that you may, or might, love him.
Mŏk'-ŭk-o-mīm-mŏs-i, that he may, or might, love him.
Nŏk'-ŭk-o-mīm-mŏs-in-an, that we may, or might, love him.
Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mīm-mŏs-au, that ye may, or might, love him.
Mŏk'-ŭk-o-mīm-mŏs-au-ai-e, that they may, or might, love him.

Negative.

Nök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mös-i. Kök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mös-i. Mök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mös-i. Nök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mös-in-an. Kök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mös-au. Mök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mös-au-ai-e.

Positive.

Nök'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mös-au, that I may, or might, love them.

Kök'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mös-au, that you may, or might, love them.

Mŏk'-ŭk-o-nĭm-mŏs-ax, that he may, or might, love them.

Nŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŏs-ĭn-an-ax, that we may, or might, love them.

Kök'-ŭk-o-mim-mös-au, that ye may, or might, live them. Mök'-ŭk-o-mim-mös-au-ax, that they may, or might, love them.

BLACKFOOT GRAMMAR.

Negative.

Nök-stai'-ük-o-mim-mös-au.
Kök-stai'-ük-o-mim-mös-au.
Mök-stai'-ük-o-mim-mös-ax.
Nök-stai'-ük-o-mim-mös-in-an-ax.
Kök-stai'-ük-o-mim-mös-au.
Mök-stai'-ük-o-mim-mös-au-ax.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Nök'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-is, that he may, or might, love me. Kök'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-is, that he may, or might, love you. Mök'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-is, that he may, or might, love him. Nök'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-is-in-an, that he may, or might, love us. Kök'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-is-u-ai, that he may, or might, love you. Mök'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-is-ax, that he may, or might, love themi-

Negative.

Nŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-īs. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-īs. Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-īs. Nŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-īs-in-an. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-īs-u-ai. Mŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-īs-ax.

Positive.

Nŏk'-ūk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax, that they may, or might, love me. Kŏk'-ūk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax, that they may, or might, love you. Mŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax, that they may, or might, love him. Nŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ĭn-an-ax, that they may, or might, love us. Kŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-u-ai-ax, that they may, or might, love you. Mŏk'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-ĭs-ax, that they may, or might, love them.

Nök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-is-ax. Kök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-is-ax. Mök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-is-ax. Nök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-is-in-an-ax. Kök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-is-u-ai-ax. Mök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mi-is-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS-DIRECT.

Positive.

Kök'-ŭk-o-mim-mo-si, that I may, or might, love you.

Kök'-ŭk-o-mim-mos-u-ai, that I may, or might, love you (plu.).

Kök'-ŭk-o-mim-mos-in-an, that we may, or might, love you (sing. and plu.).

Negative.

Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-si. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-o-ai. Kŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-in-au.

INVERSE.

Kök'-ŭk-o-mim-mok-si, that you may, or might, love me.

Kök'-ŭk-o-mim-mok-su-ai, that you (plu) may, or might, love me.

Kok'-uk-o-mim-mok-sin-an, that you (sing. and plu.) may, or might, love us.

Negative.

Kök-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-si. Kök-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-su-ai. Kök-stai'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-sin-an.

Conditional Mood.

INDEFINITE TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mim'-mai-ni-ki, if I, or you, love him. Ŭk-o-mim'-mŭs-ai-e, if he loves him. Ŭk-o-mim'-mŭn-an-i-ki, if we love him. Ŭk-o-mim'-mai-no-e-ni-ki, if ye love him. Ŭk-o-mim'-mŭs-au-ai-e, if they love him.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mai-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ai-e. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭn-an-i-ki. Sau-ŭk-ō-mĭm'-mai-no-e-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-au-ai-e.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mim'-mai-ni-ki-au, if I, or you, love them. Ŭk-o-mim'-mus-ax, if he loves them. Ŭk-o-mim'-mun-an-i-ki-au, if we love them. Ŭk-o-mim'-mai-no-e-ni-ki-au, if ye love them. Ŭk-o-mim'-mus-au-ax, if they love them.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mim'-mai-ni-ki-au.
Sau-ŭk-o-mim'-mŭs-ax.
Sau-ŭk-o-nim'-mŭn-an-i-ki-au.
Sau-ŭk-o-mim'-mai-no-e-ni-ki-au.
Sau-ŭk-o-mim'-mŭs-au-ax.

INVERSĖ.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-e-ni-ki, if he loves me, or you. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ai-e, if he loves him. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-in-an-i-ki, if he loves us. Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-e-no-ai-ni-ki, if he loves you (plu:). Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ax, if he loves them.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-e-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ai-e. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-ĭn-an-i-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mots-e-no-ai-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mŭs-ax.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mim'-mots-e-ni-ki-au, if they love me, or you. Ŭk-o-mim'-mŭs-au-ai-e, if they love him. Ŭk-o-mim'-mok-is-si, if they love us. Ŭk-o-mim'-mots-e-ni-ki-au, if they love you (plu.). Ŭk-o-mim'-mŭs-au-ax, if they love them.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mim'-mots-e-ni-ki-au. Sau-ŭk-o-mim'-mŭs-au-ai-e. Sau-ŭk-o-mim'-mok-is-si. Sau-ŭk-o-mim'-mots-e-ni-ki-au. Sau-ŭk-o-mim'-mŭs-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS-DIRECT.

Positive.

Ük-o-mim'-mo-e-ni-ki, if I love you.

Ük-o-mim'-mo-ai-no-ai-ni-ki, if I love you (plu.).

Ük-o-mim'-mo pin-an-i-ki, if we love you.

Ük-o-mim'-mo-ai-no-ai-ni-ki, if we love you (plu.).

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-e-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-ai-no-ai-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-pĭn-an-i-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-ai-no-ai-ni-ki.

INVERSE.

·Positive.

Ŭk-o-mim'-mok-i-e-ni-ki, if thou lovest me. Ŭk-o-mim'-mok-i-e-no-ai-ni-ki, if ye love me. Ŭk-o-mim'-mok-in-an-i-ki, if thou lovest us. Čk-o-mim'-mok-i-e-no-ai-ni-ki, if ye love us.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-i-e-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-i-e-no-ai-ni-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-i-ĭn-an-i-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mok-i-e-no-ai-ni-ki.

PAST TENSE-DIRECT.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mau-o-pi, if I loved him.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mau-o-pi, if you loved him.
Ŭk-o-mim'-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e, if he loved him.
Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mun-an-o-pi, if we loved him.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mau-au-o-pi, if ye loved him.
Ŭk-o-mim'-mi-u-o-pi-au-ai-e, if they loved him.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi.
Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi.
Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e.
Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mŭn-an-o-pi.
Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi.
Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mim'-mi-u-o-pi-au-ai-e.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mau-o-pi-au, if I loved them.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mau-o-pi-au, if you loved them.
Ŭk-o-mim'-mi-u-o-pi-ax, if he loved them.
Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mun-an-o-pi-au, if we loved them.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mau-au-o-pi-au, if ye loved them.
Ŭk-o-mim'-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax, if they loved them.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-o-pi-au. Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ax. Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mūn-an-o-pi-au. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au-o-pi-au. Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax.

INVERSE.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mok-o-pi, if he loved me.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mok-o-pi, if he loved you.

Ŭk-o-mim'-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e, if he loved him.
Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mok-in-an-o-pi, if he loved us.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mok-o-au-o-pi, if he loved you.

Ŭk-o-mim'-mi-u-o-pi-ax, if he loved them.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi. Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-o-pi-ai-e. Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-in-an-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi. Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ax.

BLACKFOOT GRAMMAR.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mok-o-pi-au, if they loved me.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mok-o-pi-au, if they loved you.

Ŭk-o-mim'-mi-u-o-pi-ax, if they loved him.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mok-in-an-o-pi-au, if they loved us.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mok-o-au-o-pi-au, if they loved you.

Ŭk-o-mim'-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax, if they loved them.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-au.
Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-o-pi-au.
Kŭt-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-ax.
Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mok-ĭn-an-o-pi-au.
Ki-kŭt'-ta-uk-ó-mĭm-mok-o-au-o-pi-au.
Kut-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mi-u-o-pi-au-ax.

FIRST AND SECOND PERSONS—DIRECT.
Positive.

Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mo-to-pi, if I loved you.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mo-pu-au-o-pi, if I loved you (plu.).
Kit-ŭk'-o-mim-mo-pin-an-o-pi, if we loved you (sing. and plu.).

Negative.

Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mim-mo-to-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mim-mo-pu-au-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mim-mo-pin-an-o-pi.

INVERSE. -

Kit-ŭk'-o-mim'-mok-i-to-pi, if you loved me.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mim'-mok-i-pu-au-o-pi, if you (plu.) loved me.
Kit-ŭk'-o-mim'-mok-i-pin-an-o-pi, if you (sing. and plu.)
loved us.

Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mim-mok-i-to-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-uk-o-mim-mok-i-pu-au-o-pi. Ki-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mim-mok-i-pin-an-o-pi.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

Mak-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mai-ni-ki, if I shall love him.

Negative.

Sau-ák'-úk-o-mim-mai-ni-ki.

This tense is conjugated the same as the present tense of this mood, mak- always being prefixed to the positive; and sau-ak- to the negative.



Dubititive Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

Nöks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, it may be that I love him? Köks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau, it may be that you love him? Öks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-u-ai-é, it may be that he love; him?

Nöks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mun-an, it may be that ve love him? Köks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mau-au, it may be that ye love him? Ŏks'-ka-kŭm-ŭk-o-mĭm-mi-au-ai-e, it may be that they love him?

Negative.

Nöks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mim-mau.
Köks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mim-mau.
Öks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mim-mi-u-ai-e.
Nöks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mim-mau-au.
Köks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mim-mau-au.
Öks'-ka-kŭm-sau-ŭk-o-mim-mi-au-ai-e.



BLACKFOOT GRAMMAR.

To conjugate the whole of this tense follow the present indicative positive, and prefix nöks-ka-kum-, köks-ka-kum-, and öks-ka-kum-, to the root in place of the pronouns nit- and kit- for the positive, and insert sau as above for the negative form.

CONDITIONAL TENSE.

· Positive.

I-kum uk-o-mim-mai-ni-ki, if I love him?

Negative.

I-kum'-sau-uk-o-mim-mai-ni-ki.

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

Maks-i-kum-uk-o-mim-mai-ni-ki, if I shall love him?

Negative.

Maks-i-kum-sau-uk-o-mim-mai-ni-ki.

These two tenses are conjugated exactly the same as the indefinite, conditional, care being taken to prefix the distinguishing particles as given here.

PASSIVE VOICE.

The 1st singular, present tense, of the passive voice is formed from the inverse form of the transitive verb, animate form, by adding o to the "he—me" form; thus—

Nit-six-i-pok, he bit me; nit-six-i-pok-o, I am bitten.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

1.	Singul	a r		Nit-six-i-pok-o, I am bitten.
2.	"			Kit-six-i-pok-o, you are bitten.
3.	79	an.		. Six-i-pau, he is bitten.
	, ,,	inan.		Six-tsip, it is bitten.
	"	Poss.	an.	Six-i-pai-in-a-ai, his, him is bitten.
	,,	,,	inan.	Six-tsip-ai-e, his, it is bitten.
1.	Plural	(excl.)		Nit-six-i-puts-pin-an, we are bitten.
1.	,,	(incl.)		Six-i-puts-pa, we are bitten.
2.	17			Kit-six-i-pok-o-au, ye are bitten.
3.	"	an.		Six-i-pai-au, they are bitten.
	"	inan.		Six-tsip-i-au, they are bitten.

Negative.

1.	Singule	ar		Ni-mat-six-i-pok-o'-a.
2.	. ,,			Ki-mat-six-i-pok-o'-a.
3.	,,,	an.		Mat-six-i-pau'-a,
	,,	inan.		Mat-six-tsip'-ats.
	"	Poss.	an.	Mat-six-i-pau'-ats-in-a-ai.
	"	"	inan.	Mat-six-tsip'-ats-ai-e.
1.	Plural	(excl.)	٠	Ni-mat-six-i-puts-pin-an-a.
2.	,,	(incl.)		Mat-six-i-puts-pa.
3.	"	•		Ki-mat-six-i-pok-o-au-a.
3.	,	an.		Mat-six-i-pau'-ax-au.
	"	inan.		Mat-six-tsip'-ĕsts.

1. Singular

PERFECT TENSE.

			Positive.
1.	Singular	r	Ni-kai'-six-i-pok-o, I have been bitten.
2.	••		Ki-kai'-six-i-pok-o, you have been
	**		bitten.
3.	••	an. .	Ek-ai-six-i-pau, he has been bitten.
s	,,	inan.	Ek-ai-six-tsip, it has been bitten.
	79	Poss. 6	an. Ek-ai-six-i-pai-in-a-ai, his, him has been bitten.
		i	inanEk-ai-six-tsip-ai-e,-his,-it-has-been
			bitten.
1.	Plural	(cxcl.)	Ni-kai'-six-i-puts-pin-an, we have
		` ,	been bitten.
1.	• ••	(incl.)	Ek-ai-six-i-puts-pi, we have been
	7	` ,	bitten.
2.	. ,,		Ki-kai'-six-i-pok-o-au, ye have been
			bitten.
3.	٠,	an.	Ek-ai-six-ai-pai-au, they have been bitten.
	17	inan.	Ek-ai-six-tsip-i-au, they have been
	•		bitten.
			·
			Negative.
1	. Singule	ır ·	Ni-mats-ek-ai-sĭx-i-pok-o-a.
2	,		Ki-mats-ek-ai-six-i-pok-o-a.
	**	an.	Mats-ek-ai-six-i-pau-a,
	٠,	inan.	Mats-ek-ai-six-tsip-ats.
	,,	Poss.	
	**	**	inan. Mats-ek-ai-six-tsip'-ats-ai-e.
1	. Plural	(excl.)	Ni-mats-ek-ai-six-i-puts-pin-an-a.
1	. ,, .	(incl.)	Mats-ek-ai-six-i-puts-pa.
2	. ,,	;	Ki-mats-ek-ai-six-i-pok-o-au-a.
3	. ,,	an.	Mats-ek-ai-six-i-pau-ax-au.
	"	inan.	Mats-ek-ai-six-tsip'-ĕsts.
			•

BLACKFOOT GRAMMAR.

FUTURE TENSE

Positive.

1. Singular Nit-ai-ak-six-i-pok-o, I shall be bitten.

Negative.

Ni-mat-ak-six-i-pok-o-a.

Conditional Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

1.	Singula	r	N	Tit-six-i-pok-o-o-pi, if I am bitten.
2.	27 ·		K	it-six-i-pok-o-o-pi, if you are bitten.
3.	,,	an.		Six-i-pau'-o-pi, if he is hitten.
	٠,,	inan.		Six-tsi'-to-pi, if it is bitten.
	,,	Poss.	an.	Six-i-pau'-op-in-a-ai, if his, him are bitten.
	"	"	inan.	Six-tsi'-to-pi-ai-e, if his, it are bitten.
1.	Plural	(excl.)	.]	Nit-six-i-puts-pin-an-o-pi, if we are bitten.
1.	,,	(incl.)		Six-i-puts'-to-pi, if we are bitten.
2.	, ,, ,	•]	Kit-six-i-pok-au-o-pi, if ye are bitten.
3.	**	an.		Six-i-pau'-o-pi-au, if they are bitten.
•	"	inan.		Six-tsi'-to-pi-au, if they are bitten.
				Negative.
1.	Singula	r _.	. N	i-kŭt'-tai-six-i-pok-o-o-pi.
2.	"		K	i-kŭt'-tai-six-i-pok-o-o-pi.
3.	"	an.	٠	Kŭt'-tai-six-i-pau'-o-pi.
	**	inan.		Kŭt-tai-six-tsi-to-pi.
	**	Poss.	an.	Kŭt-tai-six-i-pau-op-in-a-ai.
	"	"	inan.	Kŭt-tai-six-tsi-to-pi-ai-e.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Ni-kut-tai-six-i-puts-pin-an-o-pi.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Kŭt'-tai-six-i-puts'-to-pi.
- 2. " Ki-kŭt-tai-six-i-pok-au-o-pi.
- 3. , an. Kut-tai-six-i-pau-o-pi-au.
 - " inan. Kŭt-tai-six-tsi-to-pi-au.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

1. Singular Nit-ai-ak-six-i-pok-o-o-pi, if I shall be bitten.

Negative.__

Ni-kŭt'-tai-ak-six-i-pok-o-o-pi.

All the other tenses can be easily formed, by prefixing the distinguishing particles to the root.

REFLECTIVE FORM.

The reflective form of the verb follows the first conjugation of the intransitive verb. The third person singular always ends in si-u.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

- 1. Singular Nit-ŭk-o-mim-mo-si, I love myself.
- 2. " Kit-ŭk-o-mim-mo-si, you love yourself.
- 3. " Ük-o-mim-mo-si-u, he loves himself. " Poss. Ük-o-mim-mo-si-in-ai, his, him loves himself.
- 1. Plural (excl.) Nit-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pin-an, we love ourselves.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŭk-o-mim-mos-op, we love ourselves.
- 2. " Kit-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pu-au, ye love yourselves.
- 3. ,, Ük-o-mim-mos-i-au, they love themselves.

1. Singular	Ni-mat-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pa.
2. "	Ki-mat-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pa.
3.,	Mat-ŭk-o-mim-mos-i-u-ats.
. ,, Poss.	Mat-ŭk-o-mim-mos-i-u-ats-in-ai.
1. Plural (excl.)	Ni-mat-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pin-an-a.
1. ,, (incl.)	Mat-ŭk-o-mim-mos-op-a.
2. "	Ki-mat-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pu-au-a.
3. "	Mat-ŭk-o-mim-mos-i-au-ax-au.

The other tenses are conjugated in the same way. The tense particles must be inserted before the root of the verb, as in the first conjugation of the intransitive verb.

Imperative Mood.

Positive.

2. Singular	Ŭk-o-mim'-mos-it, love yourself.
3. "	Ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mos-i, let him love himself.
1. Plural (excl.)	Ŭn-ni-nŏk'-ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pin- an, let us love ourselves.
1. " (incl.)	Ŭn-ni-nŏk-ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-op, let us love ourselves.
2. ,,	Ŭk-o-mĭm'-mos-ik, love ye yourselves.
3. "	Ŭn-an-ist-ŭk-o-mim'-mos-au, let them love themselves.

Negative.

2. Singular	Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mos-it.
3. "	·Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mos-i.
1. Plural (excl.)	Nŏk-stau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-pĭn-an.
1. ,, (incl.)	Ŏk-stau-ŭk-o-mim-mos-op.
2. "	Pin-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-ik.
3	Pin-ŭk-o-mim-mos-au



Subjunctive Mood.

PRESENT AND PAST TENSE.

Positive.

1. Sings	lar Nök-ük-o-mim-mos-i, that I may, or might,
	love myself.
2. ,,	Kök-ük-o-mīm-mos-i, that you may, or might,
	love yourself.
3	Mök-ŭk-o-nim-mos-ai-e, that he may, or

Poss. Mök-ük-o-mim-mos-i-in-ai, that he may, or might, love himself.

might, love himself.

 Plural (excl.) Nök-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pin-an, that we may, or might, love ourselves.

1. " (incl.) Õk-ŭk-o-mim-mos-o-is-si, that we may, or might, love ourselves.

Kŏk-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pu-au, that ye may, or might, love yourselves.

Mök-ük-o-mim-mos-au, that they may, or might, love themselves.

Negative.

1. Singular.			Nŏk'-stai-ŭk-o-mīm-mos-i.
2.	'),		Kök-stai-ŭk-o-mim-mos-i.
3.	"		Mŏk-stai-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-ai-e.
	,,	Poss.	Mŏk-stai-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-i-in-ia.
1.	Plural	(excl.)	Nök-stai-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pin-an.
1.	33	(incl.)	Ŏk-stai-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-o-ĭs-si.
2.		` '	Kök-stai-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pu-au.
3.			Měk-stai-ŭk-o-mim-mos-au.

Potential Mood.

PRESENT , TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-o-kot-ŭk-o-mim-mos-i, I can love myself.

Negative.

Ni-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pa.

ANOTHER FORM.

Positive.

Nit-us-kak-uk-o-mim-mos-i, I can love myself.

'Negative.

Ni-mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pa.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-ak-a-kot-ŭk-o-mim-mos-i, I shall be able to love myself.

Negative.

Ni-mat-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-mim-mos-pa.

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Positive.

Nök-stait-ŭk-o-mim-mos-to-pi, I would have loved myself.

Negative.

Nŏk-stait-sau-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-to-pi.

These tenses follow the corresponding ones in the 1st conjugation of the intransitive verb.

Conditional Mood.

. INDEFINITE TENSE.

Positive.

Ŭk-o-mim-mos-e-ni-ki, if, or when, I love myself.

· Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mim-mos-e-ni-ki.

PAST TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk'-o-mim-mos-to-pi, if I loved myself.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mos-to-pi.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

Mak-ŭk-o-mim-mos-e-ni-ki, if I shall love myself.

Negative.

Sau-ak'-ŭk-o-mim-mos-e-ni-ki.

The above tenses follow the corresponding ones in the conditional mood of the intransitive verb.

Dubitative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

Něks-ka-kům-ůk-o-mřm-mos-i, it may be I love myself?

Negative.

Nöks-ka-kum-sau-uk-o-mim-mos-i.

CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

I-kum-uk-o-mim-mos-e-ni-ki, if I love myself?

Negative.

I-kum-sau-uk-o-mim-mos-e-ni-ki.

FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

 ${\tt Maks-i-k\bar{u}m-\bar{u}k-o-m\bar{i}m-mos-e-ni-ki,} \ if \ I \ shall \ love \ myself.$

Negative.

Maks-i-kum-sau-uk-o-mum-mos-e-ni-ki.

Reciprocal Form.

Indicative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positiva

			Positive.
1.	Plural	(excl.)	Nit-uk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an, we love one
			another.
1.	17	(incl.)	Ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-op, we love one
	•		another.
2.	. ,,		Kit-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pu-au, ye lore one
			another.
3.	,,		Uk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-au, they love one
			* another.
			,
			Negative.
1.	Plural	(excl.)	Ni-mat-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an-a.
1.	,,	(incl.)	Mat-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-op-a.
2.	,,		Ki-mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pu-au-a.
3.	"		Mat-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-au-ax-au.
			,

Imperative Mood.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Ŭn-ni-nŏk'-un-an-ist-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-ipĭn-an, let us love one another.
- 1. ,, (incl.) Ŏk-ŭn-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-op, let us love one.
- 2. " Ük-o-mim'-mo-tse-ik, love ye one another.
- 3. " Ün-an-īst-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-īs-au, let them love one another.



Negative.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Nök-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an-a.
- 1. " (incl.) Ŏk-stai'-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-op.
- 2. " Pin-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-ik.
- 3. " Pin-ŭk-o-mim'-mo-tse-is-au.

Potential Mood.

PRESENT TENSE

Positive.

Nit-o-kot-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an, we-can-love one another.

Negative. -

Ni-mat-o-kot-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an-a.

ANOTHER FORM.

Positive.

Nit-us-kak-uk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an, we can love one another.

. Negative.

Ni-mat-ŭs-kak-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an-a.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-ak-o-kot-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an, we shall be able to love one another.

Negative.

Ni-mat-ak-o-kot-ũk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an-a.

PLUPERFECT TENSE.

Positive.

Nok-stuit-uk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an-o-pi, we would have loved one another.

Negative.

Nok-stait-sau-uk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an-o-pi.

Subjunctive Mood.

Positive.

Nok-uk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an, that we may, or might, love one another.

Negative.

Nök-stai-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an-a.

Conditional Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

- 1. Plural (excl.) Ŭk-o-mim'-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki, if we love one another.
- 1. " (incl.) Ŭk-o-mim'-mo-tse-i-ok-i, if we love one another.

Negative.

Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-tse-ĭn-an-i-ki. Sau-ŭk-o-mĭm'-mo-tse-i-ok-i.

PAST TENSE.

Positive.

Nit-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an-o-pi, if we loved one another.

Negative.

Ni-kŭt'-ta-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-i-pĭn-an-o-pi.

FUTURE TENSE.

Positive.

Mak-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki, if we shall love one another.

Negative.

Saú-ak-ŭk-o-mim-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki.

Dubitative Mood.

PRESENT TENSE.

Positive.

Noks'-ka-kum-uk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an, it may be, we love one another?

· Negative.

Nöks'-ka-kum-sau-uk-o-mim-mo-tse-i-pin-an.

CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

I-kum'-uk-o-mim-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki, if we love one another?

Negative.

I-kum'-sau-uk-o-mim-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki.

- FUTURE CONDITIONAL TENSE.

Positive.

Maks-i-kŭm'-ŭk-o-mĭm-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki, if we shall love one another?

Negative.

Maks-i-kum-sau-uk-o-mim-mo-tse-in-an-i-ki.

All the above tenses, in their prefixes and affixes, follow the corresponding tenses in the first conjugation of the intransitive verb.

CAUSATIVE FORM.

The causative form of the verb corresponds with the first conjugation of the verb, transitive animate. It has a distinguishing particle, ats; as—

I cause you to be angry, kit-us'-tse-tuk-ki-ats-o.

ACCOMMODATIVE FORM.

This form of the verb follows the third conjugation of the verb, transitive animate. Its distinguishing particle is mo; as—

Write for me, sīn'-am-mo-kit.

ADVÈRB.

Adverbs are of two kinds, those which exist separate from the verb, and those which are but particles prefixed to the verb. The latter kind will be recognized in the following list by the hyphen attached.

I. Adverss of Interrogation.

Tsan-is-tsi', when was it?
Tsan-is-tsis', when will it be?

Ŭn'-ats, where is he, or it?
Ki-mok-ks, why?
Tse'-ma, where?
Tsa'-a, how?

Tsan-ets-im'-ats, tsan-ets-o'-ats, how many? how much?

II. ADVERBS OF TIME.

An-nok', un-stok', now.

An-nok'-ksĭs-tsi-ku-i, to-day.

Ai-sum-mo-yi, à long time ago.

Ma-to'-mots, formerly.

Ŭk'-ai-, already.

Sa-ko'-okhts, afterwards.

Mat-tun'-ni, yesterday.

Mat-tun'-nis, ap-i-nok'-wis, to-morrow.

Kap-, often.

Kĭp'-pi-, shortly, soon, in a short time.

Ŭsk'-sai-, Ŭsks-, always.

Tum-, then.

An-is'-tsi-ksis-tsi-ku-ists, everyday, daily.

Sa-ki-, yet, still,

III. ADVERBS OF PLACE.

An-nom', here.
Om-im', there.
As-tots'-im, near.
Pakh-ksis-tots'-im, sideways.
An-o'-to-tots-im, on this side.
O-mi'-ta-pots-im, on that side.

Ap, -um-ots-im, ap-um-, across the river.

Sui-, under the water.

Mot-, motzai-, an-is'-to-mük-, everywhere, all over.

Spots'-im, spi-, above.

Kse-u-ots'-im, below.

Stakhts'-im, beneath.

Ke-tots'-im, on the hill.

Ŭn-ĭs-tŭp-, on one side.

Si-sup-pok-, through.

Kai-ĭst, abreast.

IV: ADVERBS OF QUANTITY.

Un'-na-to-si, few. A-kau-o', much. Ai-i-tsin'-i-ka, kŏn-, entirely, altogether.-Ŭn', it is enough.

V. Adverss of Quality and Manner.

Ne-to'-yi, alike.
No-ke'-tsīm, differently.
Mo-kom'-ots, mo-kom'-, in a straight line.
Mat-, a'-at-, again.
Eks'-ka-, very.
I-kīn'-, slowly, gently, softly.
Kīp-, quickly.
Ksīs-tots', gratuitously, without cause or design.
Sīm-mi-, secretly.

Nit-, alone.

Pats-, wrong. Ksis'-tap-i, to no purpose. Ap-, about.

VI. ADVERBS OF AFFIRMATION.

A. yès. E'-mŭn-i, truly.

VII. ADVERBS OF NEGATION.

Sa, no.

Mat-a, mat-ats, mat-ats-ax, mat-ax-au, not (used in indicative and potential moods of the verb).

Pin-, pini-, min-, mini-, not (used with imperatives).

-Stai-, not (used in subjunctive mood and in the negative interrogative form of the verb).

Sau-, not (used in the pluperfect, potential, and in the conditional and dubititive moods.

Kŭt'-tai-, not (used in past tense of the conditional mood.

VIII. ADVERBS OF DOUBT.

Tsök'tau, tsim-ök'-tau, perhaps.

Ŏks'-ka-kum-, perhaps; it may be (used in the dubitative mood, present tense, of the verb).

Examples of the use of adverbial particles. Ūk-ai-tăp-po, he has already gone. Ai-kap'-i-au-yi-u, he eats often. Nit-ak-kip-pi-tap-po, I will go there for a short time.

Kit-usk'-sai-puk-si-pu, you always come here.

Kit-ak-o-tum'-an-is-to, I will then tell you.

Sa-ki-ai'-ok-au, he is still sleeping.

Nit-ap'-um-aut-, I swim across the water.

Sui-a'-pix-it, throw it into the water.

Mot-ai-i-to-pi-u, he is everywhere.

An-is-to-mik-ap-au-au-ük-au, he walks about everywhere.

L'n-is-tüp'-i-pīx-it, throw it-on one side.

Si-sūp-pok'-so-tau, it-rains through.

I-kōn-ots'-ĭm-ai-e, he took it entirely.

Mat'-an-īs-tsīs, tell him again.

Nīt-a'-at-an-īs-tau, I told him again.

Eks'-ka-ūkh-si-u, it is very good.

-I-kĭn'-au-au-ök-at, walk gently.

Nīt-ak'-kīp-i-tap-po, I will go there quickly.

Sīm-mi-ai'-ko-tsi-u-ai-e, he gave it to him secretly.

Pats'-īs-tuts-īm-ai-e, he did it wrong.

Ksīs-tap-i-e-pu-yi-u, he speaks to no purpose.

Pok-au'-yi-mi-u-ai-e, he eats with him.

CONJUNCTION.

Ki, and, but, etc. Tŭk'-ka, because.

PREPOSITION.

Pis-tots'-im, within.
So-auts'-im, outside.
O'-tŭk-ots-im, around.
As-tots'-im, close to.
I-tŭt'-si-kats-im, in the middle, or centre.
Is-so-ots', is'-sots-im, before, ahead of.
A-pŭt'-tos-ots, behind, at the back of.
Kse-u-ots'-im, below.
Stakhts'-im, beneath, under.

PREPOSITIONAL PARTICLES.

I-tokh-, upon. Is-tsips'-ts-, within. Sup-, into. Sai-, outside. Ksis-tük-, over.
Mut-, from.
Mut-, with (instrumental).
Pok-, with, together with.

Examples of prepositional particles prefixed to the verb.

Nit-si-tau-pi-u, he-stays-alone.

Mistsis i-tokh'-i-tau-pi-u, he sits upon the wood.

A-pĭs' nap'-i-o-yĭs is-tsips'-ts-a-pĭx-it, throw the rope inside the

Is-tsi-an'-a-kos it-sup'-o-pi-u, he got into the train.

Sai'-pix-it, throw it outside.

Ksis-tuk'-a-pix-it nap'-i-o-yis, throw it over the house.

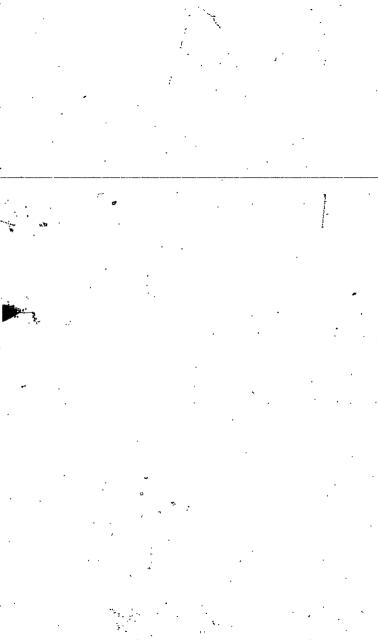
Mo-kins'-tsis ni-mut'-o-to, I have come from the Elbow River.

Mīs-tsis ni-mut'-au-ai-ak-i-au, I hit him with a stick.

INTERJECTION.

The following are in constant use-

Ki'-ka, wait!
Sat-sit, look!
Ni-u'-akh, look out!
Kŭk-ku', go!
Ok'-i, now!
Ma, here!
Mis'-ta-put, begone!



ENGLISH-BLACKFOOT DICTIONARY.

PRONUNCIATION.

a as a in father.

a as a in father.

b as a in father.

c as a in fat

aw ,, law.

The accent (') requires the syllable preceding it to be emphasized.

ABBREVIATIONS.

n., noun.
n. an., noun animate.
n. ina., noun inanimate.
an., animate.
ina., inanimate.
pro. pers., personal pronoun.
pro. dem., demonstrative pronoun.
pro. indef., indefinite pronoun.
pro. rel., relative pronoun.
sing., singular.
pl., plural.
incl., iuclusive.
ezcl., exclusive.
adj., adjective.

partic. adj., adjective particle.
v., verb.
v. impers., verb impersonal.
v. recipr., verb reciprocal.
v. reflect., verb reflective.
v. int., verb intransitive.
v. t. ina., verb transitive, inanimate.
v. t. an., verb transitive, animate.
v. pass., verb passive.
adv., adverb.
adv. partic., adverb particle.
conj., conjunction.
prep. preposition.
prep. partic., preposition particle

num. adi, numeral adjective.

interj. interjection.

The numbers after v. int., v. t. an., and v. t. ina., refer to the conjugations.



Abide, v. int. 1. Abide thou, stau'pit; I abide, nitsitau'pi; he

abides, itau'piu.

v. t. an. 1. Abide with me, pokau'pimokit; abide with him, pokau pimis; I abide with you, kitopokau'pimo; he abides with him, i pokau' pimi uai e.

Abiding, n. abstr., staupi'sinni; abiding with, pokau pim sin ni. Able, kots-, sign of the present

tense, potential mood.

Abode, n. ina. My abode, no ko'ai; your abode, koko'ai; his abode,

About, adv. partic., ap-, in composition only; as, he walks about, ap'auauŏkau.

Above, adv. and prep., spots'im. Abscess, n. ina., ikikan'. I have

an abscess, nitsIkikan.

Abreast, adv. partic., kaiīst-, in composition only; as, they stand abreast, kai'st'tuipuyiau; they come in abreast, kaiïst'totaipi-

Absent, v. int. 5. He is absent (not present), matsinakuaiim'ats.

See " Present."

v. int. 1 (long). Be thou long absent, ai'sumsit; I am long absent, nitai'sămsi; he is long absent, aj'sămsiu.

Accept: See "Take."
Accidentally, adv. partic., pats-; he did it accidentally, pats'Istuts Imai e.

Accompany, v. t. an. 1. Accompany me, pokom'okit; accompany him, pokom's; I accompany you, kitopokom'o; he accompanieshim, i pokom'i uaie. (N.B. Instead of accompany me, pokom'okit, let us go together, okunopokau'op, is generally used.) Ache, v. impers. It aches, us tsiu: Í

have headache, nit ŭs' tsïs pi.

Across, adv. Across land, iski tau'otsi; across water, ap'um otsim; he crosses water, i pamots' imaie; } it is placed across (at right angles), au'wiitsiu, (not at right angles), a'tsis tu i tsi u.

Active, v. int. 1. Be thou active, ksīssup'ītsīssit; I am active, nit siksīssup'itsīssi; he is active, ksissup'itsissi u.

Activity, n. abstr., ksissup'itsissin-

ni.

Adze, n. an., apŭx'Istoxokaxakin. Afar, aft., pie'tsi, pio'. _ It is_afar, pi e' tsi u.

Affirm. See "Say." .

Afore, prep., mate' mets.

Aforetime, adv., ai sum' mo yi.

Afraid. Be afraid, koput'; I am afraid, nitai'kopu; he is afraid, ai' ko pum.

Afraid, being, n. abstr. (fear), ko-

pu'sĭnni.

After, prep. partic., aiksistse'i- or aiksist'-, used in composition only; as, aiksist'oyoniki, after

Afterwards, adv., sako'okhts. Again, adv. partic., mat-, matsis-, used only in composition; as,

come here again, mat si puk' si put; sing again, mat'sis taini kit.

Age, n. ina. What is your age? (literally, How many are your winters?) Tsan'e tsima kit'stuyim ists?

Aim, v. int. 1. Aim thou, makh 'ukumit; I aim, nitai'akhükumi; he aims, ai'akhŭkumiu; aim-

ing, makh'ŭk um sĭnni.

Aim at, v. t. an. 2. Aim at me, makh'ŭkumŭkkit; aim at him, makh'ŭkumŭttsis; I aim at you, kitai'akh ük u mütto: he aims at bim, ai 'akh ŭk u mŭt tsi u ai e.

Alcohol, n. ina., nap' i okh ke. See " Live still." Alive.

All, adj. partic., konai'-, konau'-, used in composition only; as, all the people, konai'tappix; all the days, kon ai'ksīs tsi kuists.

All over, v, int. 1 (every where). It is all over, motu'yiu; mot- in composition; as, moto muk si kim-, mi, the sea.

composition; I am living alone, ninit'sakiaitappi.

Alone, v. int. 1. Be alone, nitsitai' tappiit; I am alone, ninit'sitappi; he is alone, nit'sitappiu.

Alone, being, n. abstr., nit si tap' pi-

Aloud, adv partic., soks-, used in composition only; as, he speaks aloud,-ai soks o' pu yi u.

Also. See "Again."

Alum, n. ina., sakuk'kutuinatsi; ksix inut'si-sa am'.

Always, adv partic., usk sai-, usksau-, in composition only; as, you are always begging, kitusk'sau-. · kŏm ŏni.

Amaze, v. int. 1. Be amazed, skai'etükkit; I am amazed, nit'skaietakki; he is amazed, skaie'tük ki u.

Amazed at. v. t. an. 1. Be amazed at me, skai im' mokit: be amazed at him, skai'm'm's; I am amazed at you, kitus'skai immo; he is amazed at him, skai Im'miuaie.

Amazement, n. abstr., skaie'tüksin-

American, n. an., omax'istoapieku ăn.

And, conj., ki.

Anger, n. abstr., istse'tüksinni; mux în a'sîn ni.

Angry, v. int. 1. Be angry, is tse'tükkit; I am angry, nitsis'tsetükki; he is angry, is'tsetükki u.

v. int. 6. Be angry, muxinat'; I am angry, uituxin'a; he is angry, aux'inau, or muxinum'.

Angry with, v. t. an. 1. Be angry with me, is tsim' mokit; be angry with him, istsim'mis; I am angry with you, kit us'tsimmo: he is angry with him, us'tsImmiuaie.

Angry, make, v. t. an. 1. Make me angry, istse'tük ki atsokit; make him angry, istse'tükki ats'is; I make you angry, kit us' tse tuk kiatso: he made him angry, is tse'tnk kiatsi uaie.

Alone, adv. partic., nit-, used in | Ankle-bone, n. ina. My ankle-bone, ni ko'ksi kĭn ŭk ke pi.

Another (in addition), stsik' i.

Another (different), noke'tsim; it is another, noke'tsiu.

Ant, n. an , isksin'au; pl., isksin'-

Antelope, n. an., au'akos; pl., au'a kŏsix.

Apple, n. an., a'păstăm în ăm; pl., -a' pus tam in um ix.-

Apple (dried), n. ina., okh'tokinatsi; pl., okh' to ki natsists.

Apron, n. ina., otsis'tatsis; pl., o tsis' tat sists.

Arise, v. int. 2. Arise thou, nipuat'; I arise, nitsipuau'; he arises, ai puau.

Arising, n. abstr., ni puau'sinni. Arm, n. ina., motsim'in; pl., motsim'ists: he has long arms, ino'tsiminiu; he has short arms, sakhst-Im'iniu; he has bare arms, its kistsim'in i u.

Arm-pit, n. ina., moksis'si; my arm-pit, noksis'si.

Around, prep., otükots'i.

adv. partic., otuk-, in composition; as, he jumped around, otŭk'opai pi u.

Arrest. See "Hold."

Arrival, n. abstr., o to' sin ni.

Arrive, v. int. 3. Arrive thou, oto'at : I arrive, nitoto ; he arrives, ito'to, or ito; has he not arrived? kut'tau omotoats? when will be arrive? Tsanistsis akit o to ats? he will arrive to-morrow. appinŏk'wis aiakoto.

Arrow, n. ina., nop'psiu; pl., nop'psi ists.

Artery, n. an, o'tumustsi; pl., o'tum ustsix.

Ascend, v. int. 3. Ascend thou, amisso'st; I ascend, nita'misso; he ascends, a misso.

Ascending \(n. \text{ abstr., a misso'sin ni.} \) Ashamed, v. int. 1. Be thou ashamed, isstu'ylsit; I am nitus'stuyis; he is ashamed,

ashamed, isstu'yĭsi u.



Ashamed of, v. t. an. 2. Be thou ashamed of me, isstuyis'sukkit; be thou ashamed of him, isstuyis'satsis; I am ashamed of-you, kit us'stuyissatto; he is ashamed of him, isstuyis'sattsi uaie.

Ashe, n. ina., maix'skëtsi; pl., maix'skëtsists.

Ask. See " Enquire, Tell."

Ass, n. an., műkkau'műkstoki; pl., műkkau'műkstokix.

. Astonish. See "Amaze."

Auger, n. an., itauaw'kunixakiopi; pl.,-pix.

Aunt.

Autumn, adv., moku'. It is autumn, au'oku; in the autumn, mokus'si.

Await for, v. t. an. 3. Await thou for me, okh'kokit; await thou for him, okh'kos; I await for you, kitai'okh ko; he awaits for him, ai'okh koyiuaie.

Awaiting for, n. abstr., okh'kok-

sinni.

Awake. See "Wake."

Awl, n. an., moksis'; pl., moksix'.

Aze, n. an., kaxa'kin; pl., -kix.

Aze helve, n. ina., sa pi'kuman; pl.,
an ists.

В.

Babe, n. an., issit'sıman.
Bachelor, n. an., man'iköppi; I am
a bachelor, nitan'iköppi; he is
a bachelor, man'iköppiu.

Back, n. ina. (of body), mokokin'.

prep. (of a tent or house), okit'sikatsim.

Back, go. See " Return."

Backbite, v. it. an. 1. Backbite thou me, ai'sim im mo kit; backbite thou him, ai'sim immis; I backbite you, kitai'sim im mo; he backbites him, ai'sim im miuaie.

Backbiter, n. an., ai'simimmüki-

Backbiting, n. abstr., simim'muksinni. Backbone, n. ina., makakke'kin.

Backwards, adv., apūt'tosots.
Backwards, go, v. int. 3. Go thou
backwards, apūt'tosoat; I go
backwards, nitau'apūttoso; he
goes backwards, au'apūttoso.

Backwards, going, n. abstr., a puttososiuni.

Bacon, n. ina., aksĭuno'sŭk.

Bad, n. ina. (dirty, putrid), maka'pi;-it-is-bad,-maka'piu.
v. int. 6. He is bad (wicked),
mux'n üm'.

Badger, n. an., mi'sĭnskio.

Bag, n. ina., skinne'tsiman; pl.,
-manists; skinets'aksin; pl.,
-aksists.

Baggage, n. ina., nimiap'ists; my baggage, nits imiap'sem ists.

Bail, v. t. ina. 2 (as water out of a boat). Bail thou it, ai sa su yinit; I bail it, nitai sa su yinip; he bails it, ai sa su yinimaie.

Bailing, n. abstr., sa' su yin üksinni. Bake, v. int. 2. Bake thou, ketat'; I bake, nitai'keta; he bakes, ai'ketau.

Bake, for, v. t. an. 3. Bake thou for me, ke'tokit; bake thou for him, ke'tos; I bake for you, kitai'keto; he bakes for him, ai'ketuyiuaie.

Bake it, v. t. ina. 3. Bake thou it, keta toat; I bake it, nitai'ketatop; he bakes it, ai'ke ta tomaie.

Baking, n. abstr., ke'tan i.

Bald, v. int. 1. He is bald, istsik'ikiniu.

Bald-headed man, n. an., is tsik' ikin i ua.

Bale (of clothing), n. ina., pekan'omo pistuksin.

Ball (to play with), n. an., pokun'; pl., poku'yix.

Ball, shot, n. an., auŏx'opun; pl., auŏx'opax.

Bank (cut), n. ina., ax'iksakku. Bank (money), n. ina., itai'sapopummatsopi.

Bank the house, ksök' kui sau o' tuppi tots istsstükit'.

Banquet, n. abstr., oye'tani.

Barber, n. an. (shaver), aipokistu'yiakiua; (hair-cutter), ai'amikine tük ki ua.

Bare arm, v. int. 1. He has bare arms, etsksikīns'tsakiu.

Bare foot, v. int. 1. He is barefooted, aps'tsïtsikiniu.

Bark, n. ina. (of a tree), otuksksi'-

Bark, v. int. 1 (as a dog). Bark thou, auk'kit; nitauk'ki; he barks, auk'kiu.

Bark at, v. t. an. 2. Bark thou at me, au'kökkit; bark at him, au'kŏttsīs; I bark at you, kitau'kŏtto; he barks at him, au'kŏttsi uai c...

Barking, n. abstr., auk' kisin ni.

Barrel, n. ina., assuyin'; pl., yin'ists: big barrel, omuk'su yin.

Bashful. See "Ashamed." Basin, n. ina. (to hold tea, etc.), kos'; pl., kos'ists; itai's'mio pi;

pl., -pists. n. an. (washing), itai'supsis-

kiosopi; pl., -opix.

Bastard, n. an., kaina'aipoka; pl., -pokax; nam'ake-okos; pl., -kos-

Bathe, v. int. 5. Bathe thou, atsit'; I bathe, nit auts'; he bathes, auts'-Im; let us bathe, okunotau'atsop.

Bathing, n. abstr., atssin'ni.

Battle, n. abstr., aus kawd'tse isin-

Bay, n. ina. (in the river), pistskia'tau; pl., -taiests.

Bayonet, n. an., sapup'is taitsis;

pl., -tsix.

Bead, n. ina., ksistsim'man, pl., -manists; white bead, ksix'kui; black bead, six'kui; yellow bead, otokui'nokui; green bead, ots'kuinokui; red bead, mawk'sinokui.

Beadwork, v. int. 1. Do thou beadwork, isksists'akit; I do beadwork, nitai'isksistsaki; he does beadwork, ai Is ksists'ak i u.

n. ina., isksists'aksin; okŏt'-

ŭksin.

Beak, n. ina., moksisis'; pl., -ists. Bean, n. ina., su'toxinatsi; pl., -sists.

Bear, n. an., kiai'yo; pl., -yoix; black bear, sik'okiaiyo.

Bear. See "Carry."

Bear with, v. t. an. 2. Bear with me, mitsi'takkit: bear with him, mitsi'tutters; I bear with you._kitai'i tsi tutto :--he-bears with him, ai'itsitüt tsiuaie.

Bearing, n. abstr., (- with) mitsi'taksinni; (— up) mi tsi'tasinni. Bear up, v. int. 2. Bear thou up, mitsi'tat; I bear up, nitai'itsi-

ta; he bears up, ai'i tsi tau.

Beard, n. ina., mis'stoan: pl., -anists; he has a beard, iis'stoiu. Beasts, n. collective, opik'sisinna; (N.B. applied also to all the animal world, including fowl,

Beat, v. int. 1 (knock about). Beat thou, is tok' iak it; I beat, nits is'tokiaki; he beats, Istok'iakiu. v. t. ina. 2. Beat thou it, is-

tok'it; I beat it, nitsis'tokip;

he beats it, is tok'Imai e. .

v. t. an. 1. Beat thou me, istok'iokit: beat thou him, istok'is; f beat you, kit as'tokio; he beats him, üstok'i uai e.

v. t. an. 1 (in a race). thou me, mots'okit; beat thou him, mots'is; I beat you, kitau'motso; he beats him, au'motsiuaie. See "Win."

v. t. an. 1 (as a carpet). / Beat me, pakh pu'okit; beat thou him, pakhpu'is; I beat you, kitai'pakhpuo; he beats

him, ai pakh pu'iuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Beat thou it for me, pakh pu'imokit; beat thou it for him, pakh pu'imos; I beat it for you, kitai pakh pu'i mo; he' beats it for him, aipakh pu'i moyiuaie.

Beating, n. abstr. (knocking), istok'iaksinni; (in a race) mots'aksīnui; (as a carpet), pakh pa'-

aksınni.

Beautiful, v. int. 1. It is beautiful, Beg from, v. t. an. 2. Beg thou (ina.) sok sĭnat'si u.

v. int. 6. He is beautiful, (an.)

soksĭn ŭm'.

Beauty, n. abstr., sok sĭn a'sin ni. Beautify, v. t. an. 1. Beautify thou him., soksinais'; beautify thou me, sksino'kit; I beautify you, kit'soksino; he beautifies him, sok sIn ai'u ai e.

Beautify it, v. t. ina. Beautify thou it, soksIna'atoat; I beautify it, nitai'soksInaatop; he beautifies

it, ni'soksinaa tomaie. Beautiful, making, n. abstr., sok-

sına'taksinni. Beaver, n. an., ksist'stŭki; pl., -ix. Beaver cutting, n. ina., ksist'stük-

i-kakstuksin; pl., -sists. Beaver dam, n. ina., ksiststüki-o'-

kiaksin; pl., -sists.

Beckon, v. int. 3. Beckon, apstoat; I beckon, nitap' us to; he beckons, ap' ŭs to.

v. t. an. 3. Beckon thou to me, apsto'kit; beckon to him, apstos'; I beckon to you, kitap'usto; he beckons to him, ap'ustoyinaie. See "Signal."

Beckoning, n. abstr., apsto'sin ni. Bed, n. ina., ük-sin'; pl., -sists. Bedroom, n. ina., I tai okauopi. Bedding, n. ina., sekan'ists.

Bedstead. Same as "Bed."

Bee, n. an., namo'; pl., -moix. Beef, n. ina., ix'isako; pl., -koists.

Bee-hive, n. ina., namo'oyis; pl., -yists.

Beer, n. ina., ai'sa ku tsi.

Beet, n. ina., mawks' Insim man.

Before, prep., is sotsim.

¥

Before, go, v. int. 3. Go before, mato'mot; I go before, nitse' tomo; he goes before, itomo'.

Beg, v. int. 1. Beg thou, aukomŏn' it; I beg, nitau'kom ŏni; he begs, au'komoniu.

Beg it, v. t. ina. 3. Beg thou it. aukom'on istoat; I beg'it, nitau'kom on Istop; he begs it, au'kom: ŏn Istomai e.

from me, aukom'onikit; beg thou from him, aukom'onistsis; I beg from you, kitau'komonisto; he begs from him, au' kom on-Istsiuaie.

Beg for, v. t. an. 3. Beg it for me, mokom'onistomokit; beg it for him, mokom'onistomos; I beg it for you, kitau' kom on istomo; he begs it for him, au kom on isto-

mo yi uaie.

Beggar, n. an., mokomoniepitsi. Begging, n. abstr. mokomonissin-

Begin, adv. partic., aumitup-, in composition; as, he is beginning to eat, au mut up'io yiu.

v. impers. It is beginning, aumatup'apiu; in the beginning, ots is' tei tsi i tai tsissi.

Begone, interj., mis' ta put; pl., mis'ta puk.

Begrudge, v. int. 1. Begrudge thou, sikimme'tükkit; I begrudge, nitsīk īm metāk ki; he begrudges, ai'sīkimmetŭkkiu.

Begrudge it, v. t. ina. 1. Begrudge thou it, sik im me' tsit; I begrudge it, nitsikimmetsip; he begrudges it, ai'sīkimmetsīmaie.

Begrudge, v. t. an. 1. Begrudge thou me, sikim mim' mokit; begrudge thou him, sikimmim'mis: I begrudge you, kitsikimmimmo; he begrudges him, sik-Immim' mi uai e.

Begrudge for, v. t. an. 3. Begrudge thou for me, sikimme' to mo kit; Begrudge thou for him, sikimme'tomos; I begrudge for you, kitslkimmetomo; he begrudges for him, sikimme' tomo yiuaie.

Begrudging, n. abstr., sik im me' taksin nit

Behave, v> int. 1. Behave thou, mau'pit; I behave, nitau'maupi; he behave, aumau'piu.

Behave towards, v. t. an. 2. have towards me, mau'pukkit; behave towards him, mau'pattsīs; I behave towards you, kitau'mau pat to; he behaves towards him, aumau' pattsiuaie.

Behaviour, n. abstr., mau' pissinni. Behead, v. int. 1. Behead thou, kawko'kitükkit; I behead, nitai'kawkokitŭkki; he beheads, ai kaw ko ki tuk ki u.

v. t. an. 2. Behead thou me. kawko'kikit; behead thou him, kawko'kittsïs; I_behead_you, kitai'kawkokitto: he beheads him, ai'kawkokĭttsiuaie.

Behead for, v. t. an. 3. Behead thou for me, kawko'kitomokit; behead thou for him, kawko'kitomos: I behead for you, kit ai'kawkokitomo; he beheads for him, ai'kawkokitomoyi uaie.

Beheading, n. abstr., kaw ko' ki tŭk-

Behind, prep., a patokhts'im. stands behind him, a pa tokhts' imitai'pui îmiuaie, or, ita'pătai puilmiuai'e

Behold! interj., sat'sit; pl., sat'sik.

Behold. See "See."

Belief, n. abstr., aumai'tüksinni. Believe, v. int. 1. Believe thou, aumai'tükkit; I believe, nitau'maitukki; he believes, an'maitŭk ki u.

v. t. an. 3. Believe thou me, aumai'tokit; believe thou him, au mai'tos: I believe you, kitau'maito: he believes him, au mai'toviuaie.

Believe it, v. t. ina. 1. Believe thou it, aumai'tsit; I believe it, nitau' mai tsip; he believes it, au'-

mai tsîm ai e.

Believer, n. an., au'maitūkiua: pl., tükik.

Bell, n. an., saiet'sikkitan; pl., tan ix.

Bellow (as a bull), v. int. 1. bellows, awk' kum i u.

Bellows (for fire), n. ina., itawkpük ku yesük i opi.

Belly, n. ina., mo'koanni; pl., -ko-Big belly, sokit'si; he has a big belly, ai'sokitsiu.

Below, prep. and adv., saien'Issois-

im; (at the bottom), kse u ots' im; (underneath), staklits' im.

Belt, n. ina. ip satsis; pl., -sists. Bench, n. ina. (carpenter's), itaisatsakiopi.

n. ina. (school), innu'isopat-SĬS.

Bend, v. int. 1 (head or body). Bend thou, atosokia'kit; bend, nitau'a toso kia ki-;bends, au'a to so kiakiu.

v. int. 1 (stand with body bent). Bend thou, a tose pu yit; I bend, nitau'a tose pu yi; he bends, au'atose pu vi u.

v. int. 1 (with the foot). Bend thou, om'okawkikökit: I bend, nitaiom'okawkiköki: Le bends, ai om'o kawk i kčki u.

v. t. ina. 2 (with the hand). om'okinit; I bend it, nitom'okinip; he bends it, iom'okinimaie.

v. t. ima. 2. Bend thou it. om'okawkikit; I bend it, nitai omokawkikip; he bends it, ai'om okawki kimai e.

Bending, n. abstr. (the head), a tosokiak'sinni; standing (with bended body), a tose pu' yisin ni.

Beneath, prep. and adv., stakhts'-

Berry, n. ina., min'; pl., min'-Ysts'; (gooseberry) pux'inisiman; pl., manists; (whiteberry) ap'inipl., -kimix; (bullberry) . mikaĭnīt'sim; pl., -sImix : (strawberry) o tal's fain'; pl., -tain'ists; (raspberry) o'totox in; pl., -in'ista; (sarvisse berry) okh'kunokin; pl., -okists; (cherry) puk'kip; pl., kipists.

Bet, v. int. 2. Bet thou, apskat';

I bet, nitaps'ka; he bets, aps'-

kau.

Bet with, v. t. an. 2. Bet thou with me, apskuk'kit; bet thou with him, apskut' tels; I bet with you, kitaps' kutto; he bets with him. aps' kŭt tsi u ai e.

v. recipr. They are betting, aps'küttseiau.

Beyond, prep., mis' ta putsim.
Bible, n. ina., na to' isinak sin; pl.,
-sists.

Bid, v. t. an. 1 (invite). Bid me, um'mokit; bid him, ummie'; I bid you, kitum'mo; he bids him, um'miuaic.

tim' mi uaic.
Bid, v. int. 2. A tsim mat'; I bid,
nita tsima; he bids, a' tsimau.

Bidding, n. abstr., a tsim man'i.

Big. It is big (inan.), omuk'o;
he is big (man), omuk'sim; (horse
or other animal), omuk'min; in
additionally omuk's omuk.

adj. partic., omūk-, omūx-, in composition; as, a big river, omūk'atai; a big chief, omūx'-ina.

Bind it, v. t. ina. 2. Bind thou it, aiipIt'; Y bind it, nitau'aiipip; he binds it, au'aiipimaie.
Binding, n. abstr., aiipIs'tüksIn-

ni. Birch, ina., sekoke'ni; pl., -nists; (bjack birch), siksekoke-

ni.
Bird, n. an. (small), sistsi'; (big),

piksi'; it is a bird, sīstsi'; (bīg), piksi'; it is a bird, sīstsi'ina.

Birth, n. abstr., po kai'i sin ni.

Biscuit, n. ina., mīx'köpaiēn; pl., čnists; (hard tack), stumixe'īxköpaiēn; (sweet biscuit), matseipoko'iīxköpaiēn.

Bishop, n. an., omuk'a toiapiekuun.

Bit, n. an. (horse's), is kui pis tatsis. Bitch, n. an., skim'iomita; pl., -tax.

Bite, v. int. 1. Bite thou, sixtükkit'; I bite, nitai'sixtükki; he bites, ai'sixtükkiu.

v. t. an. I. Bite me, sixipokit; bite him, sixipis'; I bite you, kitai'sixipo; he bites him, ai'sixipiuaie.

v. t. ina. 1. Bite thou it, sixtsIt'; I bite it, nitai'sIxtsip; he bites it, ai'sIxtsImaie.

Biting, n. abstr., six tuk' sin ni.

Bite off, v. t. ina. 1. Bite it off, kaxtsIt'; I bite it off, nitsikaxtsip; he bites it off, kaiax'tsim aie.

Biting off, n. abstr., kaxtūk' sīn ni. Bite through, v. t. ina. 1. Bite through it, aunitsit'; I bite through it, nit' aunitsip; he bites through it, au'nitsīmaie. Biting through, n. abstr., aunitūk'sīn ni.

Bitter, adj., istsi poko'.

Black, v. int. 1. It is black (ina.), sixinatsiu.

v. int. 6. Be thou black, sixinat'; I am black, nit'sïxina; he is black, sixinum.

Blackbird, n. an., kseeni'u; pl.,

Blacken, v. int. 1. Blacken, sīk ünīs'tsit; I blacken, nitai'sīk ūnīstsi; ho blackens, ni'sīk ūnīstsi u.

v. t. ina. 2. Blacken it, sīkūnīs'tutsit; I blacken it, nītai'sīkūnīstutsip; he blackens it, ai'sīkūnīstutsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Blacken thou me, sīkūnīs'tutokit; blacken thou him, sīkūnīs'tutos; I blacken you, kitai'sīkūnīstutto; he blackens him, ai'sīkūnīstuttuyiuaie.

Blackening, n. abstr., sikunīs'tutūksinni; sīkunīs'tsisīnni.

Blackfoot Indian, n. an., sixikai'kuun; he is a Blackfoot, sixi kai'kuuninaie; is he a Blackfoot? sixikaikuun'ats? are you a Blackfoot? kitsixikaikuun'ipa?

Blackfoot tribe, n. an., sixikau'a.
Blackish, v. impers. It is blackish,
sik'imiu.

Blackness, n. abstr., sīxīna'sinni. Bladder, n., auāw' pūkīs.

Blade, n. ina. (of grass), mattuyls'.

n. an. (of knife), isto'an.
Blade bone, n. ina., motelkis'; pl.,
-ists'.

Blame, v. t. an. I. Blame me, mattu'imokit; blame him, mattu'imis; I blame you, kitau'tuimo; he blames him, au'tuimiuaie.

n. an. One who blames, mattu'imūkie pitsiuš. Blaming, n. abstr., mattu'imūksīnni.

Blanket, n. ina., nai'pĭstsi; aau'a; my blanket, naau'a; your blanket, kaau'a; his blanket, maau'a; white blanket, ap'aipïstsi; black sikapai'pistsi : blanket, blanket, mawk'aipīstsi; yellow otokai pistsi; blanket, -blanket,-a ka sīs tai-pīs tsi ;-greenblanket, ots'kaipĭstsi; blanket of several colours, a man is tai' pistsi: striped blanket, pis sa tai pistsi; grey blanket, ikikin'aipistsi; warm blanket, ikin'ai pistsi; blanket coat, nai' pĭstsisokös.

Blast of wind, n. ina., poka'akeu. Blaze, v. int. 1. It blazes up, us' pistok in' etsi u.

v. t. ina. 2. Make it blaze, ispistokin'sit; I make it blaze,

nitus pistokinsip; he makes it blaze, uspis tokinsimaie.

v. t. ina. 1. Cause it to blaze, pūk'ku yetsit; I cause it to blaze, nitai'pūkku yetsip; he causes it to blaze, awk'pūkku yetsīmaie.

v. int. 1. It blazes up, Ipuk'-

ku ye tsi u.

Bleat, v. int. 1. Bleat thou, awk'kumit; I bleat, nitawk'kumi; he bleats, awk'kumiu.

Bleating, n. abstr., kum' isin ni.
Bleed, v. t. an. 3 (by incision).
Bleed me, pūksīn ūm' mokit;
bleed him, pūksīn ūm' mos; I
bleed you, kitai pūksīn ūm mo yinie.

Bleed one's self, v. int. 2. Bleed thyself, puksin'm'mat; I bleed myself, nitai' puksinimma; he bleeds himself, ai' puksim'immau. Bleeding, n. abstr., puksin'it' tuk-

sin ni.
v. int. 1. His nose is bleeding,

ai'tsimski u. Blind, *adj.*, naps'tsi.

v. int. 1. Be blind, naps'tsiit; I am blind, nitaps'tsi; he is blind, naps'tsiu.

Blindness, n. abstr., naps' tsi isinni.

Blister, n. ina., ikköt'siman issi. pl., -si ists.

v. int. 1. I have a blister, nits-

Ik'kötsimanissi. Blood, n. ina. aa'pünni.

Blood Indian, n. an., kai'nai ku un. Blood tribe, n. an., kai'nau.

Bloom, v. int. 1. It blooms, a pistsis skitsi u.

Blow, v. int.-1-(the-fire).—Blow thou, puk'kuyesükkit; nitawkpuk'kuyesükki; he blows, awkpuk'kuyesükkiu.

v. t. an. 1. Blow me, pukkuyesokit: blow him, puk kuyesis; I blow you, kitawk puk kuyeso; he blows him, awk puk kuyesiuaie.

Blow for, v. t. an. 3. Blow for me, pükkuyesummokit; blow for him, pük'kuyesummos; I blow for you, kitawk pük'kuyesummo; he blows for him, awk pük'kuyesum moyiuaie.

Blow out, v. t. ina. 2 (a light).
Blow it out, aktsi'it; I blow it
out, nitak tsip; he blows it out,
ak tsimaie.

Blowing out, n. abstr., aktsiak'sinni.

Blows, v. impers. (the wind). It blows; sopu'.

Blue, adj., ku' muninatsi. v. int. 1. It is blue; ku' mun-

atsiu. Blue, n. ina. (for washing), itauŭts'-

kus sistsstüki op i. Bluff, n. ina., ax iksokkui.

Blunt, v. int. 5. It is blunt, istai'-

v. t. an. 1. Blunt thou him, istai'Innis; I blunt him, nitus'-tainnau; he blunts him, istai'-inniuaie.

Blunting, n. abstr., is tai' in nuksin ni. Blush, v. int. 1. He blushes, ai's sat ussi u.

Boar, n. an., ak'sĭnniua-napim. Board, n. ina., aupūx'istoxix; pl.,

-ixists.

Boat, n. ina., akh'iosatsis; pl.,
-sists.

Body, n. ina., mostum; pl., mostum'ists; my body, nostum'; your body, kostum'; his body, ostumaie.

Boil, n. ina.; iki kan'; I have a boil, nitsik'ika; he has a boil, iki kau'.
Boil, v. int. 1. Boil thou, au'a kusu'ji; I boil, nitau'a kusuyi; he, or it boils, au'a kusuyiu.

v. int. 1. It boils over, ai'sakusuyiu; meat is boiling, in nitan,

au'a ku tsi u.

Boiling, n. abstr., akusu' yisinni. Bone, n. ina, okhkin'; pl., -kiists. Bonnet, n. ina., akis' tsummokön;

Boot, n. ina., istsikīt'sikin; pl., -kists.

Booth, n. ina., apik'kanokoa; pl.,
-kočsts; omux'iksikokoa; pl.,
kočsts; (of branches), a pi'iman;
pl., -ists.

Border, adv. (on the outside), sauau'tūkkots; (edge), mi'nokots.

Bore, v. int. 1. Bore thou, akūn'ixakit; I bore, nitakūnixaki; He bores, a'kūn'xaki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Bore it, akūnīx'iit: I bore it, nitakūnixip; he bores it, akūnīxīm'aie.

v. t an. 1. Bore it, akūn'iksis; I bore him, nitau'akūniksau; he bores it, auakun'iksiuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Bore it for me, akūnīx'o mokit; bore it for him, akūnixo'mos; I bore it for you, kitakūnixomo; he bores it for him, akūnīxo moyiunie.

Boring, n. abstr., a kūnīx'aksīn ni. Born, v. int. 1. He is born, ai'po-

Borrow, v. t. ina. 3. Borrow thou it, \(\tilde{\text{b}} \) kkuma'tat; I borrow it, nit'-\(\tilde{\text{b}} \) kkumatattop; he borrows it, \(\text{ok'} \) kumatattom aie.

v. t. an. 2. Borrow thou him or it, ökkuma'tuttsis; I borrow him, nitökkumatuttau; he borrows him, ök'kumatüttsiuaie.

Borrowing, n. abstr., ökku ma'tani. Bosom, n. ina., mau'kaiIs; pl., -ists.

Bottle, n. ina., sakuk'kutusko;

pl., -koists.

Bottom, at the, adv. (underneath), stakhts'im; (the foot of), kseuots'im.

Bounce, v. int. I. Bounce thou, spopi'it; I bounces, nit'spopi; he or it bounce, isspopi'u.

v. t. an. 1. Bounce him, spo'pi'Immis; I bounce him, nitus'spopiimmau; he bounces him, us'spopiimmiuaie.

Bow, n. an., na ma; pl., -max; its-

ksi'nama.

Bow (salute), v. t. an. 1. Bow to ue, ksīmattsīm' mokit; bow to him, ksīmattsīm' mīs; I bow to you, kitai ksīmattsīm mo; he bows to him, ai ksīmattsīm miu aie.

Bow River, v. ina., ksīssok' ku yi-

etuktai.

Bowels, n. ina., motsi'ists. Bowl, n. ina., kos; pl., -kos'ists;

omūk'okos. Box, n. ina., atūxax'in; pl., -ists. Boy, n. an., sūk'kumapi; pl., -pix. Boy, little, n. an., tsīk'i (no pl.).

Bracelet, n. an., pun; pl., pun'ix; I have bracelet, nit'opun; she has

bracelet. ipun'iu.

Bracelet, put on, v int. 1, makh' opunit; I put on bracelet, nitai-akhopun; she puts on bracelet, ai'akhopuniu.

Braces, n. ina., a tsīs to kīn sists; it-

aua tsisto kiniopi.

v. int. 1. I have braces, nita'tsistokini; he has braces, a'tsistokiniu.

Bradawl, n. an., itauaw'kuniakiopi; pl., -pix; moksis'; pl.,
-ksix.

Brain, n. ina., o'pi; pl., -pists, Bramble, n. an., mokŏt'tuyis; pl.,

Brand, n. an., it us'tsakiopi; pl.,
-opix.

Brand, v. t. an. 1. Brand thou him,

istsis'; brand me, istso'kit; I brand, kit us'tso; he brands him, us'tsi u aie.

v. t. ina. 1. Brand it, istsit' I brand it, nitus'tsip; he brands

it, üstsımai'e.

v. int. 1. Brand thou, ists uk'-kit; I brand uit usts' uk ki; he brands, usts' uk iu; is he branded? istsau' ina; he is branded, istsau'; what is he branded? tsan etstau' ats?

Branding, n. abstr., istsük'sinni. Brass, n. an., mikut'aikim; pl.,

kĭm ix.

Brave, v. int. 1. Be brave, milk-It'tappiit: I am brave, nitseik-It'tappi; he is brave, milkIt'tappiiu.

Bravery, n. abstr., milkit' tappii-

sinni.

Brave, n. an., miškšť tappius.
adj., miškšť tappi.

Bread, n. ina., ke'tan; spik'i ketan;

napaiĕn.

Break, v. t. ina. 2 (with foot). Break it, iskĭt'; I break it, nit'skip; he breaks it, iskĭmui'e; it is broken, iskau'.

. v. t. an. 3. Break it for me, iskümmo'kit; break it for him, iskümmos; I break it for you, kitus'kümmo; he breaks it for him, us'kümmoyiuaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (with hand). Break it, issin'it; I break it, nit'sinip; he breaks it, Issin'Imaie; it is

broken (ina.), ĭssĭn'ip.

v. t. an. 3. Break it for me, issin'nomokit; break it for him, issin'nomos; I break it for you, kitus'sin nomo; he breaks it for him, us'sin nomoyiuaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (a dish, etc.). Break it, pon'it; I break it, nito pon'ip; he breaks it, i pon'imale; it is

broken (an.), i pon'i kaw.

v. t. ina. 3: Break it, pon'istoat: I break it, nitse' ponistop; he breaks it, i pon'Istomaie.

v. t. an. 1. He breaks his nose, ipoxksis'iunie.

v. reflect., he breaks his own nose, ipox'ksisisiu.

Break off, v. t. ina. 2 (coal, stone, etc.). Break it off, amin'nit; I break it off, nitau'minip; he breaks it off, aumin'maie; it is broken (an.), amin'ikau.

v. t. an. 1. Break him off, amin'is; I break him off, nitau'miniau; he breaks him off,

au'mîniuaie.

v. t. ina: 1 (with hand). Break it off, a minno tsit; I break it off, nitau minnotsip; he breaks it off, au minnotsimaie.

Break open, v. t. ina. 1. Break it open, kauopūttsit; I break it open, nitai kauopūttsip; he breaks it open, ai kauopūttsīm.

åŘe.

v. t.-an. 3. Break it open for me, kau o pūt'tso mo kit; break it open for him, kau o pūt'tso mos; I break it open for you, kitaikau o pūttso mo; he breaks it open for him, ai kau o pūttso' mi uaie.

Break up, v. t. ina. 2. Break it up, pin'it; I break it up, nitni'pinip; he breaks it up, ai'pinimaie, or paiin'Imaie; it is broken up (an.), paii'nikaw.

v. t. an. 3. Break it up for me, pi'nu mo kit; break it up for him, pi'nu mos; I break it up for you, kitai' pinu mo; he breaks it up for him, ai' pinu mo yiu ai e.

Breaking, n. abstr. (with foot), is-kök'sinni; (with hand), issin'-uksinni; (— off), amin'aksinni; (— open), kano pūt' tsaksinni; (— up), pin'ituksinni.

Breakfast, n. ina., ksiskuno'össinni.

Breast, n: ina., mau'kaiïs; pl.,
-ists; my breast, nomau'kaiïs.

n. ina. (female), un'ni kis; pl.,
-kists.

Breastbone, n. ina., moke'kĭn; pl., -kists.

Breath, n. abstr., setum'sin.

Breathing, n. abstr., se tum's In ni. Breathe, v. int. 1. Breathe thou,

se tum'it: I breathe, nit ai'se tumi; he breathes, ai'setumiu; he breathes quickly, eIk'setumiu. Bride, n. an., ai'akomiua.

Bridegroom, n. an., ai'akokem-

iua. Bridge, n. ina., a pus'tan; pl., -tan-

Bridle, n. an., is' kui pistatsis.

Bright, v. int. 1. It is bright, ikun'natsiu; ikun'nasuviu.

v. int. 6 (an.), it ŭk' kun um.

Brighten (polish), v. t. an. Brighten him, kutski au'istutos: I brighten him, nitai'kutskianistutau: he brightens him, ai kutskiun' is tuto yi uai e.

v. t. ina. 2. Brighten it, kutski an' is tutsit; I brighten it, nitai'kutskian istutsip; he brightens it, ai'kutskian istutsimaie.

Brightening, n. abstr., kutskian'istu tüksın ni.

Bring, r. t. an. 1. Bring him, puksi pip' pis; I bring him, nitsi puksi pip' piau; he brings him, puksipIp'piuaie.

v. t. inà. 3. Bring thou it. puksipipotoat; I bring it, nitaipuksipipotop; he brings it here.

ai' puk si pîp po tom ai e.

v. t. an. 3. Bring to me, puksi pippotokit; bring to him, puk'sipippotos; I bring to you, kitai'puksipippoto; he brings to him, i'puksipip poto yiuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Bring it for me, pupsipip' potomokit; bring it for him, puksi pip' po to mos; I bring it for you, kitai'puksipippotomo; he brings it for him, ai puksipip' potomo yi uaie.

v. t. an. 1. Bring him, otsip'--Is; bring me, otsIp'iokit; I bring. you, kito'tsipio; he brings him,

itsip'iuaie.

Bring it, otsip'ov. t. ina. 3. toat; I bring it, nito tsipotop; he brings it, itsip otomaie.

v. t. an. 3. Bring to me, otsip'otokit; bring to him, otsip'otos; I bring it to you, kito'tsipoto; he brings it to him, itsip' o to yi uai e.

Bringing, n. abstr., otsIp'itüksInni; puksi pip' pi tüksinni.

Brittle, v. int. 1. It is brittle (an.), sawkpsi'u; (ina.), sawkpi'u.

Broad, v. int. 1. It is broad, a puk'keu.

adj., a puk-, in composition; as. a broad road, apuk'oksokui.

Brook, n. ina., ase' tŭktai. Broom, n. ina., nomawk'imatsis.

Broth, n. ina., a ko' pis.

Broth, make, v. int. 2. Make broth, akop'skat; I make broth, nitau'kopska;-she-makes-broth,-au'kopskau.

Broth, making, n. abstr., akop'-

ska ni.

Brother, n. an. (my elder), ni'ls; (my younger brother), neskun'; woman speaking says, nisis'. Brother-in-law, n. an. (my), nistum-

mu'; woman speaking says, nis'-

Brow, n. ina. (of eye), momiap'i-. nan, pl., -ists; my eyebrows, nomiap'inan ists. Bruise, v. impers. It is a bruise,

itükke'u; he has a bruised hand, itāk'sikīnotsiu.

Brush, n. ina., itai'soïstsïnosopi; sostsin'akiatsis.

v. int. 1. Brush thou, sostsin'gkit f I brush, nitai'sostsīnaki; he brushes, ai sostsīnakiu.

v. t. an. 1. Brush me, sostsin'okit; brush him, sostsin'is; I brush you, kitai'sostsīno; he brushes him, aisostsīn'iuaie.

u. t. ina. 2. Brush it, sostsin's it; I brush it, nitai'sostsïnip; he brushes it, aisos tsīn'im aie.

v. t. an. 3. Brush for me, sostsin'omokit; brush for him, sos-tsin'omos; I brush for you, kitai'sostemomo; he brushes for him, aisostsīn'no mo yi u aie.

Brush one's self, v. reflect. Brush one's self, sostsino'sit: I brush myself, nitai'sostsīnosi: brushes himself, ai'sos tsīnos i u.

Brushing, n. abstr., sostsin'aksinni; (one's self), sostsino'sinni.

Buck, v. int. 1 (horse). Buck thou, okh' ko kök kin a' pix it; I buck, nit okh' ko kök kin a' pix i; he bucks, ökh' ko kök kin a' pix ix.

Buck, n. an. (deer), ponokai'stumik; ik; (moose), sikitsissu'istumik;

pl., -ik ix.

Buckboard, n. an., ixtan'akös; pl., -kösix.

Bucket, n. an., itai'sūmmosopi; pl., -pix; Is'ki; pl., -kix.

Buck-skin, n. ina., au' a kös.
Bud, v. int. 1. It buds, ai' sai sui opoka si u.

v. int. 4. Ai'saisuiopoksku. Buffalo, n. an., einiu', or einew'; (lots of buffalo), einiu'a.

Buffalo robe, n. an., immuyan'; pl., -yan'ix; it is a buffalo mbe, immuyan'Inaie; they are buffalo robes, immuyan'iau.

Bull, n. an., aisaiok'kumi; pl.,

Bullet, n. an., auox'opun; pl.,
-paix.

Burisl, n. abstr., makh' i tsi üksin. Bury, v. t. an. 1. Bury thou me,

makhi tsio'kit; bury him, makhi itsis'; I bury you, kitai'akhitso; he buries him, ai'akhitsi uaic.

(N.B.—The idea conveyed in above word is that of wrapping the body in blankets, etc., and carrying it off to its resting place on a hill or in a tree.)

a hill or in a tree.)
Bury. See "Cover."

Burn, v. t. ina. 2. Burn it, istsit'; I burn it, nitus' tsip; he burns it, us' ts'maie.

v. t. an. 1. Burn him, sakhsis'; burn me, sakh so'kit; I burn you, kitai'sakh so; he burns him, ai'sakh si uai e.

v. reflect. He burns himself, saiakh sosiu.

Burning, n. abstr., istsük'sünni; sakh so'össünni; itsin'süksünni. Burn up, v. t. ina. 2. Burn it up, itsin'sit; I burn it up, nitai'- tsïnsip; he burns it up, ai'tsïnsimaie.

v. t. an. 1. Burn me up, itsīn'siokit; burn him up, itsīn'sīs; I burn you up, kitai'tsīnso; he burns him up, ai'tsīnsiusie; it is burned up, itsīni'tsiu.

Burst, v. t. ina. 2. Burst thou it, pukki'it; I burst it, nini'pukikip; he bursts it, nipuki kimaie. v. pass. It is burst, paiuk'ki-

nu.

v. int. 1. Burst thou, pattsIt'; I burst, nitai' pattsi; he bursts, ai' pattsiu, or pai at' isiu.

Bursting, n. abstr., pukikan'i, or

putsin'ni.

Bush, n. ina., atso'ŏsko; pl., -kui. Butcher, v. int. 2. Butcher thou, in no'tat; I butcher, nitūn'nota; he butchers, in'notau.

v. t. ina. 3. Butcher it, in no'-ta tot; I butcher it, nit un' no ta-top; he butchers it, in no' ta tomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Butcher him, inno'tatsïs; butcher me, in no'tats kit; I butcher you, kit un'notato; he'butchers him, in no'tatsi uai e.

Butchering, n. abstr., inno'tani. Butte, n. ina., nitum'mo; pl., -mosts.

Butter, n. ina., un'nikio po mis; a pot'ski na-po mis; it ustsi kawk'im au pi.

Butterfly, n. an., a pūn' ni; pl., -nix. Button, n. an., sa pi'klna matsis; pl., six.

Button, v. t. ina. 2. Button thou it, maksupikln'it; I button it, nitai'aksupiklnip; he buttons it, ajaksupikin imaie.

v. int. 2. Button thou, sa pi-kına mat; I button, nitaisa pi-kına ma; he buttons, aisa pi kına-mau.

Button, v. t. an. Button for me, sa pi'kina mokit; button for him, sa pikina mos; I button for you, kitai'aa pikina mo; he buttons for him, sa pi'kina moyi u ai e. Buttoning, n. abstr., sa pi' kinak sinni.

Buy, v. int. 2. Buy thou, pum'mat; I buy, nit'opuma; he buys, ipum'au.

v. t. ina. 3. Buy thou it, pum'attoat; I buy it, nitopum'attop;

he buys it, ipum'attomaie.
v. t. an. 3. Buy thou for me,
pum'mokit; buy thou for him,
pum'mos; I buy for you, kitokh'pummo; he buys for him, okh'pummu yiuaie.

Buying, n. abstr., pum'mani.

Buy on credit, v. int. 2. Buy thou on credit, sinak'io pum mat; I buy on credit, nitsinak'io puma; he buys on credit, sinak'io pumau.

Buying on credit, n. abstr., sin ak'-

iopummani.

Buy on security, v. int. 2 (pawn).
Buy thou, iskskum'mat; I buy,
inital'iskskuma; he buys, iskskum'au.

C.

Cabbage, n. an, itau'kopskaupi; pl., -pix.

Calf, n. an., unn's takhs'; pl., -takhsix.

Calf of leg, n. an., mokinan'; pl.,

Calico, n. ina., istokhai' pĭstsi. Call (by name), v. t. an. 2. Ca

thou me, ninikāk' kit; eall thou him, ninikāt' tsīs; I call you, kitai'nikŏtto; he calls him, ai'nikōttsiuaie.

Calling, n. abstr., ninikčt' tsimani. Camp, old, n. ina., mum' mapis; pl., -pists.

Camp, v. int. 2. Camp thou, a kek'at; I camp, nitau' kek a; he camps, au' kek au.

Camping, akek'an i.

Can, n. an., mokum' mi pokos; pl., -kosix.

Candle, n. ina., anak'imatsis; pl.,
-sists.

Candy, n. ina., pie satsapinni wan; pl., -wanists; long candy, inan'-inni wan.

Canned goods, n. an., ixipo'kos; pl., -kosix.

Cannon, n. an., soku'yinama; pl.,
-max.

Canoe, See "Boat."

Cap, n. ina., istsum' mokon.

Cap of gun, n. an., ksissai'kitan; pl., -tanix.

Carcase, n. an., muk'sinni; pl.,

Card (playing), n. ina., kaŭtsat'sis; pl., -sists.

Carpenter, n. an., ni'satsakiua. Carrot, n. an., ni'satsikop' pas; pl., -pasix.

Carry, v. int. 1. Carry thou, patükkit; I carry, nitopa' tükki;

he carries, i pa' tukki u.

v. t. ina. 3. Carry thou it, pa'toat: I carry it, nitopa' ton; he

toat: I carry it, nitopa'top; he carries it, ipa'tomaie.
v. t. an. 2. Carry me, pa'akit;

t. t. an. 2. Carry me, pa aktt; carry him, pa' atsis; I carry you, kitopa' ato; he carries him, i pa' atsiuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Carry it for me, pa'atomokit; carry it for him, pa'atomos; I carry it for you, kitopa'atomo; he carries it for him, i pa'atomoyiuaie.

Carrying, n. abstr., pa'a tük sinni. Cart, n. an., an'a kös; pl., -kösix.

Cart, Red River, n. an., iskit'sesanakos.

Cartridge, n. an., a kai'sax kauŏx opan; pl., -pax.

Case, n. ina. (box), asso'kaiIs; pl.,
-isis; atūxak'sīn; pl., -sists.
Cash, n. an., mix'kīm; pl., -ix; i-

tawk'pumaupi; pl., -pix.

Cask, n. ina., assuyin'; pl., -yin'-

ists. Castor oil, n. ina., pomi'-sa am.

Castrate, v. t: an. 2. Castrate him, au wait't tsis; I castrate him, nitau' waiitau; he castrates him, i waiit' tsi uaie.

v. pass. He is castrated, auwaiit'au. Cat, n. an., pus'; pl., -pusix. Cat (wild), n. an., natai'yo; pl., -voix.

Catch, v. int. 1 (with the hand). Catch thou, kon no tak kit: I catch, nitai'konnotūkki; he catches, ai'kön no tük ki n.

v. t. ina. 1. Catch thou it. konno tsit; I catch it nitai konnotsip; he catches it, ai'konnotsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Catch thou me, konno' to kit; catch him, konno'tos; I catch you, kitsikou no to; he catches him, ai'konnotoyiu-

v. t. an. 3. Catch it for me, konno' tomo kit; catch it for him, kon no' to mos; I catch it for you, kitaikonno' tomo; he catches it for him, aikonno tomo viuaie.

v. t. ina. 1 (with hand, and above the head). Catch thou it, ketse'konnotsit; I catch it, nitsi ke' tse kon no tsip; he catches it, it si ke' tse kön no tsīm ai e.

v. t. an. 3. Catch thou him, ke tse'kon no tos: I catch him, nitsike tsekonnotoau: he catches him, ketse'könnotoyiuaie.

Catching, n. abstr., kon no' tak sin ni. Cattle, n. an., ap'otskinai; pl., -aiix. n. collective, of apotskinaiesin na.

Cave, n. ina., au ot' si man; pl., -man-

Cease, v. int. 3. Cease thou, ksiuo'at: I cease, nitai'ksiuo; he ceases, aiksiuo'.

Cellar, n. ina., atun'aksin. Centre, n., itut'sikatsim.

adv. partic. In the centre, ităt'siki; as, he stands in centre, itūt'sikiai pu yi u.

Chaff, n. ina., ksu is tsi pik' i ak sin. Chain, n. an., sokopisatsis; pl., -sisix.

Chair, n. ina., asso' potsis; pl., -sists. Change (replace), v. t. ina. 2. Changeit, atsuai' pixit; I change it, nitatsuai'pixIp; he changes it, atsuai piximaie.

v. t. an. 2. Change him, atsuai' ni ksistsis; I change him, nitatsuai piksistau; he changes him, at' su ai pi ksīs tsi u ai e.

Changing, n. abstr., at suai' piksis-

tüksinni.

Change the mind, v. int. 2. Change thou, atsuai'tsitat: I change, nitatsuai'tsita; he changes, atsu ai' tsi tau.

Changing the mind, n. abstr., atsu-

ai' tsi tau i.

Chase, v. int. 2. Chase thou aua'kimat; I chase, nitaua'kima; he chases, aua' kimau.

v. t. an. 2. Chase him, aua'kimatsis: I chase you, kitau'akimatto: he chases him, au a kimat isi u ni e.

v. t. an. 3. Chase me, aua'kokit; chase him, aua!kos: I chase you, kitau'a ko; he chasea him; au'a ko yi u ai e.

Chasing, n. abstr., aua'kimani;

au a' kök sĭn ni.

Chatter, v. int. 1. Chatter thou, sın natse' pu yit; I chatter, nitsinnatse' pu vi ; he chatters, sin natse' pu yi u.

v. int. 2. The teeth chatter,

ai po pox'ekin au.

Chattering, n. abstr., sin natse' pu-

Cheap, v. impers. It is cheap (ina.), unnat' to top: unnats' top: (an.). un nats' tsau.

Cheat, v. int. 1. Cheat thou, atsis'totakkit; I cheat, nitatsistotakki; he cheats, a tsis' totakki u.

v. t. an. 3. Cheat me, atsis' toto kit; cheat him, atsis to tos; I cheat you, kita tsis to to; he cheats him, a'tsisto to yi uaie. Cheating, n. abstr., atsīstotūksīn-

ni. Cheek, the, n. ina., motstarp'pina;

pl., -asts. Cheer, v. t. an. 2 (make cheerful).

Cheer me, kiawk' piksnkkit; cheer him, kiawk' piksatsis; I cheer you, kitsikiawk piksatto:

Cheerful, v. int. 1. Be thou cheerful, kiawk' piksit; I am cheerful, nitai'kiawkpiksi; he is cheerful, aiki awk' piksi u.

Cheerfulness, n. abstr.. kiawkpik-

sin ni.

Chest, n. ina. (box), asso'kails; (of the body), mau'kai's. "Breast."

Chew, v. int. 2. Chew thou, oks'tsImmat; I chew, nitai'okstsImma; he chews, ai'okstsīm mau.

... v. t. ina. 3. Chew thou it, oks'tsImattoat; I-chew-it,-nitoks'tsimattop; he chews it, oks'tsim at tom ai e.

v. t. an. 2. Chew thou it, oks'tsīmat tsīs; I chew it, nitai'okstsImattau; he chews it, ai'oks-

tsîm at tsi u ai e.

Chewing, n. abstr., oks' tsim man i. Chicken, n. an. (prairie), ke' tük ki : *pl.*, -kix.

Chief, a, n. an., nin'au; is he a chief? ninau'ats? he is a chief. ninai' inai. Our chief (incl.). kitsīn'aiminun; (excl.), nitsīn'aim in an.

Chief, v. int. 1. Be thou chief. ninaiīt'; I am chief, nitsīnaii'.

v. t. an. 1. Make thou me chief. ninai'attsokit; make him chief. ningiat'tels; I make you chief. kitaiInaiatso; he makes him chief, ninai'at tsi u ai e.

Chiefdom, n. abstr., nin'aiisinni. Chief, mountain, n. ina., nīn'aistūk-

Child, n. an., pokau'; pl., -kax. Chilly, v. int. 1. It is chilly, stu-

Chimney, n. an., potat'sis; pl., -six; saise'tuiats's; pl., -six; saiepo'tatsis; pl., -six.

Chin, n. ina., mopskin'na; pl., -nasts; my chin, nopskin'au. Chip, n. ina. (of wood), pi ixak'sin;

pl., -sists, or pi'Ix ka ists. Chirp, v. int. 1. He chirps, awk'kumiu.

he cheers him, kiawk' piksattsi- | Chisel, n. an., Itain'stailxakiopi; pl., -pix.

Choke, v. int. 2. Choke thou, putskat'; I choke, nitai' putska; he chokes, pai ut' skau.

v. t. an. 1. Choke me. putsinno'kit; choke him, putsïnnïs'; I choke vou, kitai' putsin no : he chokes him, ai' putsin ni uaie.

Choking, n. abstr., putskan'i. Chop, v. int. 1 (in the bush). Chop thou, kakiak'it; I chop, nitai'kakiaki; he chops, aika'kiakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Chop it, kak kit'; I chop-it,-nitai'kak kip ;- he-chops

it, ai kak'Imai e.

v. t. an. 3. Chop it for me, kakomo'kit; chop it for him, kakomos'; I chop it for you, kitaikakomo; he chops it for him, ai kak'o mo yi u ai e.

Chop wood, v. int. 2. Chop thou, ko tat'; I chop wood, nit au' ko ta;

he chops wood, aukotau'.

v. t. an. 3. Chop wood for me. ko to'kit; chop wood for him. ko tos'; I chop wood for you, kitau'koto; he chops wood for him. au'ko to yi u ai e.

Chopping wood, n. abstr., kotan'i;

ka kiak'ain ni.

Chop, v. int. 1 (into small pieces). Chop thou, pin'akit; I chop, nitai'pinaki; he chops, aipin'ak-

v. t. an. 3. Chop it for me, pin'ammokit; chop it for him, pin'ammos; I chop it for you, kitai pinummo; he chops it for him, ai'pin um mo viu sie.

v. int. 1 (into fine pieces). Chop thou, pikiak'it; I chop, nitai'pikiaki; he chops, pikiakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Chop it, pikit';" I chop it, nitai pikip; he chops it, ai' pik im ai e.

Chopping, n. abstr. (into small pieces), pinak'sinni; pikiak'-

Church, n. ina., nato'iapioyis; pl., -yists.

Cigar, n. ina., au'ts sattopi; pl., !

Cinder, n. ina., mak'skitsi; pl.,

Circle, v. impers. It is a circle, otüke'n.

adv. In a circle, otakots' im. v. int. 3. Go round in a circle, autükko'at; I go round in a circle, nitau'tukko; he goes round in a circle, autukko'.

lity ja, ina., a kap'io yis; a kai'tap-bisku i.

Clap hands, v. reflect. Clap thou, Istsikins'tsiosit; I clap, nitai'tsikinstsiosi; he-claps, ai'tsikĭnstsiosiu.

Clapping hands, n. abstr., aitsi kins'tsiosinni.

Claw, n. an., mo kĭt'sis; pl., -six. Clay, n. ina., uxpikim'iku; pl., -kn ists.

Clean, v. t. ina. 2. Clean thou it. ksix is tuts' it; I clean it, nitai'ksixistutsin; he cleans it, ai'ksix istutsimai 6.

v. int. 1. It is clean, ksikap'-

v. t. ina. 1. Keep it clean, ksike'tsit; I keep it clean, nitai'ksiketsip; he keeps it clean, ai ksike tsimaie.

v. t. an. 1. Keep him clean, ai'ksik'm mis; I keep him clean, nitaiksikimmau; he keeps him clean, ai'ksik im mi uaie.

Cleaning, n. abstr. (making clean).

ksix is tut' tük sin ni.

Clear, n. ina. (clear water), sopoŏt'sikimmi (glass, etc.). v. int. 1. It is clear (ina.), ai'-

nnatsi u.

v. int. 6 (an.), al'unum; (the air), minat'siu.

Clear night, v. impers., namotux-

Clear sky, n., ai'itsksi pokau, am'i po kau.

Cleave, v. t. ina. 2. Cleave it, statuxe'it; I cleave it, nitai'stutowerp; he cleaves it, ai'statuxelmai e.

Cleaving. n. abstr., statuxak'sınni. Clergyman, n. an, na to' iapiekuŭn; pl., -kuax.

Clerk, n. an., ai'sĭnakiua.

Climb, v. t. an. 2. Climb thou it, amissa'tsis: I climb it, nitau'amissatau; he climbs it, au'amīssatsiuaie.

Climbing, n. abstr., amis so' sin ni. Cling, v. int. 1. Cling thou, istau'a-atsinukit; I cling, nitsitau'atsĭnūki; he clings, itau'atsĭn-·ŭkiu.

Clip, v. t. ina. 2 (cloth, etc.). Clip it, pinit': I clip it, nitai' pinip; he clips it-aipin maie.

v. t. ina. 2 (as hair). Clip it, poxinit'; I clip it, nitai'poxinip: he clips it, ai' pox in im aie.

Clipping, n. abstr. (cloth, etc.), pinituk'sinni; (hair), poxin'ituksīnni.

Clock, n. an., I tai'ksīs tsikumiopi;

pl., -pix. Close, v. t. an. 3. Come close to me, otsat'tokokit; come close to him, otsăt to kos; I come close to you, kit of sat toko; he comes

close to him, otsat' to ko yi unie. v. int. 1. It is close, otsats'tsi u.

Close, coming, n. abstr., otsat'tokök sĭn ni.

Close up, v. t. an. 3. Close up to me, kaïsko kit: close up to him. ksia'kos; I close up to you, kitsi ksĭs' ko.

v. recipr. Close up together, ksiskotse'ik; they close up together, kaiĭs' kotseiàu.

Closing up together, n. abstr., ks/s'kotseisin ni.

Cloth, n. ina., nai'pistsi; (white), ksik ai pistsi; (black), sik ai pistsi.

Clothe, v. t. an. 1. Clothe me, apaisuts'okit; clothe him, apaisuts'is; I clothe you, kitapaisăts'o; he clothes him, ap'aisătsiuaie.

v. reflect. Clothe thyself, is totos'it: I clothe myself, nits's' totosi: he clothes himself, is to tos'iu.

Clothing, n. abstr., a pai's ats aksinni.

Clothing, v. reflect. Put on clothing, makh' sum i tsiosit; I put on clothing, nitai'akh sumitsiosi: he puts on clothing, aiakh'samitsiosiu.

Clothing, n. ina., istoto' sists. Cloud, n. ina., assoksis' tsikui; pl., -kuists.

Coal, n. ina., siko' ko toki; pl., -kists. Coaloil, n. ina., an a' ki matsi o po mis. Coat, n. ina., sau'otūtsisokosim; spix'i so kosim ; he has a coat, sau otutsisokosimiu.

v. int. 1. Put on a coat, makh'supskausit; he puts on a coat,

ai'akh sups kausi u. Cock, n. an. (of a gun), aikokia pit-

tattaua; pl., -taix.
v. t. an. 2. Cock it, aikokia'pīttāttsīs; I cock it, nituikokia pit tattau; he cocks it, ai'kokia pit tat tsi u ai e.

Cocking a gun, n. abstr., kokia' pit-

Coffee, n. ina., ai'sīxikīm mi; okotox'isïx ikim mi.

Cold, v. impers. It is cold (ina.), sto'siu; sto'ko; (an.), sto'sim; (liquid), sto'kimiu; (meat), stu'itsiu; (weather), stuyi'u.
Cold wind, n. ina., sto'sopu.
Cold, v. int. 1. Feel cold, e ne'pit-

sīt; I feel cold, nitse'niepītsi; he feels cold, ene'pitsiu.

Cold, feeling, n. ubstr., ene' pit sin ni. Colic, n. abstr., ustsiso' koansīn ni; . I have colic, nitsIs'tsisokoan; he has colic, is tsi so' ko an ni.

Colour, v. int. 1. It has colour, nitsInat'tsiu; what colour is it? tsanistsinatsiu'ats? It is such a colour, un'nistainatsiu.

Colour, white, v. int. 6. It is white (an.), ksix Yn um'; v. int. 1 (ina.), ksix Inatsi u.

Colour, black, v. int. 6. It is black, (an.), six in um'; v. int. 1 (ina), sixinat'siu.

Colour, red, v. int. 6. It is red (an.), mawx' In um; v. int. 1 (ina.), mawx'inatsiu.

Colour, green, v. int. 6. It is green (an.), ots' kui num; v. int. 1 (ina.), ots' kui natsı u.

Colour, yellow, v. int. 6. It is yellow (an.), otokui'num; v. int. 1 (ina), o to kui' natsi u.

Colt, n. an., o'kosipoka; pl., -kax. Comb, n. ina., mak'ikiniosatsis: pl., -sists.

Comb the hair, v. int. 1. Comb thou, mak'ikiniit; I comb, nitai'akikini; he combs, ai'akikiniu.

v. t. an. 1. Comb hair for me, makikininokin; comb hair for him, makikininis; I comb hair for you, kitai'akikinino; he combs hair for him, ai'akikininiuaie.

Combing the hair, n. abstr., makikin in üksin ni.

Come down. See "Descend." Come here, v. int. 4. Come thou, puksiput; I come here, nitaipuksipu; he comes here, ai'-

v. t. an. 2. Come to me, puksipa'akit; come to him, puksi-pa'atsis; I come to you, kitai'puksipaato; he comes to him, ai puksi pa'a tsi uaie.

Come in. See "Enter."

Come towards, v. t. an. 2. Come towards me, nokotoa'kit; come towards him, nokotoat'sis; I come towards you, kit'otoatto; he comes towards him, ito'a tsiu-

Coming here, n. abstr., putsipu'sIn-

Coming towards, n, abstr., too' sin ni. Come with. See "Accompany." Comforter, n. an., kin' stô kipsatsis; pl., -six; itai'kinstokipsopi; pl., -

pix. Companion, n. an. (in a dwelling), pokau' pimau; pl., -pimax.

n. an. (of same age), otuk' kau; my companion, nituk'ka; pl., -kaax.

Complete, v. int. 3. It is complete, ai supanistsio.

v. t. ina. 2. Complete it, ksististuts'it; I complete it, nitai'ksist'istutsip; he completes it, ai'ksist'istutsimaie.

Completing, n. abstr., supanis' tsio-: sinni; ksistis tutuk sinni.

Conceive, v. int. 1. Conceive thou, ipitap' pitt; I conceive, nito' pittap pi; she conceives, ipitap' piin.

Conception, n. abstr., i pi tappi' i sin-

Conjure, v. int. 1. Conjure thou, ai'pīssatskasit; I conjure, nitai'pīssatskasi; he conjures, ai'pīssatskasi u.

v. int. 1 (in doctoring). Conjure thou, makhūnīstsi'it; I conjure, nitaiakhūnīstsi; he conjures, ai'akhūnīstsiu.

Conjuring, n. abstr., pissats' kasinni; (doctoring), makh' unistsisinni.

Conquer, v. int. 1 (in wrestling). Conquer thou, atsak'it; I conquer, nita'tsaki; he conquers, a'tsakiu.

v. t. an. 1. Conquer thou him, a tsi' is; I conquer you, kita' tso; he conquers him, a' tsi u ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Conquer thou him, is tsIm is; I conquer you, kits is'-tsImo; he conquers him, is tsIm'-iuaie.

Conquering, n. abstr., a tsak' sĭn ni. Cook, n. an., au' yo si ua: pl., -six.

v. int. 1. Cook thou, auyo'sit; I cook, nitau'yosi; he cooks, au'yosiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Cook it, auyos'attoat; I cook it, nitau'yosattop; he cooks it, auyosattomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Cook for me, auyo' kit; cook for him, auyis'; I cook for you, kitau'iyo; he cooks for him, au'yiuaie.

v. int. 1. Cook thou, isūkkit'; I cook, nitai'sūkki; he cooks, ai'sūkkiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Cook thou it, isit';

I cook it, nitai'sip; he cooks it, ai'simaie.

v. t. un. 3. Cook for me, isum-mo'kit; cook it for him, isum-mos'; I cook it for you, kitai-summe; he cooks it for him, ai-summo'yiuaie.

Cooking, n. abstr., auyo'sinni; isuk'sinni.

Copper, n. an. (metal), mawx'ix-kim.

Cord, n. an., nai' pis tsio pis; pl., -pix. Corn, n.. ina. (wheat), napaien'insim man; pl., -manists; (sweet), awk' pekinatsi; (on foot), it suiau'in nots; I have a corn, nitse'sui au un'noko.

Corner, n. ina., kokitsi'i; koki'i; pl., -iists.

pt., -118ts.
Corpse, n. an., eniu'a, or ini'stum;
pl., aini'ix.

Corpulent, v. int. 1. He is corpulent, so kit'siu.

Cottage, n. ina., nap'ioyis; pl., -yists.

Cotton, n. ina., a' pis; pl., -pists.
Cotton sheeting, n. ina., ksikai' pistsi; pl., tsists.

Cotton wood tree, n. an., asse'tsixim; pl., -imix.

Couch, n. ina., üksin'; pl., -si'ists. Cough, n. ina., süskinuni; pl., -anists.

Cough, v. int. 2. Cough thou, suskinat'; I cough, nitai'sus kina; he coughs, ai'sus kinau.

Could, potential partic., expressed by kots-; as, he could do it, ikots' is tuts imaie.

Coulee, n. ina., kaučkku'i (called by Peigan Indians, sau'okhtai). Long coulee, piame'kaučkkui; pl., -kuists.

Council. They will hold a council, ak'o kök i tsimaiau.

Count, v. int. 1. Count thou, ükstükkit'; I count, nitüks'tükki; he counts, ükstük'ki u.

v. t. ina. 3. Count thou it, ükstoat'; I count it, nit üks'top; he counts it, ükstomai'e.

v. t. an. 3. Count it for me,

ukstomo'kit; count it for him, ukstomos'; I count it for you, kit' ukstomo; he countsit for him, uks' tomovi unie.

Counting, n. abstr., ükstük'sınni. Country, n. ina., ksok' kum; au-

ŏssīn'ni; pl., -siists.

Course, n. ina., moksoku'i.

Cover, n. an., itai'sikiakiopi. Cover. v. t. ina. 2. Cover thou it. sikit'; I cover it, nitai'sikip; he covers it. aisik'imaie.

v. t. an. 1. Cover me, sikio'kit; cover him, sikis'; I cover you, kitai'sikio; he covers him, ai'siki uaie.

v. t. an. 3. Cover for me, sikŭm'mokit; cover for him, sikum'mos; I cover for you, kitai'sikummo; he covers for him, ai'sik ŭm mu yi uai e.

Covering, n. abstr., sikiak'sınni. Cow, n. an., ap'otskina; ski'niuapotskina.

Cow buffalo, n. an., ski'niua.

Crack, n. ina. (in wood), satsix'kai; pl., -kaists.

Crack, v. int. 1 (wood). Crack thou it, ista'toxakit; I crack it, nitaista toxaki; he cracks it, ai's atoxakiu.

v. t. ina. 1. Crack thou it, ista'toxotsit; I crack it, nitailstatoxotsip; he cracks it, ai'Istatox o tsim ai e.

v. t. ina. 2 (of ware). Crack it, isksksin'it; I crack it, nitai'usks kslaip; he crack it, ai üsks'ksĭn im ai e.

v. t. an. 2 (an.). Crack it, isksksin'itsis; I crack it, nitusks'ksīnitau; he cracks it, uskspksīnitsi dai e.

Cracked, v. pass. It is cracked (of wood), ük'üsksksixkau; saiat'ksix kau; (of iron, etc.), isksksĭn'i kau.

Crackle, v. int. 1. It crackles, ai'puttsiu; crackle it, or cause it to crackle (as wood in a fire), ai-'pùt tsit'.

Cradle, n. ina. (baby's), pokau' nk- | Cross, being, n. abstr., min'x'sin ni.

sīn; itauau'aw pīnnīsopi; pl., -pists: Indian cradle, auapis'tan; pl., -tanix.

Cramp, v. int. 3, amuso'sinni; I have cramp, nitai'amuso; he has cramp, aiamuso.

Crane, n. an., se' kum. Crave. See " Beg."

Crawl, v. int. 1. Crawl thou, auwai'skopit; I crawl, nitau' waiskopiu; he crawls, auwai'skop-

Crawling, n. abstr., au wai' skopsin-

Crazy, v. int. 1. Be thou crazy, mat'tsapsit; I am crazy, nitūt'tsapsi; he is crazy, mat'tsapsiu. Creak, v. int. 2. Creak thou, or cause to creak, ai'puxkeiskat; I creak, nitai puxksīska; he creaks, ai' pux ksīskau.

Cream, n. ina., im mistsi'; pl., -tsi'ists.

Creator, the, n. an., Ap'Isto tokiua. Cree Indian, n. an., saie'ku in; asanai kuun; he is a Cree, saiiu'; assĭnai'kuŭnina.

Creek, n. ina., ase' tükh tai; pl., -tai-Yata.

Crime, n. abstr., sau um'itsitap pi isinni: sauum'itskasinni.

Crimson, v. int. 6. It is crimson (an.), mawk'sĭn ŭm.

v. int. 1 (ina.), mawk'sinatsi u.

Cripple, n. an., na'awksi; crippled hand, amut'okitsi; crippled foot, aio'moksikaw; amut'tsin-

Crook, a, n. ina. (cut from the tree), a'ksïxiu; (made by hand), a'kiu: akskio'tāksīn.

Crooked, v. int. 1. It is crooked (of a stick), io'moksīxiu; istse'pomoksixiu; (of a road), is tse' pomokitsiu.

Cross, n. ina., auai'staksin; pl., -ists; cross roads, at sko tai i tsi. Cross, v. int. 1. Be thou cross, minĭx'it; I am cross, nitai'nĭxi; he is cross, ai'nĭxiu; or minĭxiu.

Cross the river, v. int. 3. Cross thou, apam'moat; I cross, nita'-pummo; he crosses, a'pummo; I am going across river, nitak-apummo.

v. t. ina. 3. Cross it, a pum matoat; I cross it, nitau pum matop; he crosses it, au pum ma-

tomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Cross ahead of me, isso pum'ma'a kit; he crosses ahead of him, is so pum ma'a tsi u aie.

Crossing the river, n. abstr., a pummo'sin ni.

Crow, n. an., mas to'; pl., ix. Crow Indian, n. an., is sap po'e ku un. Crow tribe, n. an., is sap po'.

Crush, v. t. ina. 3. Crush it, a pon'-Istoat; I crush it, ultan' pon'istop; he crushes it, au pon'istomaie.

v. t. an. 3. Crush me, sauo' pissotokit; crush him, sauo' pis sotos; I crush you, kitsauo' pis soto; he crushes him, sauo' pis sotuyi uaie.

v. pass. He was crushed, it-

Crushing, n. abstr., apon' is tük sin-

ni; sauo'pis sotuk sinni. Crust, n. ina. (snow), me kun'sko; (bread), mix'kauanitsii.

Crutch, n. ina., o' to at sis.

Cry, v. int. 1. Cry thou, a sain'it; I cry, nitau'a saini; he cries, au'a sainiu.

v. t. an. 3. Cry for me, aisūpasainskoto kit; cry for him, aisūpasainskotos; I cry for you, kitai sūpasainskoto; he cries for him, aisūpasainskoto yiu aie.

Cry for the dead, v. int. 1. Cry thou, asun'it; I cry, nitau'asun-i; he cries, auasun'iu.

Crying, n. abstr., asain'sInni; (for the dead), asain'sInni.

Cup, n. an., kos.

Curb, v. t. an. I. Curb thou me, so ku kĭn'no kit; curb him, so kukĭn nĭs'; I curb you, kitso ku'kĭn no; he curbs him, ai so ku kĭnniu ai e. Curbing, n. abstr, sokukinnuk'-sinni.

Cut, v. t. ina. 2. Cut thou it, kökapit'sit; I cut it, nitai'kök apitsip; he cuts it, ai'kök apits Imaie. v. t. ina. 2. Cut it, is'tsinit; I cut it, nitsis'tsinip; he cuts it,

ails'tsinimaie.
v. t. an. 2. Cut it. istsinit'-

tsis; I cut it, nitsistsin'it tau:

he cuts it, istsInIt'tsi uaie.
Cut, v. reflect. Cut yourself, patunIs'it; I cut myself, nitsi' patunIsi; he cuts himself, pa'tun Isiu.
Cut hair. See "Clip."

Cut the throat, v. reflect. Cut your throat, kawko'kisit; he cuts his

throat, kawk'okisiu.

v. t. an. 1. He cuts his throat, kawk'o kitsiuaie.

MANA UAIGHI UAIG.

v. pass. His throat is cut, kawk'okitau.

Cut off the ear, v. t. an. 1. He cuts off his ear, kawk'stokitsiuaie.

Cut off the nose, v. t. an. 1. He cuts off his nose, kawk anitsiuaie.

Cutting, n. abstr., kčka pit' tůksin ni. Cypress Hill, n. ina., ai i kim' i kui.

D.

Dagger, n. an., sim ük' kin; pl., -kix: Dairy, n. ina., un'ni kio yis. Dam, n. an., skim'; pl., skim'ix. Damsel, n. an., ake' ku ün.

Dance, n. ina., pus'kan; pl., kanists; I am going to the dance, nitak'otuipuska.

Dance, v. int. 1. Dance thou, ipiit; I dance, nitai'ipii; he dances,

ai'ipiiu.

v. t. an. 1. Dance with me, pokipi'm' mokit; dance with him, pokipi'm' mis; I dance with you, kitau' pokipi'm mo; he dances with him, ai' pokipi'm miuaie; let us dance together, ak' opokipiiop.

`~ ŏssĭnni.

Dangerous, v. int. 1. I am dangerous, nitstu'nitans; he is dangerous, stu'nitapsiu; he is a dangerous person, stu'nitapitappiu.

Dark, v. int. 1. It is dark, ski'natsi u.

Darkness, n. abstr., ski' natsīnni. Daughter, n. an. My daughter, nitun'ng; your daughter, ki tun'na;

his daughter, otun'ni. Daughter-in-law, n. an. My daughter-in-law, ni Im'sa; our daughterin-law, niim'sinan; his daugh-

ter-in-law, oom'si.

Dawn, n. ina., ksiskun fa'tunni; appiněk' ku yi.

Day, n. ina., ksistsiku'i; pl., -ists. Daylight, v. int. 1. It is daylight, ai'ksīkiu.

Dead, n. an. The dead, e nix'; he is dead, enin'.

Deaf, n. an., kut'tnickh tsim mi; pl., -mix; he is deaf, mataiokhtsīm i u'ats.

Dear, v. impers. It is dear, a kawk'top; it is very dear, eik nk'awk-

Death, n. abstr., eYnsYn'ni; itawk'kuiniop.

Deceive, v. t. an. 3. Deceive thou me, pistsiksis totokit; deceive him, pistsiksis totos; I deceive you, kit si' pistsi ksistoto; he deceives him, itsipis'tsiksistotoviuaie.

Deception, n. abstr., pistsiksis'totüksinni.

Deep, v. int. 1. It is deep, im mi'u. Deer, n. an., au'atuyi; black tail deer, is'slkotuvi:

Deerskin, n. an., au' a tu vi o to kis. Defeat, v. t. an. 1. Defeat thou me. skltslm mo'kit; defeat him, skitsimmis'; I defeat you, kit'skitsim mo; he defeats him, skits-Im'miunie.

 \mathbf{He} v. pass, an. was defeated, skits Im' mau.

Defeating, n. abstr., skit'stan i.

Dancing, n. abstr., pi'isinni; pi'u- | Descend, v. int. S. Descend thou, in is san'ot; I descend, nitsin'issau or he descends, in Issauo.

v. t. an. 3. Descend for me, in missat' to mokit; descend for him, in nĭs sat' to mos; he descends for him, in nissat' to mo yi uaie.

Descending, n. abstr., in Issau o'sinni.

Desert-land, n. ina., ksïs' tap e ksökkum.

Devil, the, n. an. (lit. stoker), au'tutsokiua; (evil spirit), sauum'itsi-staaw; (evil_person), sauum'itsitappiua.

Devote, v. t. ina. 3. Devote thou it (as to the sun), ikit'stoat; I devote it, hitsik'kitstop; he devotes it, ikit stom ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Devote me, ikitstsio kit; devote him, ikitstsis'; I devote you, kitaikitatsio; he · devotes him, ikits'tsiuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Devote it for me, ikits'tomokit; devote it for him, ikits tomos: I devote it for you, kitai'kitstomo; be devotes it for him, i kits' to mo yi u ai e.

Devoting, n. abstr., ikit'stüksinni. Dial. See "Clock."

Die, v. int. 1. Die thou, init'; I die, nitai'eni; he dies, eniu'.

Different, ina. It is different, noke'tsiu; (an.), he is different, no ke' tsĭm.

Difficult, v. impers. It is difficult. milku'; it is very difficult, eks'kai i Ik u.

Dig, v. int. 1. Dig thou, a tun'iakit; I dig, nitau'atuniaki; he digs, au'ataniakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Dig thou it, atun'-it; I dig it, nitau atun'ip; he digs it, aua tun' Imai e.

v. t. an. 3. Dig it for me, atun'ammokit; dig for him, atun'am mos; I dig for you, kitauatun'ammo; he digs for him,

auatun'am moyiuaie. Digging, n. abstr., atun'aksinni. Dim light, v. impers. It is a dim

light, ai pistsik' un natsiu.

Dinner, n. ina., itut'sikioossin. Dip, v. t. ina. 2. Dip thou it, ista'-pinit; I dip it, nitus'tapinip; he dips it, is ta pin im aie.

v. t. an. 1. Dip me, ista pinokit; dip him, ista'pinis; I dip you, kit us'tapino; he dips him,

ista' pĭniuai e.

v. reflect. Dip yourself, ista'pinosit; I dip myself, nitsis tapinosi; he dips himself, is tapinosiu.

v. recipr. Dip one another, ista'pinotseik: they dip one another, ista pinotse iau.

Dipper, n. an., ista pin uki ua. Dipping, n. abstr., is ta' pin üksin ni. Dirt, n. ina., nimiap'ists; maka'-

pi.

Dish, n. ina., setsiokh'kos.
Displeased. He is displeased, matökhsitukki u'ats (see pleased). Distance, adv. At a distance, oto'-

okhts. Dive, v. int. 1. Dive thou, istailt';

I dive, nitsis' taii; he dives, isv. t. ina. 2. Dive for it, istai'-

iskītsit; I dive for it, nitūs'taiiskītsip; he dives for it, us'taiiskītsīmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Dive for me, istai'iskotomokit; dive for him, istai'iskotomos; I dive for you, kitus'taiiskotomo; he dives for him, us' taiisko to mo yiu aie. .

Divide, v. t. ina. 2: Divide thou it, ai'a ketai pixit: I divide it, nitai'aketaipixip; he divides it, ai'a ke tai pïx imai e.

Diving, n. abstr., istai'sin ni. Division, n. abstr., aiakets'tuksin-

Doctor, n. an., asso'kinakki; pl., -kix; he is a doctor, as'so ki nakki u.

asso'kinokit; doctor him, asso'kinis; I doctor you, kifas'sokino; he doctors him, as'sokiniuaie.

v. t. an. 3 (by applying medi-

cine). Doctor thou me, nokopi'nomokit; doctor him, nokopi'nomos; I doctor you, kitopi'nomo; he doctors him, ipi'no moviuaie.

Doctoring, n. abstr., pi'no müksinni.

Dog, n. an., imita'; pl., -tax; young dog, sisum'.

Dog-louse, n. an., i mi taw' kum; pl., -kumix.

Doll, n. an., atan'skan; pl., -skan'ix. Dollar, n. ani, so pok'si; one dollar, nit so pok si.

Door, n. ina., okh'si pistan. Doorway, n. ina., kitsim'.

Down, prep. and adv, saiin'issauotsin; in Issots'im.

Down the river, adv., pin a potsim. Down the river, go. v. int. 3. Go down the river, ina poat; I go

down the river, nitsin'apo; he goes down the river, in's po-Doze, v. int. 1. Doze thou, oka' no-

pit; I doze, nitai'okanopi; he dozes, aiokano' piu.

Dozing, n. abstr., ok a' no pi sın ni. Draw water, v. int. 1. Draw water thou, akis'it: I draw water, nitau'akisi; he draws water, au'akĭsiu.

Dream, v. int. 2. Dream thou, papau'kat: I dream, nitai'pa pauka; he dreams, ai'pa pau kau.

Dream about, v. t. an. 2. Dream about me, papau'kŏk kit; dream about him, papau'kŏttsīs; I dream about you, kitai'papaukotto; he dreams about him, ai'pa pau kŏt tsi u ai e.

Dream, see in a, v. t. an. 3. me in a dream, popai'nokit; see him in a dream, popai'nos; I see you in a dream, kitai popai'no; he sees him in a dream, põpai'noyiuaie.

t. an. 1. Doctor thou mes Dream, speak to in a, v. t. an. 2. Speak to me in a dream noksipopai'sītsīpsukkit; speak to him in a dream, noksi popai sitsipsattsis; I speak to you in a dream, kitsi popai sitsipsatto: he speaks to him in a dream, aipopai' sitsīpsat tsi uai e. Dreaming, n. abstr., pa pau' kan i.

Dress, n. an. (woman's), a ke' so kosim.

Dribble, v. int. 1. It dribbles (falls in drops), usts'sakuyiu.

v. int. 2. He dribbles (allows spittle to fall), aisopuyio'ikau: istsakoo'ikau.

Dried meat, n. ina., kai'iĭs; pl.,

-Ists.

Drift, n. ina. (snow), a ke' ku ŭnsko; a ke' ku ŭn o pop po kai.

v. int. 1. It drifts, am'o popo-

Drink, v. int. 1. Drink thou, simit; I drink, nitai'simi; hedrinks, ai'sīmiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Drink thou it, simattoat'; I drink it, nitai'simattop; he drinks it, ai'simattomaie.

v. pass. It is all drunk up, itsini'simattop.

Drinking, n. abstr., sim'sin ni.
Drive, v. t. an. 2. Drive thou me,
ku'mükkit; drive him, ku'müttsis; I drive you, kitok'kumütto; he drives him, ok'kumüttsiunie.

Driving, n. abstr., ku mut uk' sin ni. Drizzle, v. impers. It drizzles, aipīs tsīkai sotau; ai' su īs tsi tumekau.

Drop, v. int. 1. Drop thou, in nopiIt; I drop, nitsIn'no pi; he drops, in no' pi u.

v. t. an. 2. Drop me, ina' pix-Ikkit; drop him, ina' pix istsis; I drop you, kitsina' pix isto; he drops him, ina' pix istsi uai e.

v. t. ina. 2. Drop it, ina'pixit; I drop it, nitsin'apixip; he drops it, ina'piximaie.

Drown, v. int. 1. Drown thou, ene'tsit; I drown, or am drowning, nits'enetsi; he is drowning, one'tsin.

v. t. an. 1. Drown thou me, ene'ts'im mokit; drown thou him, ene'ts'im mis; I drown you, kitsene'tsïm mo; he drowns him, e-ne'tsïm miuaie.

v. reflect. Drown yourself, ene'tsimmosit; I drown myself, nitsenetsimmosi; he drowns himself, ene'tsimmosiu.

Drug, n. ina., saam'; pl., -am'īsts. Drum, n. ina., istok'imatsĭs; pl., -sīsts.

v. int. 1. Drum thou, istok'iakit; I drum, nitūs'tokiaki; he_drums, istok'iakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Drum thou it, istok'it; I drum it, nitus' tokip; he drums it, is tok' im aie. Dry, v. t. ina. 2. Dry thou it, ikh-

sit: I dry it, nit likh's p; he dries it, ikh's maie.

v. t. an. I. Dry thou me, ikh-so'kit; dry-him, ikh sis'; I dry you, kitaikh'so; he dries him, ikh'siunie.

v. int. 1. He is dry, ikhsu'yiu; it is dry, ikhitsi'u.

Drying, n. abstr., ikh sūk' sĭn ni.
Duck, n. an., sa au'; pl., -aix.

n. collective, otsa'aisinna. Dumb, n. an., kŭttaie'puyiu; pl., -yix.

Dung, n. ina., misIssau'; pl., -sists. During, prep. partic., saki, in composition; as, during his stay here, otso'ki ai tau pi pi. Dust, p., ina., ists skau'; is ksök'ku.

Dwell. See "Abide."

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Each other. See reciprocal form of the verb.

Eagle, n. an., pi'tau; pl., -tax; white headed eagle, ksīki kīu'i.

Ear, n. ina., mokh to'kIs; pl., -kIsta Early, adv., ksiskūn na'tūn nis; he gets up early, ksiskūn i' puau.

Earnest, v. int. 2. Be thou earnest, eka'kimat; I am earnest, nitui'kakima; he is earnest, e'kaki-

Earnestness, n. abstr., e ka' ki man i.
Ear-ring, n. ina., mokh to' ki pis;
pl., -pists.

Earth, n. an., ksök' kum.

East, adv., u muť aut um iskopi pi: pina potsim. (The latter word. meaning "Down the river," ismore usual.)

Easy, v. impers. It is easy, ksistspa' pi u.

Est, v. int. 1. Est thou, ovit', or, au'yit; I eat, nitau'yi; he eats, au' vi u.

v. t. ina. 3. Eat thou it. au'attoat: I eat it, nitau'attop; he-

.eats it, au'attomaie.

Eat thou me, auv. t. an. 2. ŭk'kīt: eat him, au at'tsīs: I eat you, kitau'atto; he eats him, au'ăt tsi u ai e.

Eating, n. abstr.. oyisYu'ni.

Edge, n. ina., sau o'tsi.

Egg, n. ina., uau'; pl., -au'ests; is it an egg? uau'ats? it is an egg, uau'aie. or. uai'e.

Eight, num. adj., nan'isso; (an.), nan' Isso vim; eight horses, nan'-Is so vim i po no kom' i tax : eggs, nan' Issooyi-oau ests'.

Eighteen, num. adj., nan'isse ko putto: eighteen horses, nan'isse koput tse i-po no kom'i tax; eighteen books, nan'is se ko po tu yi-spik'eĭnak siets.

Eight hundred, num. adj., nan is-

se' ke pIp po.

Eighty, num. adj., nan'issippo. Elbow, n. ina., mokins'tsis; pl., -tsists.

Eleven, num. adj., nitsi ko' put to. Elk, n. an., ponokh ka'; pl., -kax.

Embowel, v. t. an. 1. Embowel thou him, akūtsīn'nīs; I embowel him, nitakutsinnau; he embowels him, a'kuis în niu aie.

Embrace, v. t. an. 3. Embrace thou me, atutto tokit; embrace thou him, atutto'tos; I embrace you, kita'tuttoto: he embraces him, a' tăt to to yi u ai e.

Emetic, n. ina., itau'kĭtskauopi;

pl., -pists.

Empty, v. impers. It is empty, lit., there is nothing in it, matsitssăp pi tsi pats.

Encamp. See " Camp. Enceinte, v. int. 1. She is enceinte.

i pi tăp pi' iu.

Encircle. v. t. an. 2. Encircle Enclose, me (sitting), otako'-Encompass, paakit; encircle him. otuko paatsis; tlier encircle him, i tŭko' paatsi ∥auai e.

v. t. an: 1 (standing). Encircle me, otuk' si pu vim mo kit; encircle otuk'si pu vim mis;

encircle—him,- i tŭk' si pu yĭm mi-

Encourage, v. t. an. 1. Encourage thou me, kitsim'mokit: encourage thou him, kitsimmis'; I encourage you, kitai'kitsīmmo; he encourages him, ai'kitsīm i nai e.

Encouragement, \\ \psi \ abstr., kitsim'-Encouraging, \\ \frac{1}{2} \ \text{uksin ni.}

End, n. ina. (extremity), mi'no kots; u mu'ki tsi pi.

Ended, v. int. 2. It is ended (used up), ai i tsin' i kau.

v. int. 3 (stopped), ai'ksi uo. Endure, v. int./2. Endure thou. mitsi'tat : I éndure, nitai'itsita : he cudures, mitsi'tau.

Enduring, n. abstr., mitsi'tan i. Enemy, n. an., kakhtum'o; my enemy, ni kakh tum'o; his enemy, okakhtum'o; the enemy, okakhtum'i.

Engine, n. an., istsi-an'akŏs; pl., -kösix.

England, n. ina., nitap'iapiekuau össin : nin'ake-istau'össin.

English, n. an., nitap'iapiekuax.

Englishman, n. an., nitap'ianieku ŭn.

English woman, n. an., nitap'iap-

Enlarge, v. t. ina. 2. Enlarge thou it, omuk'apistutsit; I enlarge it, nitomuk'apistutsip; he enlarges it, omŭk'apĭstutsīmaie.

Enough, adv. It is enough, ki un'naie; sup'an istsiu; un'.

Enquire, v. int. 1. Enquire thou, suppo ottsesit; I enquire, nitsuppo'ottsesi; he enquires, suppo'ottsesiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Enquire about it, sappo'ottsesattoat; I enquire about it, nitsappoottsesattop; he enquires about it, sappo'ottsesattomai e.

r. t. an. 2. Enquire of, or about me, suppo' ot tsesuk kit; enquire of, or about him, suppo' ot tsesuts; I enquire of, or about you, kitsuppo' ot tsesuto; he enquires of, or about him, suppo' ot tsesutsi uai e:

v. recipr. Enquire of one another, sup po' ottse sattse Ik; they enquire of one another, alsup pottse sattse iau.

Enter, v. int. 5. Enter thou, pit'; Ienter, nitsipi'; he enters, ni' pim, or, pai yim'.

v. t. an. 3. Enter to me, pīskoto kit; enter to him, pīs' kotos; I enter to you, kitsipīs'koto; he enters to him, paiīs' kotoyiuaie.

Entering, n. abstr., pis'sinni.
Entrails, n. ina., ops'tokists.
Equal. They are equal, neto'yiau.
Escape, v. int. 2. Escape thou.
atsin'mutat; I escape, nitsit'simmuta; he escapes, itsim'mutat.

v. t. an. 1. Escape thou from me, atsim muta' mokit; escape thou from him, atsim muta' mis; I escape from you, kitsit'sim mutamo; he escapes from him, itsim' muta mi uni e.

Evening, n., au'tükku; in the evening, autükkus'si

adv., last evening, autak'-ku vi.

Ever, adr., asks-, in composition; as, he is ever eating, usks' au yiu.

Everybody, n. an., ke nai'tap pix. Evildoer, n. an., sau am'itsi tap piua; pl., -pix.

Evil-doing, n. abstr., sau um' it si tappi i sin ni.

Evil person, n. an. See "Evil-doer."

v. int. 1. Be thou an evil person, sauum'itsitappiit; I am an evil person, nitsauum'itsitappi; he is an evil person, sauum'itsitappiu.

Exactly, adv. partic., mokum', in composition; as, it is exactly there.

mokum'its tsi u.

Extinguish, v. t. ina. 2. Extinguish thou it, akhtsi'it; I extinguish it, nitau'akhtsip; he extinguishes it, auakh'tsīmaie.

Eye, n. an., moops'pi; pl., -pix; he has an eye, i wops' piu; bad eyes, i ku'mopin ni; black eyes, siko-pin'ni; blue eyes, otskapin'ni; he has bad eyes, ux papiniu.

Eyebrow, n. ina., miap'inan; pl., -anists.

Eyelash, n. ina., mo'tokiapinan; pl., -anists.

Eyelid, n. ina., naps'tsiaksin; pl., -sista; a miap'inaksin; pl., -sists.
Eye-sight, n. abstr., itai'miapinapixopi; pl., -pists; sup'sinni.

F.

Face, n. ina., mostoksis'; pl., -ksists.
Fade, v. impers. It fules (as a leaf),
ap'ipitsku; (as a cloth), u'puiokitsiu.

Faint, v. int. 1. Faint thou, Ikūmen'it; I faint, nitai'ikūmeni; he faints, ikūmen'iu.

Fainting, n. abstr., i kūm en' sĩn ni. Faith, n. abstr., au mai' tūk sĩn ni. See "Believe."

Fall, v. int. 3. Fall thou, in is'soat; I fall, nits in' Isso; he falls, in' Issiu.

Fall backward, v. int. 1. Fall backward thou, ak'ikaw peit; I fall backward, nitakikaw pei; he falls backward, ak'ikaw peiu.

Fall down, v. mt. 1. Fall down thou, istokope'it; I-fall down, nits is' tokope; he falls down, istokope'iu.

Fall forward, v. int. 1. Fall forward thou, su'yiopeit; I fall

forward, nitsuyiopei; he falls-

forward 'yi opeiu.

Fall int. f. 1. Fall thou into, issup it; I fall into, nitsissup he falls into, issup popeiu.

Falling, n. abstr., in Isso'sĭn ni; (backward), akikaw pe'isin ni; (down), istoko pe'isinni; (forward), su yio pe' isIn ni; (into), issup po pe' i sin ni.

Fan, n. ina., pokai'i matsis; pl.,

-sista.

Fan, v. int. 2. Fan thou, po kai'imat; I fan, nitopokaiima; he

fans, ai pokai' i mau.

v. t. an. 3. Fan thou me, pokai'imokit; fan thou him, pokai'imos; I fan you, kitopokai'imo; he fans him, pokai'i moyiuaie.

Fanning, n. abstr., pokai'imani.

Far, adv., pie'tsi; pio'; how far is it? tsane'tsipioats? it is far, pi e' tsi u.

Farm, n. ina., in sim' man.

Farm, v. int. 2, in sim' mat; I farm, nitai'însîm'ma; he farms, ai'însĭm mau.

Farming, n. abstr., in sim' mani. Fast, v, int. 1. It is fast (strong), mi'u.,

Fast, adv. partic., ikum, in composition; as, run fust, ikum'aumŏk kat.

Fast, make, v. t. ina. 2. Make fast (strong), mi Is' tutsit; I make it fast, nitaiiïstutsin; he makes it fast, milstutsimaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (of a rope). Make it fast, mils'ksipit; I make it fast, nitsi' Isksipip; he makes it fast, mi Is' ksi pi Im ai e.

Fat, n. ina. (grease or oil), pomis'; (suet), is sis'; (skimmings), im-

Fat, v. int. 1. Be thou fat, aua'-pusit; I am fat, nitaua' pusi; he is fat, aua' pusi u.

Fatness, n. abstr., aua pu' sĭn ni. Father, n. an. My father, nin'a; your father, kin'a; his father, un'ni; our father (incl.), kin'un, (excl.), nin'an; he is fatherless, mat un i u'ats.

Fatigue, n. abstr., sïstsi ko'sin ni.

Fatigued, v. int. 4. Be thou fatigued; sistsikut'; I am fatigued, nitai'sīstsiku; he is fatigued, aisīs tsi ku.

Fear, v. int. Fear thou, koput'; I fear, nitai'kopu; he fears, ai-

ko pum.

v. t. an. 3. Fear me, stun'nokit; fear him, stün nos; I fear you, kit'stanno; he fears him, stun'no yiuaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Fear it, stup'It; I fear it, nitstunip; he fears it,

stŭn' Imaie.

Feast, n. ab-tr., oyi' tani.

Feast, v. int. 2. Make a feast. oyi'tat; I make a feast, nit'oyita : he makes a feast, oyi'tau.

Feather, n. an., mammin'; pl., -min'ix.

Feed, v. t. an. 3. Feed me, isso' kit; feed him, issos'; I feed you, kitai'Isso; he feeds him, ai'Issoyiuaie.

Feeding, n. abstr., is'süksinui.

Feel (touch), v. t. ina. 2. Feel thou it, is'sotsit; I feel it, nit as'sotsip ; he feels it, is sots Imai e.

v. t. an. 3. Feel me, isso' tokit; feel him, isso'tos; I feel you, kitŭs'so to; he feels him, is so' to yi u ai e.

Feeling (by touching), n. abstr., isso'tūk sĭn ni.

Fell, v. t. an. 2. Fell him, kopa'tsīs: I fell him, nitai kopāttau; he fells him, kaiopat' tsi unie.

Female, n. an., ake'; pl., akex'. Female beast, n. an., skim'; pl.,

skim'ix.

ina., nietse' piskun ; Fence, n. (wood), mistse' piskun; (wire), mix'kimistsepiskun; pl.,-kunists.

v. t. ina. 3. Fence it, nistse'pĭskatoat; I fence it, nitai'istsepiskatop; he fences it, ai'Istsepiska tomaie.

Ferry-boat, setse-akh'iosatsis. Fever, n. abstr., ksīsto'sīnni; I have fever, nitseks'kaiksīstosi; he has fever, eks'kaiksīs tos iu.

Few, adj., un'na tosi; they are few, un'na tosiau; few people, un na'-

tsi tappi i.

Fiddle, n. ina., i tai' nik i opi; ni nik'intsis. (Same words are applied to all kinds of instrumental music.)

Fierce, v. int. 1. Be fierce, minix'it; I am fierce, nitai'nīxi; he is

fierce, minīx'iu.

Fifteen, adj., misit si'ko put to.

Fifty, adj., nisitsip' po.

Fight, v. n. 2. Fight thou, aitskat; I fight, nitait'ska; he

fights, ait'skau.

v. t. an. 1. Fight me, aitska'mokit; fight him, aitska'mīs; I fight you, kitait'skamo; he fights him, aitska' minaie.

Fighting, n. abstr., ait'skani. Fighter, n. an., aitska' pitsina.

File, n. an., sese' nitau; pl., -tax. Fill, v. t. ina. 3. Fill it, qto' kImstoat: I fill it, nit'otokimston; he fills it, o' to kim stomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Fill him, oto'kimīs; I fill him, nītotokimmau;

he fills him, ito'kimiunie. Filth, n. abstr., makap'sinni; sik-

ap'sinni.

Filthy, adj., maka'pi; it is filthy (ina.), ma ka'pi u; (an.), ma ka'psiu. Fin, n. ina., omins' tsekin; pl., -kists.

Finally, adv., sako' okhts.

Find. v. t. ina. 2. Find it, kon'it: I find it, nitokon'ip; he finds it, ikon'Imaie; it was found, ikon'ip.

v. t. an. 3. Find me, ko'nokit; find him, ko'nos; I find you. kitoko'no; he finds him, iko'-

no viunie.

v. t. an. Find for me, ko'nomokit; find for him, ko'nomos; I find for you, kitoko'nomo; he finds for him, iko'nomoyiusie.

v. pass. He was found, iko'noau.

Finding, n. abstr., ko'nimani

Fine day, etam'eksīstsikui; matse i ksis tsi kui.

Finger, n. an., mokit'sis; pl., -six. Finger-nail, n. an., autotan'okitsīs; pl., -six.

Finger-ring, n. an., sape'kitsosat-

sis; *pl.*, -six.

Finish, v. int. 3. Finish thou (stop. make an end), ksiuot; I finish. nitai'ksiuo; he finishes, ai'ksi-

v. t. ina. 3. Finish it, ksiu'attoat; I finish it, nitai'ksuattop; he finishes it, ai'ksu at tomai e.

v. t. an. 2. Finish with him (have no more to do with), ksi u'-nttsis; I finish with you, kitaiksuatto; he finishes with him. ai ksu'at tsi u ai e.

Finish, adv. partic, aiksist, in composition; as, when I have finished

eating, ai ksist'o ye ni ki.

v. t. ina. 2. Finish it, ksist'Istutsit; I finish it, nitai ksist istutsip; he finishes it, aiksist' Istuts Im ai e.

Fir, n. ina., pakhtok'sko; lot of fir, pakh tok' skui.

Fir-tree, n. an., pakh tok'i; pl., -ix. Fire, n. ina., is'tsi; pl., -tsi'sts; prairie-fire, paiitsi'; pl., tsi'Ists.

Fire the prairie, v. int. 1. thou, pain suk'kīt; I fire prairie, nitsi'painsāk; he fires prairie, pain sūk' ki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Fire it, paiin'sit; I fire it, nitai' pai Insip; he fires

prairie, ai' pai InsIm ai e. Firing the prairie, n. abstr., pain-

sŭk'sIn ni. First-born, n. an., matom'ipokau;

pl., -pokax. Fish, n. an., mammi'; pl., -mix.

v. int. 2. Fish thou, o mik'at; I fish, nito'mika; he fishes, o'mi-

Fish-hook, n. an., omik'atsïs; pl.,

Five, adj. (ina.), nïs itto'; (an.), nĭsitsi'.

Five hundred, adj., nisit tu'i ke pip-

Flag, n. an., au us' tam; pl., -tam-ix. Flail, n. ina., itaisoīs tsipik'iakiopi; pl., -pists.

Flame. See "Blaze."

Flat, v. impers. It is flat, a pux'ix-

Flay, v. int. 2. Flay thou, in no tat; I flay, hit un'nota; he flays, inno' tau.

v. t. ina. 3. Flay it, inno'tatot; I flay it, nitun'notatop; he flays it, in no ta tomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Flay him, inno'tatsis; I flay him, nit un' no tatau; he flays him, inno tatsiuaie. See "Butcher."

v. t. an. 3. Flay for me, inno'tomokit; flay for him, inno'tomos; I flay for you, kitun'no tomo; he flays for him, in no to moyiuaie.

Flaying, n. abstr., in no tan' i.

Flee. See "Escape."

Fleece, v. t. an. 2. Fleece him (a sheep), aipox is'tsimittsis; fleece him, nit ai pox Is' tsImit tau; he fleeces him, aipox is tsim ittsiunie; he is fleeced, aipoxIs'tsim it tau.

Flesh, n. ina., ixisa'ko; pl., -koists.

Float, v. impers., (on water). It floats, suiai'tsiu; it sau'tuts ai Istsiu; kaiets'auasiu. Flood, n., o kok' ku yeii.

v. int. 1. It floods (overflows),

i kŏk' ku ye u.

Floor, n. ina., ka pox e' nŭk sĭn; pl., -sĭsts.

Flour, n, ina., napaien'; tapaien'. Flow, v. t. ina. 3. Cause it to flow (water), auaku'istoat; I cause it to flow, nitauaku'Istop; he causes it to flow, auaku'Istom-

Flower, n. ina., anut' sui o poki; pl.,

Flows, v. int. 1. It flows, au'akuvi u.

Fly thou, au un'-Fly, v. int. 1.

it; I fly, nit'autini; he flies, au' ŭniu.

Fly thou (rise up v. int. 2. from ground), po'tat; I fly, nitai'pota; he flies, ai'potau,

or paiu'tau.

Fly, n. an. (mosquito), sosksis'si; (blue), atsīm moi'sos ksīs si; (sand), köpskia'ki; (bull-dog, or horse-fly), omuk'sosksīssi.

Flying, n. abstr., au ŭn'sinni; potān'i.

Foal, n. an, o'kosipokau; pl., -kax.

Foam, n., pistsitsa' ku yi.

v. int. 1. It foams, platsitsa'ku vi u.

Fog, n. ina., setse'; pl., -tsists.

Foggy, v. impers. It is foggy, setse' natsi u.:

Follow thou. Follow, v. int. 3. pokio'ot; I follow, nitai'pokio; he follows, pokio'.

v. t. an. 2. Follow me, pokioa'kit; follow him, pokioat'tsis; I follow you, kitopokio'atto; he follows him, pökio'attsiuaie. Following, n. abstr., po ki o' ŏs sĭn ni. Food, n. ina. oan' ŏs sin; pl., -sists. Fool, n. an., mat'tsaps.

v. int. 1. Be thou a fool, mat'tsapsit; I am a fool, nit ŭt' tsaps; he is a fool, mat'tsapsiu.

v. reflect. Make a fool of yourself, au ut' teaps is to tos it : I make a fool of myself, nitau ut' tsaps istotosi; he makes a fool of himself, au ut'tsaps is to tos i u.

Foot, n. ina., mokŏt'sīs; pl., -sists. Foot-print, ot sit'tum iaii pi.

Foot-rest, n. ina., itaisoks'ikakiopt

Ford, n. an., itau pumau'opi; itai'suaoopi; pl., -pix.

Forefathers, n. an., uk'unix; uk'ai tap pix.

Forefinger, n. an., itaua' yopi; pl.,

-pix. Fore-foot, n. ina., is sokotsi; pl.,

-sists. Forehead, n. ina., moni'ls; pl., · YEts.

Forest, n. ina., atsu'oskui.

Fork, n. an., itaiksis'takiopi; it-

au'yopi; pl., -pix.

Former, adi. partic., matom, in composition; as, former people, matom'i tappix.

Formerly, adv., matom'ots; aisum'-

moyi.

Fort, n. ina., ien'nikiapioyis; pl., -yists.

Forty, adj., nissip' pi.

Four, adj. (an.), nisso yim'; (ina.), nisso'o yi.

Four hundred, adj., nisse ke pIp-po.

Fourteen, adj.(an.), nīsse' ko putsi; (ina.), nīsse' ko putto.

Fowl, n. an., nipuau'; pl., -ax.

Fox; n. an., ota'tuyi; pl., yix; kitfox, sinopa'; pl., -paix.

Freeze, v. int. 1. Freeze thou, in epitsit; I freeze, nitse nie pitsi; he freezes, inc pitsiu.

v. impers. (river). It freezes, kakuto'.

Fresh, v. int. 1. It is fresh (an.), mansi'u; (ina.), mani'u.

Friend! interj., na pi'a!; na pi'u ŭk! Friend, n. an. My friend (companion of same age), ni tŭk'ka; pl., kaax; a company of friends, i kon' ŭkka atsix.

Frighten, v. t. an. 1. Frighten thou me, skets'okit; frighten him, skets'is; I frighten you, kit'sketso; he frightens him, us'sketsiuaie.

v. t. an. 2. Frighten thou me, isum'k'kit; frighten him, isun-Is'ts's; I frighten you, kitse'sunlsto; he frightens him, ai'sun'stanistsi unic.

Fringe, n. ina., suyiInIm'man; fringe to leggings, ku'muutan; wide fringe to leggings, apūx'Istoxipokaiista; fringe to a dress, suyiInIm'aisokös.'

Frog. n. an., matse koppis; pl., -pisax.

Frost, n., is sitim moku: is si'nat si.
v. impers. It is frosty, is si'natsiu.

Fry. See "Bake."

Fry-pan, n. an., sik'okos; pl., -kos-

Full, v. int. 1. It is full (an.), itu'itsiu; (ina.), ito' kĭmiu.

Fur, n. ina., motokis'; moku'yis; pl., -yists.

G.

Gamble, v. int. 1. Gamble thou, katsit; I gamble, kitai'katsi; he gambles, ai'katsi u.

Gambling, n. abstr., katso'sĭnni.

Gape, v. int. 3. Gape thou, a pus'out; I gape, nitau' puso; he gapes, au' puso.

Gaping, n. abstr., apds'osinni.
Garden, n. ina., insim'man; pl.,
-manists.

Garment, n. ina., asso'kŏsīm; pl.,

-ists.
Gate, n. ina., nïstse'pïskūn-okh'sipïstan; pl., tan ists.

Gather together, v. int. 1. Gather thou together, omoi' pitükkit; I gather together, nitomoi' pitükki; he gatherstogether, omoi'-pitükki u.

v. t. ina. 3. Gather it together, omoi' potot; I gather it together, nitomoi' potop; he gathers it together, omoi' potomaie; we are gathered together, aumoi' piotsop, or nitau' mi pi ots pinan. Gathering together, n. abstr., omoi'-

pitáksinni.

Gauze, n. ina., itai'sutskiosopi. Gentle, v. int. 1. Be thou gentle, ikinaps'it; I am gentle, nitsikin'apsi; he is gentle, ikin'apsiu; he is a gentle person, ikinap'itappiiu.

Gentleness, n. abstr., ikinap'sinni.

Get down. See "Descend." Ghost, n. an., sta'aw; pl., -awix;

the company of ghosts, otsista'awsinns. Gimlet, n. an., itauaw'künixaki-

opi; pl., -pix.

Girdle, n. ina., ip'satsis; pl., -sists.

Girl, n. an., ake'ku ŭn; pl., -kuax; young girl, ko'ko na; pl., -ko ax.

Give, v. int. 1. Give thou, ko'tukkit; I give, nitoko'tukki; he gives, ko'tukkiu.

v. t. ina. 1. Give it, ko'tsĭt; I give it, uitoko'tsip; he gives it,

iko tsimaie.
v. t. an. 2. Give thou to me.

ko'kit; give to him, ko'tsīs; I give to you, kitoko'to; he gives to him, iko'tsī uaie.

v. recipr. They give to one another, iko' tse iau.

Give, v. int. 1. Give thou, apikotukkit; I give, nitap'ikotukki; he gives, ap'ikotukkiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Give thou it, ap'ikōt toat; I give it, nitap' ikōttop; he gives it, ap' ikōt tomaie.
v. t. an. 1. Give to him, apikais'; I give to him, nitap' ikau;
he gives to him, ap' ikaiuaie.

v. int. 1 (in trade). Give thou, a muts' kotukkit; I give, nito-muts' kotukki; he gives, a muts'-

ko tŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 3. Give thou it, emuts'kotoat; I give it, nite'muts'ko'top; he gives it, emuts'kotomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Give it to him, emūts' kais; I give to you, nitse' mūtskau; he gives to him, emūts' kai uaic.

Giving, n. abstr., kotuk'sınıı; apikotuksınıi; (trading), emuts'kotuksınıi.

Glad, v. int. 1. Be thou glad, etam'etŭkkit; I am glad, nitse'tametŭkki; he is glad, etam'etŭkkiu. See "Pleased."

Gladness, n. absir., etam'etűksin-

Glass, n. ina., sakuk'utüsko; pl.,
-koĭsts; (window, or looking-

glass), assa'piatsis; pl., sists. Glitter, v. impers.. It glitters, ük'unatsiu.

Glove, n. an., a'tsetsi; pl., -tsix.

Gnaw. See "Bite."

Go ashore, v. int. 3. Go thou ashore,

a pits'is soot; I go ashore, nits e'pits is soo; he goes ashore, e pits'is soo.

Go away, v. int. 4. Go thou away, mis'taput; I go away, nitai'istapu; he goes away, ai'istapu.

v. t. an. 2. Go away from me, mista pa'a kit; go away from him, mista pa'a kis; I go away from you, kits is ta pa'a to; he goes away from him, is ta pa'a tsi u-

v. int. 3. Go thou away (remove a short distance), mīsta pa'ot; I go away, nitai īsta pao; he goes away, ai' īsta pao.

Going away, n. abstr., is ta po' sīn ni. Go before, v. int. 3. Go thou before, mato'mot; I go before, nitse' to mo; he goes before, mato' mo.

v. t. an. 2. Go before me, mato'-maakit; go before him, mato'-maatsis; I go before you, kitse'-tomaato; he goes before him, etoma'a tsi uaic.

Go down. See "Descend."

Go home, v. int. 1. Go thou home, a kaiĭt'; I go home, nit'aikaii; he goes home, a'kaiiu.

Go out, v. int. 1. Go thou out, suksit'; I go out, nit'sux; he goes

out, sux'i u.

Go straight, v. int. 3. Go thou straight, mokom'o toat; I go straight, nitse' komoto; he goes straight, ekomoto'.
Go up. See "Ascend."

Go with. See "Accompany."

Go for horses, v. int. 2. Go thou for horses, ato okat; I go for horses, nits e'tooka; he goes for horses, eto okau.

Go to bed, v. int. 1. Go thou to bed, makhitsit'; I go to bed, nitai'-, akhits; he goes to bed, ai'akhitsiu.

Go to war, v. int. 3. Go thou to war, soot; I go to war, nit'soo; he goes to war, soo'.

Going, n. abstr. (go to war), soo'sinni; (to bed), nakhitsis'sinni; Groaning, n. abstr., ai'aminsinui.
Liorses), atoo'kani.
Grope (in dark), v. int. 3. Grope (in dark), v. int. 3. Grope (in dark), v. int. 3. Grope (in dark), v. int. 3.

Goat, n. an., apomak'ikina; pl.,

God, n. an. (the Creator), Ap'Istotokiua; (our Father), Kin'un.
Gold, n. an., otokui'ıx kim-itawk'-pumaupi.

Good, v. int. 1. It is good, okh'-

adj., ŏkh'si-.

Good work, v. impers. It is good work, so ku' piu.

Goods, n. ina. (dry goods), pekhan'-Ists.

Goose, n. an. ap'spinni; pl.. -nix. Gooseberry, n. ina., puk' sinisimun; pl.. anists.

Grandchild, n. an. My grandchild, nis'okos; pl., -kosix.

Granddaughter, n. an. My granddaughter, nis'otunna; pl., -nax. Grandson, n. an. My grandson, nis'ok ku'yi; pl., -yix.

Grand-parent, n. an. My grandparent, mani'; naox; his grand-

parent, maŭx'.
Grass, n. ina., mattuyis ; pl.,
-vists; lots of grass, mai tu'yi kui.
Grasshopper, n. an., tsik' ŭttsi; pl.,

-tsex; lots of grasshoppers, otatsikūttse'isīnua.

Gray (colour). It is gray, ikikin'-inatsiu; gray blanket, ikin'ap-

nipistsi.
Gray-headed, v. int. 1. He is gray-headed, ap'opiu.

Grease. See "Fat." Great. See "Big."

Green; v. int. 6. It is green (an.), ots'ku in um.

v. int. 1. (ina.), ots'kuïnatsiu.
Greet, n. an. Greet me, ksemättsim'inokit; greet him, ksemattsim'ns; I greet you, kitksemattsimmo; he greets him, aiksemättsim'miuuie.

Greeting, n. abstr., kse mattsim'möksinni.

Groan (with pain), v. int. 1. Groan thou, ai'amin'it; I groan, nitai'amin'i; he groans, ai'amin'iu.

Groaning, n. abstr., ai'amin sin ni. Grope (in dark), v. int. 3. Grope thou, ksīstapo'at; I grope in dark, nitai'ksīstapo; he gropes in dark, ai'ksīstapo.

Ground, n. an. (sail), ksök'kum. Grow, v. int. 1. Grow thou, istauns'it; I grow, nital'Istauasi; he grows, ni'istauasiu.

growls, atskinau.

Grub, n. an., isksi'nau; pl., -nax. Grunt, v. int. 1. Grunt thou, awk'umit; I grunt, nitawk'umi; he grunts, awk'umiu.

Gull, n. an., ai'isipIsau; pl., -ax. Gum, n. an. (of tree), dx pau dx'Is; (chewing), au dx'Is; (mucilage), itaux'pau dkio pi.

Gun, n. an., na'ma; heavy gun, sok'kui-nama.

Gun-cap, n. au., mix kim i kis' sai ketan; pl., -tan ix.

Gun-case, n. ina., asso tse na mau; pl., -muists.

Gun-powder, n. ina., satso' potsis; pl., -sists.

Gut, v. t. an. 1. Gut him, akuts-Iu'nīs; I gut him, nitakūts'īnnau; he guts him, a'kūts'īnniuaic.

Gutting, n. abstr., a kütsin nük'siu-

H.

Hail, n., kísse kínau.

v. impers., saku', or ai'saku. Hsir, n. ina. (of the head), oku'yikīnsists; otok'kuikīnsīani; (of

animals), oku'yis. Hairy, v. int. 1. It is hairy (ina.), immuyis'siu.

Half, adj. and adv., anaukh'ots; anaukh-.

Half-breed man, n. an. (Cree), saiap'iekuün; (Blackfoot), anauk'-Itappiekuün.

Half-breed woman, n. an. (Cree),

saiap'piake; (Blackfoot), anauk'It'lappiake.

Half-way, ai'a ke tots.

Halter, n. ina., assuts'kimatsïs: pl., -sists.

Ham, n. ina., ak'sinowopissuk; vl., -sük ists. Hammer, n. an., itai'pixopi; pl.,

Hammer, v. int. 1. Hammer thou, ai' pĭx īt; I hammer, nitai' pīx i ;

he hammers, ai'pixiu. 1 Hand, n. ina., motsls'; pl., -tsi'Ists.

Handle, n. an. (of a door), itai'okiakiopi.

Hang, v. reflect. Hang yourself, auuts'estupsit; he hangs himself, au ŭis'estupsi u.

Happiness, n. abstr., etam'etüksin-

Happy, v. int. 1. Be thou happy, etam'etük kit ; I am happy, nitse'tametukki; heishappy,etam'e tük ki u.

Hard, v. impers. It is hard, mi'u. Hardly, adv. partic., pa'tsik, in composition; as, it is hardly burning, pa'tsīk-auk pāk'ku ye tsi u.

Harlot, n. av., mats'ake; pl., akex; she is a harlot, mats'a ke u.

Harm, v. t. an. 3. Harm thou me, kīmatsīs' to to kīt ; harm him, kimatsis' to tos; I harm you, kitai'kīmateīstoto; he harms him, si'kima tsis to to yi uni e.

Harmless. See "Gentle."

Harness, n. ina., kĭn' statsīs.

Harrow, n. an., itai'kInikImixakiopi; pl,-pix.

Harrow thou. v. t. ina. 2. ikin'ikimixiit; I harrow it, nitaikinikImixiip; he harrows it, ai i kĭn i kĭm ix i ĭm ai e.

Harvest, n. abstr., pokiak'sinni. Haste, v. int. 1. Haste thou, an e'tākkīt; I haste, nitse'netākki; he hustes, an e'tük ki u.

v. int. 1. Haste thou, kipan-Istsit; I haste, nitai'kīpan istsi; he hastes, kaiīp'anīstsiu.

Hasting, n. abstr., an c'taksiuni. Hat, n. ina., istsummokon; (with) brim turned up), immiksīs' tsummo kon; (fur), im mo yis' taum mokőn.

Hat, put on a, v. int. 1. Put a hat on, istsum' mokit; I put hat on, nitsis' tsum moki; he puts hat on, is tsum' mok i u.

Hate, v. t. an. 1. Hate thou me, istsImIm'mokit; hate him, istsīmīm'mīs: I hate you, kītsīstsīm mo; he hates him, is tsīm im'miuaie.

v. t. an. 1. Hate thou me, au'-. kimmokit; hate him, au'kimmis; I hate you, kitau'kimmo: he hates him, au'kim mi uai e.

Have for one's own, v. t. inu. 3. Mave it, nitsinan'attop; he has it, minan'at tomai e.

v.M., an 2. Have thou him, minan at its . I have him, nite. nanattau: he has him, minan'attsi uaie.

Hay, n. ina., mattuyis'; poxe'ninniman; pokrak'sin.

v. int. 1. Cut hay, pokiak'-it; I cut hay, nitaipokiaki; he cuts hay, pokiak'in.

He, pers. pron., osto'i; joined with verbs, o-, ot-.

Head, n. ina., motokon'; pl., -kon-

ĭsts. Heal, v. int. 1. Heal thou, kut'totakkit; I heal, nitokut' totakki; he heals, ikut'totŭkkiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Heal thou it, kut'tutsIt; I heal it, nitokut'tutsip; he heals it, ikut'tutsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Heal thou me, kut'totokit; heal him, kut'totos; I heal you, kitokut'toto; he heals him, ikuť totoyiuaie.

Healing, n. abstr., kut'totüksinni. Hear, v. int. 1. Hear thou, okhtermit; I hear, nitai okh termi; he hears, ai'okh tsīm i u.

v. t. ina. 2. Hear thou it, okh'tsit; I hear it, nitai'okhtsip; he hears it, ai'okh tsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Hear thou me, okhto'kit: hear him, okh tos'; I hear you, kitai'okhto; he hears him, ai' okh to vi uai e.

Hearing, n. abstr., okh tsim'sin ni. Heart, n. an., mo'skettsipoppi; pl., -pi ists; my heart, nus'skettsi-poppi; your heart, kus'skettsipoppi; his heart, o'skettsipop-

Hearth, n., potat'skan.

Heat, n. abstr., ksīstutsīs'sīnni.

v. t. ina. 2. Heat thou it, ksistuts'istutsit; I heat it, nit ai ksistuts is tuts ip; he heats it, ai' ksistuts Is tuts Im ai e.

Heaven, n., spots'im; Apistotokiu-

ot si tau' pi pi.

Heavy, v. It is heavy (an.), issoks-

ĭm'; (ina.), issoko'.

adj., issok-, in composition; as, issok ui au otan, heavy shield. Heel, n. ina., mototun'; pl.-tu'ists.

Helm, n. an., itau'komotoputsak'iopi.

Help, v. int. 1. Help thou, spum'-mukkit; I help, nitus'spummuki; he helps, spum' mukiu.
v. t. an. 3. Help thou me,

spum'mokit; help him, spum'-mos; I help you, kit'spummo; he helps him, spum'moyi uai e.

v. recipr. Help one another, spum'motseik; they help one another, spum' motse iau.

Help, n. abstr., spum'mūksinni; mutual help, spum'motseisinni. Helve, n. ina., sapi'kumatsīs; pl., -sists.

Hen, n. an., nipuau'; pl., -a'ax; nitau'ake, pl. -kex.

Her, pers. pron. Same as "Him." Here, adv., an nom'; interj., here it is! ma; here he is! an'auk; here it is (ina.), a moi'iaukaie;

(an.), a moi' i auk Inai. It is here, amom'auk; he is

here, oma'auk. Here and there. See " About."

Hew. See "Cell."
Hiccough thou,
pailskis sit; I hiccough, nitawk' pails ksistunis; he hiccoughs, awk pai is ksis tun isi u.

Hide, n. an. (green), otokis'; pl., -kix; (dry), asi kin'; pl., -kix.

Hide, v. int. 1. Hide thou, ksas'it; I hide, nitai'ksasi; he hides, ai'ksas i u.

v. t. ina. 3. Hide thou it, ksis'attoat; I-hide it, nitai'ksisattop; he hides it, ai'ksisattomaie.

r. t. an. 2. Hide thou me, ksisŭk'kit; hide him, ksisŭt'tsis; I hide you, kitai'ksIsatto; he hides him, ksīsat'tsiuaie.

Hiding, n. abstr., ksas'sĭnni.

High, v. impers. It is high, spi'u. High river, n., spitse'.

High water, v. impers. It is high water, i kök ku' ye u.

Hill, n. ina., netum'mo; pl., -moists; ridge of a hill, paučkkhu'i; slope of hill, saien'issots; circular or horse-shoe shaped ridge, akhakhu'i; edge of hill, issokh'i tots.

Himself, pers. pron., auut'-, self joined with the verb; as, he told him himself, an ut'an istsi uai e.

When reflective form of verb is used, this pronoun is not used; as,he hurts himself, a' kon nosi u. Hinder. See "Stop."

Hinge, n. an., a' wa ki ua. Hip, n. ina., moop'isuk. His, pers. pron., otsinan'.

Hit, v. int. 1. Hit thou, au ai ak' i-It; I hit, nit'auaiaki; he hits, au'aiakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Hit it, auak'ist; I hit it, nitau'akip; he hits it, au ak'Imai e.

v. t. an. 1. Hit thou me, auaiak'iokit; hit him, auaiak'iIs; I hit you, kitauniakio; he hits him, auaiak'iuaie.

Hitting, n. abstr., auaiak' iaksīnui. Hoary head, n. an., up'opi; pl., -pix.

Hoe, n. an., i taitsi kun'akio pi; pl.,

Hog, n. an., ak'sinni; pl., -nix. Hoist, v. int. 2 (as a flag). Hoist. thou, saiak'i mat ; I hoist, nitai'-

saiakima; he hoists, ai'saiaki-

v. t. ina. 3. Hoist thou it, sai-ak'imattoat; I hoist it, nitsai-ak'imattop; he hoists it, saiak'-imattomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Hoist thou me, sai-ak' imükkit; hoist him, sai-ak' i-müttsıs; I hoist you, kit-sai-ak'-imat to; he hoists him, sai-ak'-imattsi uaie.

v. t. ina. 3 (pull up). Hoist it, ispsköp'attoat; I hoist it, nitusps'köpattop; he hoists it, isps-

köp'at tomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Hoist thou me, ispsköp'ākkīt; hoist him, ispsköp'ākkīt; loist you, kitūspsköpatto; he hoists him, ispsköp'attsi uaie.

Hold, v. int. 1. Hold thou, ečn'nukkit; I hold, nits'čnnukki;

he holds, e čn nukki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Hold thou it, een'it; I hold it, nits'enip; he holds it, een'imaie.

v. t. an. 1. Hold thou me, een'okit; hold him, een'is; I hold you, kits'eno; he holds him, een'iuaie, or, ai'In niuaie.

See " Have."

Holding, n. abstr., een'nuksinni.

Hole, n. ina., auŏt'siman; pl.,
-man'ists. It has a hole in it,
au'nikau; buffalo hole, inew'ŏtsiman; hole dug out, atdu'aksin.

Hollow, v. impers. It is hollow,

stsĭki'u,

Hollow place in earth, n., stsik' ükku. Holy, v. impers. It is holy, nato-

Holy, v. impers. It is holy, nato-

adj., nato' yi-, atsim-, in composition.

position. Home, n. ina. Our home, ko kun'un.

Honey, n. ina., na mo' ŏs sin. Hood, n. ina., sa pim' man.

Hoot, n. an., oklisistsin'; pl., -tsix'.

Hook, n. an. (fish), a mik'atsis; pl.,
-six; (kettle), sokopisat'sis; pl.,
-six.

Hoop, n., itsi'uŭssi.

Hop, v. int. 1. Hop thou, itum'ikawpaipiit; I hop, nitai'tumikawpaipi; he hops, ai'tumikawpaipiu.

Hopping, n. abstr., itum'ikaw pair

pisinni.

Hopple, v. t. an. 2. Hopple him, omokop is' tsis; I hopple him, nitomokop is' tsu; he hopples —him,—omokop' istsiuaie;—he—ishoppled, omokop' istau.

Hoppling, n. abstr., omokopistuk'-

sĭnni.

Horn, n. an., otskin' au; pl., -ax. Horse, n. an., ponokom'ita; pl., -tax; white horse, api'u; black horse, sĭk'ĭmi; grey horse, sĭkapi'u; bay horse, assokh'kuyi; dark bay horse, sika'sokh ku yi; light bay horse, apuia'sokhkuyi; pinto horse, kittsīp'īmi; cream horse, otoka'piu; buckskin horse, otoku'imiu; light buck-skin horse, ksikotoku'imiu; dark buck-skin horse, siko'to kuimiu, or, sĭk'oasiu; roan horse, mokh'oasiu; blue horse, ots'kuimiu; brown horse, otokus'ksīsiu; sorrel horse, otsīm'miu; light sorrel horse, a puio'simmiu: dark sorrel horse, sik'ot Mm mi u.

Horse collar, n. ina., kĭn'stan; pl.,
-stanists; ponokŏm'it-okĭn, pl.,
-kĭnists.

Horseman, n. an., okhitto'piua; pl, -pix.

Hot, v. int. 1. He, or it, is hot (an.), ksīsto'si u.

v. int. 5, ksis to sim.

v. int. 1 (ina.), ksīstu yi'u. House, n. ina., nap'io yis; pl., -yists.

House, n. man, map to yis; pl., yists.

How, adv., tsa'a; how will you do
it? tsa'kitak'an istsipats? how
is he coming? tsa'akan istsipuksipu? how many? isan etsimats? how big? tsaniko'kimiu-

Howl, v. int. 4. Howl thou, a'tut; I howl, nitai'atu; he howls, ai'-

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Howling, n. abstr., a' tusiani, Hug, v. t. an. 3. Hug me, atatto'tokit; hug him, atatto'tos; I hug you, kita' tat to to; he hugs him, a' tat to to yi uai e.

Hugging, n. abstr., a tatto' tak sin ni. Hump-back, v. int. 1. He is humpbacked, ksa' mūs kini u.

Hundred, adj., kepip po; a hundred people (an.), ke přp' pi-matap pix; a hundred-books (ina.),ke plp' po yi-splk sin ak sists.

Hunger, v. int. 1. Hunger thou, aunots'it; I hunger, nitau'nots; he hungers, au'nots' iu.

n. abstr., au nots'sIn ni.

Hunt, v. int. 1. Hunt thou, sam'it; I hunt, nit'sami; he hunts, sam'>

v. t. an. 2. Hunt thou me, samāk'kit; hunt him, samāt'tsīs; I hunt you, kit'samūtto; he hunts him, sam ut'tsi uni e.

v. int 1. Hunt thou. apskunuk'kit; I hunt, nitapskunuk'ki; he hunts, ap'sku nukki u.

Hunting, n. abstr., sam'sInni; ap'sku nak sin ni.

Hurry. See " Haste."

Hurt. v. t. ina. 2. Hurt thou it, akonnit'; I hurt it, nita'konnip; he hurts it, a konnîmai c.

v. t. an., 1. Hurt thou me, a kön no'kit hurt him a kön nis': I hurt you, kita'kõmno; he hurts him, a' kön ni uai e.

v. pass. I am hurt, nita'konnoko; he is hurt, a'konnau.

v. reflect. Hurt yourself, a kon'nosit; I hurt myself, nita'könnos; he hurts himself, a kon nos-

Hurting, n. abstr., a kön nük'sin ni. Husband, n. an. My husband, nom'a; your husband, kom'a; her husband, om'i,

I, pers. pron., nesto'a; in conjunction with verbs, nit-.

Ice, n., sakuk'a tui kun i kim.

III, v. int. 1. Be thou ill, okh tokos'it; I am ill, nitai'okh to kosi; he is ill, ai'okh to kosi u.

Iliness, n. abstr., okh to kos'sinni.

Imitate, v. t. an. 2. Imitate thou me, e'mākkit; imitate him, emat'tsis; I imitate you, kitai'emut to; he imitates him, ar e muttsi u ai e.

v. int. 1. Imitate thou, pok'iau istsit; I imitate, nito pok'ianis tsi; he imitates, pok'ian'stsi u.

Imitation, n. abstr. (in speech), pok'ian Issin ni.

In prep. (inside), pistots'im; he, or it, is in, pistots'imank.

Inch, n. ina., nito' kitsaksin. Indian, n. an., nit'sitappekujun; (woman), nit'si tappia ke. Insect, n. an., is kslu'au; pl., ax.

Instead of, adv. particle, atsu-, incomposition.

Into, particle, tsips-, sup'-, sui-, in composition; as, he runs into (house), itsīpsaukska'siu; he pours it into (bucket), supa'suyınımaie; he throws it into (water), sui a' pĭx Im aie.

·Invitation, n. abstr., atsImmau'i; issta'sInni; ümmük'sInni.

Invite, v. int. 2. Invite thou, atsImmat'; I inviter nitau'atsīmma; he invites, au atsīm-

v. t. an. 2. Invite thou me, isstuk'kit; invite him, issta'tsis; I invite you, kitus'statto; he

invites him, usstattsi uaie.
v. t. an. 1. Invite the Invite thou me, ; ŭm'mokit; invite him. ŭm'mïs; I invite you, kit um'mo; he invites 'him, ŭm'miuaie.

Iron, n. an. (metal), mix'kim; pl., '-kimix ; (laundry), it us' tsi kawk-

·iakiopi; pl., -pix.

v. int. 1. Iron thou, is tsi ka wk'iakit; I iron, nitūstsikawk'iaki; he irons, ustsikawk'iakiu. Island, n. ina., min ni'; pl., -nists. Itch, v. int. 1. Itch thou, is tseps'-

it: Litch, nitsis' tsepsi; he itches, istseps'i u.

Itching, n: abstr., is tseps' sin ni.

Jacket. See." Coat."

Jar, n. ina., itai'suppitukiopi; pl., -pists.

Jaw-bone, n. an., mopskin'ai. 🗈

Jealous, v. int. 2. Be thou jealous, ksīssats'iuat; I am jealous, nitsiksīssats'iua; he is jealous, aiksīssatsi uau.

v. t. an. 2. Be thou jealous of me, ksīssats'iuŭkkīt; be jealous of him, ksīssats'iu uttsīs; I am jealous of you, kitai'ksIssatsiuutto; he is jealous of him, aiksĭssatsiu ŭttsiuaie.

v. int. 1 (between man and wife). Be thou jealous, kopu'în-aiït; I am jealous, nitokopu'-Inaii; he is jealous, kopu'iiaiiu.

v. t. an. 2. Be thou jealous of me, kopu'în au ŭk kît; be jealous of him, kopu'inauuttsis; I am jealous of you, kitokopu'inauutto: he is jealous of her, kopu'-In au üt isi u ai e.

Jealousy, n. abstr., ksissats'iuani: (between man and wife), kopu'-

Inaisinui.

Jest, v. int. 1. Jest thou, kip'anit; I jest, nitai'kīpani; he jests, kīp'aniu, or, kaiīp'aniu.

v. t. an. 2. Jest with me, kipan'ikit; jest with him, kipan'istsis: I jest with you, kitai'kipanisto; he jests with him, aikipan' Istsiuaic.

Jesting, n. abstr., kipan'issinni.

Jog, v. t. an. 3 (with elbow). Jog thou me, kseikiok'okit; him, kseikiok'os; I jog you, kitaikseikiok'o; he jogs him, aikseikiok'oyiuaie.

Jogging, n. abstr., ksei ki ok' čk sĭn-

Journey, v. int. 3. Journey thou,

aumattoat'; ·I journey, nitau'mat to; he journeys, au mat to.

Journeying, n. abstr., au mat to'sin-

See. "Gladness." Joy.

Joyful. See "Glad," "Pleased." Judge, n. an., au'kökitsimükiua: pl., ·ŭkix.

v. int. 2, au kok' itsim mat; I judge, nitaukok'itsimma: he

judges, au'kok i t-īm mau.

v. t. an. 2. Judge thou me, aukok'itsimmükkit; judge him, 'au kök' i tsīm mūt tsīs ; I judge you, kitaukŏk'itsĭmmŭtto; he judges him, au kok' i tsīm mūt tsiuai e.

Judging, n. abstr., au kök' i tsi man i. Jug_n.

Juice, n. ina. (sweet); matsei po' ko. Jump, v. int. 1. Jump thou, opai'pilt: I dump, nitopai'pii; he

jumps, ophi'piu.

Jump high, v. int. 1. Jump thou high, spo'paipiIt; I jump high, nitspo'paipi; he jumps high, spo' pai pid:

Jumping, n. abstr., opai'piisinni; jumping high, spo' pai pi i sīu ni.

Just, v. int. 1. Be just, mokom'otsi tappi It; I am just, nito'komotsitappi; he is just, mokŏm'otsi tappi.

Just, being, n. abstr., mokom'otsi-

tappisinni.

Keep. See "Have."

Keep the head quiet, v. int. 1. Keep thou the head quiet, amok'iakit; I keep head quiet, nit au' mokiaki; he keeps head quiet, amŏk'iakiu.

Keep the head quiet and listen, v. int. 1, istsan'nokiakit; I keep head quiet and listen, nitus' tsannokiaki; he keeps head quiet and listens, istsan'no ki ak i u.

Keg, n: ina., assuyin'; pl., -yin'īsts.

Kettle, n. an., is'ka; pl., -kix. Key, n. an., itai'kauai pixixtak iopi; pl., -pix.

Kick, v. int. 1. Kick thou, sekökit'; I kick, nitai'seköki; he kicks, ai'sekökiu.

v. t. an. 2. Kick me, sekūk'kīt; kick him, sekūttsīs; I kick you, kitai' sekūtto; he kicks him; ai' sekūttsi uni e.

v. t. ina. 3. Kick thou it, sekŏttoat'; I kick it, nitai'sekŏttop; he kicks it, ai'sekŏt tomaie.

Kicking, n. abstr., se kök'sınni.

Kidney, n. ina., o'tok, or, u'tok; pl.,

tok ists.

Kill, v. l. an. 2. Kill thou me, inikit; kill him, init' t-is; I kill'you, kitse'nito; he kills him, init'tsiuaie.

r. pass. He is killed, initan'; I am killed, nitso'niko.

Kill by stealth, v. t. an. 2. Kill me by stealth, köm'i'niktt; kill him by stealth, köm'i'nittsis; I kill you by stealth, kitoköme'nitto; he kills him by stealth, köm'inittsiuaie.

Kill in the night, v. t. an. 2. Kill thou me in the night, sepe nikit; kill him in the night, sepe nixtsis; I kill you in the night, kitaisepenitto; he kills him in the night, sepe nittsivaie.

Rill secretly, v. t. an. 2. Kill thou me secretly, kseme'nikit; kill him secretly, kseme'nitts's; I kill you secretly, kitai'ksemenitto; he kills him secretly, aikseme'nittsiuaie.

Killing, n. alatr., inik'sinni.

Kind. See " Pity."

Kind. This or that kind (ina.), un'-nian Istappi; (an.), un' nian Istup' si.

Kind-hearted, v. int. 1. Be thou kind-hearted, awx'apsIt; I am kind-hearted, nitawx'aps; he is kind-hearted, awx'apsiu.

v. t. an. 2. Be kind-hearted towards me, awx'apsükkit; be kind-hearted towards him, awx'- apsattsis; I am kind-hearted towards you, kitawx'apsatto; he is kind-hearted towards him, awx'apsattsiuaie.

Kind-heartedness, n. abstr., awx'-

Kindle, v. int. 1. Kindle thou (a __fire), _istsük'kīt; _I_kindle, _nitüst'sükki; he kindles, istsük'ki u. v. i. ina. 2. kindle thou it,

istsit'; I kindle it, nitus'tsip; he kindles it, us'tsimaie.

Kindling, n. abetr., istsük'sinni. Kindling, n. ina., satsak'sin; pl., -sists.

Kindness. See "Pitying."

Kindred, n. an. My kindred, nix'okoax; our kindred (excl.), nix'okoinan; (incl.), kix'okoinun. King, n. an., omux'inau; pl., -inax.

Kinsman, n. an. My kinsman, nix'-okoa; your kinsman, kix'okoa; his kinsman, ox'okoa; pl., -koax.

Kiss, v. t. an. 1. Kiss thou me, sin naus kippokit; kiss him, sinnaus kippis; I kiss you, kitsinnaus kippo; he kisses him, sinnaus kippi unie.

Kissing, n. abstr., sin naus' ki tüksin ni.

Kitchen, n. an., itau'yosiopi.

Kitten, n. an., pus'-o'kos.

Knead, v. int. 1. Knead thou, aitskawkio'tūkkit; I knead, nitait'skawkiotūkki; he kneads, aitskawkio'tūkkiu.

Kneading, n. abstr., aitskawkio'tuksinni.

Knee, n. an., muttoksis'; pl., -ksix. Kneel, v. int. 1. Kneel thou, a pis'tuk sisanopit; I kneel, mta'pistuk sisanopi; he kneels, a'pistuk sisanopiu.

Knife, n. an., sto'an; pl., -ax. Knife-scabbard, n. ina., asso'to an pl., -asts.

Knock, v. int. 1. Knock thou, istok'iakit; I knock, nitus'tok's aki; he knocks, is tok'iakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Knock it, istok'it; I knock it, nitus'tokip; he knocks it, istok'Imaje.

Knocking, n. abstr., is tok' iak sinni. Knock .over, v. t. ina. 2. Knock it over, apo pot'tsi it: I knock it over, nitapo pot'tsi' ip; he knocks - it over, apo pŏt isi' Im ai e.

Knot, n. ina., čkua pisatuksin;

is'ksi pĭs tŭk sĭn.

Knot, tie-a, v. int. 1. Tie-a-knot thou, ökua'pīsattūkkit; I tie a knot, nitok'uapīsattūkķi; ok'-

ua pisht tük ki u.

Tie it, ökua' pisv. t. ina. 3. attoat; I tie it, nitok'uapisattop; he ties it, ŏk' ua pĭsat tomai e. v. int. 1. Tie a knot thou, is'ksi pletakkit; Į tie a knot, nltsis'ksipistukki; he ties a knot, is' ksi pīs tūk ki u.

Know, v. t. ina. 2. Know thou it. is ksīnit'; I know it, nit us' ksīnip; he knows it, isksīnīmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Know thou me, isksino'kit: know him, isksinos'; I know you, kits'ksino; he knows him, isksınnu'yi uai e.

Knowledge, n. abstr. is ksin ŭk'-sin vi.

Lacerate, v. t. an. 2. Lacerate thou me, ümstsi'ikit; lacerate him, ŭmstsi'itsïs; I lacerate you, kitums'tsitito; he lucerates him, umstsititsiuaie.

Laceration, n. abstr., umstsi'ituk-

sĭn ni.

See "Boy." Lad.

Ladder, n. ina., amissa'akatsis; pl., -sists.

Lake, n. ina., omuk'sikimi; pl., -ists.

Lame, v. int. 1. Be thou lame, ustse'kaiit; I am lame, nitüs'tsekaii; he is lame, us'tse kaiiu. Lameness, n. abstr., ŭs tse kai isin ni.

Lamp, n. ina., anak'imatsis; pl., -sists.

Land, n. an., ksök' kum.

Lap, p. int. 1. Lap thou (as a dog), sinstukkit; I lap, nitaisinstukki; he laps, aisīnstūkkiu.

v. t. ina. 1. Lap thou it, sinstsit'; I lap it, nitsinstsip; he laps it, sĭnstsĭmai'e.

Lapping, n. abstr., sinstak'sinni. Lard, n. ina., ak'sĭuopomĭs.

Large. It is large (an.), onlak'sim; (ina.) omuk'o; he is large, omuk'sım : I am large, nitomuk-This is applied also to age; as, I am advanced in years, nitomuk'sim.

∠If a horse) omŭk'imiu.

How large is he? (an.), tsane'koksimats? 'how large is it? (ina.), tsane'kokoats? how large is it? (applied, to horse, cow, or _dog, etc.), tsanekokimiu'ats?

Lariet, n. ina. (cowboy), kumam' i-(Indian tsIn ŭkiopis; braid), am'itsïnŭkiopis; (plain raw hide), mio'pis; (Peigan four braid), ats' o to poam its in ik io pis. v. t. an. 2. Throw the lariet, i to köt tsīs'.

Laugh, v. int. 1. Laugh thou. i'im'it; I laugh, nitai'im i: he laughs, ai'imiu; laugh at me, aiIm'sketokit; laugh at him, ai'm'skotos: I laugh at you. kitai imskoto; he laughs at him, ai im sko to vi uai e.

Laughter, n. abstr., i Im' s'In ni. Law, n. ina., aukčk' itsiman i.

"Judge."

Lay, v. t. ina. 1. Lay it down, po'-. tsit: I lay it down, nitsipo' tsip: he lays it down, po'tsimaie, or, paio tsimaie.

Lay it down, itsv. t. ina. 3. toat; I lay it down, nitsitstop; he lays it down, itstom'aie.

v. t. an. 1. Lay him down, itstsis: I lay you down, kitsitstso; he lays him down, its tsi'uai e.

v. t. an. 1. Lay me down, is-tokitso'kit; lay him down, istokitsis; I lay you down, kitsis'tokitso; he lays him down, istoki tsi'uai e.

Lay eggs, v. int. 1, auaiit; she lays

eggs, au'aiiu.

Lazy, v. int. 1. Be thou lazy, sta'apsit; I am lazy, nit'staapsi;

he is lazy, sta'apsi u.

Laziness, n. abstr., sta' aps sĭn ni. Lead, v. t. an. 1. Lead thou me, otap pin' no kit; lead thou him, otappinnis; I lead you, kitotăp pin no; he leads him, i tăppin'niuaie.

v. t. an. 1 (by the hand). Lead thou me, sinnikinstse piokit; lead him, sinnikinstse pis; I lead you, kitsīn ni kinstse pio; he leads him, sinnikinstse'piunie. Leading, n. abstr., otappin'nuksinni; (by the hand), sin nikins tse'-

pi ük sınni.

Leaf, n. ina., suio' pok; pl., -pok ists. Leak, v. int. 2. Leak thou (run out), saikims' kat; it leaks, sai-سبر.kims'kau

Lean, v. int. 1 (lounge). Lean thou, istupitsipuyit; I lean, nit-ittupitsipuyi; he leans, ităpitsi pu yi u.

v. int. 1. Lean thou, istup-Its'Issit; I lenn, nitsittüpItsIssi; he leans, i tupits'issi u.

v. int. 1 (not fat). Be thou lean, pixin'it; I am lean, nitai'pix In 1; he is lean, pix In'i u.

Leanness, n. abstr., pix in' sin ni. Learn, v. t. ina. 2. Learn thou it, isksīnīt'; I learn it, nitūsksīnip; he learns it, isksīnīmaic; I am beginning to learn it, nitau műt űpsksin ip.

Learning, n. abstr., is ksin ük'sin ni. Leather, p. ina., půk ke' u; is tsi kop'o kult

Leather case, n. ina., asso tsi man; pl., -man ists.

Leave, v. t. ina. 2. Leave it, skit'; I leave it, nit'skip; he leaves it, skīm' ai c.

v. t. an. 2. Leave me, ski' kit: leave him, ski'tsis; I leave you, kitskito; he leaves him, skitsi'uai e.

v. pass. He is left, skitau'; ikŭn'skitau.

v. t. an. 2 (in charge of any

one), left with me, piski'kit; left with him, piskitsis'; I leave with you, kito piskito; he leaves with him, ipski tsi uai e.

Leaving, with one another, n. abstr.,

pi skīt tse i sin ni.

Left hand, adr., e'aksīssauots.

Leg, n.ina., mo kot'si; pl., -kot' sists; my leg is broken, nits' six in ük. Legging, n. an., a tsīs'; pl., a tsex';

woman's legging, a ke' a tsïs. Lend, v. t. ina. 3. Lend thou it,

nok uma' tök ku ka toat; I lend it, nitokumatokkukatop; he lends it, ŏkuma' tŏk kuka tom ai e. v. t. an. 3. Lend to me, ok u-

matokkokit; lend to him. okuma'takos; I lend to you, kitokumatako; he lends to him, čkumatakoyi uaie.

Lending, n. abstr., ok uma'ta kok-

Let go, v. t. ina. 1. Let it go, patsit'; I let it go, nitai' potsin; he lets it go, po'tsimaie.

v. t. an., 3. Let me go (loose me), poto'kit; let him go, potos'; I let you go, kitaipoto; he lets him go, paio to yiuaie.

Letting go, n. abstr., potuk'sinni. Level to the earth, r. t. ina. Level it, kon'it; I level it, nitsikon'ip; he levels it, i kon'imaie, v. t. an. 1. Level him, kon'is: I level him, nitsikon'oau; he

levels him, ikon'iuaie. Lick. See "Lap," for v. int., and

v. t. ina. v. t. an. 1. Lick thou it, sin ipĭs'; I lick bim, nitsinipau; he licks him, aisīnipiuaie.

Lid, n. an., oku' yi matsīs; pl., -six. Lid, put on the, v. t. an. 1. Put on the lid (lit., lid him), o' kis.

Lie, v. int. Lie thou, saie pitsit; Ilie, nitsaiepītsi; he lies, saie'pĭtsi u.

v. t. an. 3. Lie to me, saie'pitskotokit; lie to him, saie'-pitskotos; I lie to you, kitsaie' pitskoto; he lies to him, saie'pitskoto yiunie.

Lie, n. abstr., saie' pitsīn ni Lie down, v. int.' 1. Lie thou down, istok' itsit; I lie down. nitsīstokitsi; he lies down, istok i tsi u.

Life, n. abstr., nipu'ipaitappiisinni; opai'tappiisinni.

Lift, v. int. 1. Lift thou, spin ukkit; I lift, nit spin uk ki; he lifts, spin uk ki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Lift thou it, spin'it; I lift it, nit'spinip; he lifts

it, spîn'imaie.

v. t. an. 1. Lift me, spin'okit; lift him, spin'is; I lift you, kitspino; he lifts him, spin iu aie. v. reflect. Lift yourself, spin'osit; I lift myself, nit'spin osi; he lifts himself, spin'osi u.

v. t. an. 3. Lift it for me, spin'nomokit; lift it for him, spin'nomos; I lift it for you, kitspinnomo; he lifts it for him, spin'nomoyiuaie.

Lifting, n. abstr., spin' üksinni.

Light, v. int. 5. It is light (not heavy) (an.), söks tsim.

v. int. 1 (ina.), sök'otsi u. v. int. 1 (not dark), ksistsi ku'i natsi u.

Lighten, v. int. 1. It lightens, ikkun'natsi u.

Linen, n. an., istokh'aipistsi; pl.,

-tsix.
Lining of tent, n. an., a pun'nekuttan; pl., -tanix.

Lip, n. ina., moto'nissi; pl., -nists; upper lip, spumoto'nissi.

Listen, v. int. 1. Listen thou, Ys'tsiit; Ilisten, nitai'Ystsi; he listens, ai'Ystsi u.

v. t. an. 1. Listen to me, Istsiokit; listen to him, Istsi'Is; I listen to you, kits Istsio; he listens to him, ai'Istsiuaie.

Listening, n. abstr., Ystsi'isin ni.
Little, v. int. 1. It is little (an.),
i nak'imiu; (ina.), inūk'otsiu.
v. int. 5. It is little (an.), i-

nux' taim.

v. int. 1 (ina.), inuk'otsiu.
v. int. 1 (of horse or dog), inuk'imiu.

Little Bow R., n., nam'ükhtaii. Live, v. int. I. Live thou, pai'itāppiit; I live, nitopai'tāppi; he lives, opai'tappiiu.

Live still, v. int. 1. Live thou still, sakiai tap pi it; I live still, nitsakiai tap pi ii; he lives still, sakiaitap pi iu.

Living still, n. abstr., sakiaitappiisinni.

Live with. See "Abide."

Liver, n. ina., kĭn ŭk kĭn'; pl.,-kists. . Lizard, n. an., nams ke'; pl., -kex.

Load, n. (as waggon load), is' ksīm au.
v. t. an. 1 (a gun). Load it,
makh'awkis; I load it, nitakh'awkiau; he loads it, aiakh awk-

iuaie. Loaf, n. ina., ke'tan; spik'iketan. Look, n. an., o'kimatsis; pl., -six. Lodge, n. ina. (native lodge), mo-

yis'; pl., -yists.

Lodge lining. See "Lining."

Lodge pole, n. an., mun'stam; pl., -stam ix.

Log, n. an. (of wood), omux'ixim; pl., -imix.

Long, v. int. 5. It is long (an.), inno'sim.

v. int. 1 (ina.), in noye'u.

n. an., a long log, innoksĭm'.
 Long line, n. an., inna'pikĭm; pl.,
 -kŭmĭx.

Look, v. int. 1. Look thou, suppit'; I look, nitsuppi; he looks, sup'piu.

v. t. ina. 2. Look at it, satsit; I look at it, nitsatsip; he looks at it, sat'simaie.

v. t. an. 1. Look at me, süm'mokit; look at him, süm'mis; I
look at you, kitsis'süm mo; he
looks at him, üs'süm miuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Look at me, nino'-kit; look at him, ninos'; I look at you, kitai'no; he looka at him, ai'no yiu aie, or nan'nu yiu aie.

Look about, v. int. 1. Look about, apsüppit; I look about, nitapsüppi; he looksabout, ny'süppiu. v. t. ina. 1. Lyokabout for it,

ap'satsit.

unic. about, nitapv. t. an. 1. Look about for him, ap'sum mis.
Look here! interj., assa; %s'sup pita.

Look out! interj., niu'akh.

Looking-glass, n. ina., assa' piatsis; pl., -sists.

Loose, v. t. ina. 1. Loose it, potsit'; I loose it, nito po'tsip; he loose's it, paio'tsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Loose me, poto'kit; loose him, potos'; I loose yon, kitopoto; he looses him, Palo'toyiuaie.

v. impers., It is loose, saiawk'piu; (of a blade), au'au ut to piu: (of a screw), aisutsikopiu.

Lose it, uitnts'top; he loses it,

ats' tomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Lose me, ats'okit; lose him, ats'is; I lose you, kitats'o; he loses him, ats'iuaie.

Losing, n. abstr., ats' tūk sīn ni. Lost, v. pass. It was lost (an.), ats'-

au; (ina.), atstop.

Louse, n. an., skin'as; pl., -asix. Lousy, v. int. 1. He is lousy, akau'kumiu; i kumi'u.

Love, v. int. 1. Love thou, uko me'tukkit; I love, nituko me' tukki; he loves, uko me' tukki u.

v. t. ina. 15 Love it, ükome'tsit; I love it, nitükome'tsip; he loves it, ükome'tsimaie.

v. t. an. 1. Love me, ŭkomim'mokit; love him, ŭkomim'mis;
I love you, kitŭkomim'mo; he
loves him, ŭkomim mi uaje.

v. reflect. Love yourself, ükomim'mosit; I love myself, nitükomim'mosi; he loves himself, ükomim'mosiu.

v. recipr. Love one another, ukomim'motseik; we love one another, nitukomim'motseipinan.

Love, n. abstr., ikome'tüksinni; (reciprocal love), ükomim'motseisinni.

Low, v. int. 1. It is low (an.), i-kok'siu; (ina.), ikokke'u.

Lumber, n. ina., au pax'is tox ix; pl.;
-ix ists.

Lump, n. ina., osu'kotokau; (of dirt), osu'kikimskau. Lunatic, n. an., au'üttsapsiua; pl.,

-tsapsix.

Lung, n. ina., itai'setumiopi; pl.,

Lying. See "Lie."

Lying down, n. abstr., is toki tsis'sinni.

M.

Mad, v. int. 1. Be thou mad, mat'tsapsit; I am mad, nit tit'tsapsi; he is mad, mat'tsapsi u.

Madman. See "Lunatic." Madness, n. abstr., mat' tsap sin ni. Magpie, n. an., ma mia tsi' kim mi.

Maid. See "Girl."
Maimed. v. int. 1. He is maimed.

Maimed, v. int. 1. He is maimed, ikom'siua; pl., -six.

Make, v. int. 1. Make thou, apis-

tutūk kit; I make, nitap istutūkki; he makes, ap istutūk kiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Make it, ap!stuts'it; I make it, nitap'istutsip; he
makes it, ap'istutsimai c.

v. t. an. 3. Make me, apistut' to kit; make him, apistut' tos; I make you, kitapistutto; he makes him, apistutto yiuaie.

v. t. an. 3. Make it for me, apistut'tomokit; make it for him, apistut'tomos; I make it for you, kitapistuttomo; he makes it for him, apistuttomoyiuaie.

Making, n, abstr., apis tutūk' sīnni. Malady, n. abstr., okh tokos' sīn ni. Male, n. an. (man), nīn' nau; (beast), na pim'.

Mallet, n. an., mistio taipixopi;

pl., -pix.

Man, n. an., nin'nau; young unmarried man, man'ikoppi.

n. an. Young married man, sok'kinau; old man, nap'iu.

Mane, n., oas', or uas'; long mane, in no asi.

Manure, n. ina., istan'ists.

Many, adj. (an.), akaiem'; (ina.), akauo'.

Mare, n. an., skim'; pl., skim'ix.

Marrow, n. ina., iinun'.

Marry, v. int. 1 (a man). Marry thou, kem'it: I marry, nit'okemi; he marries, i kem'î u.

v. t. an. 1. Marry her, kem'-Is; I marry her, nitokem'oau; he marries her, i kem i uai e.

v. t. an. 1 (a woman). Marry thou, om'it; I marry, nit'om i; she marries, am'iu.

v. t. an. 1. Marry him, om'is: I marry him, nitom'oau; she

marries him, om'iunie.

They are married v. pass. (according to English law), i patoapistutto au.

Marsh, n. an., miksis' kum; pl., -kumix.

Marvel. See "Amaze."

Marten, n. an., pinotu'yi; pl., -yix. Match, n. ina., istsīm'atsīs; pl., -sists:

Matter, n. ina. (pus), mateissi'u;

pl., -sists.

Measles, n. ina., apik'sĭnni (used alsoofor small-pox and all kinds of skin eruption).

Measure, v. int. 1 (distance), iskskak'it; I measure, nita-ks'kaki; ho measures, üsks'kakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Measure it, iskskuit'; I measure it, nitüsks'kuip; he measures it, isks'komaie. v. t. an. Measure him, isks kuĭs'; measure me, isksko'kit; I you, kitīsks'ko: measure measures him, isks' kui uaie.

v. int. 1 (with a vessel). Measure thou, utükkit: I measure, nitu'tukki; he measures, u'tuk-

ki u. Measure it, utükv. t. ina. 3. attoat; I measure it, nitu'takattop; he measures it, u'tük at tom-

ai e. v. t. ina. 2 (cloth, etc.), issin'-It: I measure it, nit us's In ip; he measures it, us'sIn imnie.

v. t. an. 1. Measure him, is-

sīn'īs; I measure him, nitus'sīnau; he measures him, as siniuaie. Measuring, n. abstr. (distance), iskskak'sınni; (by vessels), ütük'sın-

Meat, n. ina., ix'isako; dry meat, kai'iis.

Medicine, n. ina., sanm'.

Medicine Pole, n. ina. (at sun dance), itātsikikān' ām man.

Meditate, v. int. 2. Meditate thou, ap'aitsitat; I meditate, nit ap'aitsita; he meditates, ap'aitsitau.

Meditation, n. abstr., apaitsi'tani. Meek, v. int. 1. Be thou meek, ikkin aps' it ; I am meek, nitsik' kinapsi; he is meek, ĭkkĭnaps'iu. Meekness, n. abstr., ik kĭn aps'sĭn ni. Meek person, n. an., ik kin ap' i tap-

piua.

Melt, v. t. ina. 2 (us grease). Melt · it, sikosit': I melt it, nit'sikosip; he melts it, sailk'osimaie.

v. t. an. 1 (as lead). Melt it, n'istsik'im'sis; I melt it, nits'istsikim'sau; be melts it, nat'sikimsi u ai e.

Melting, n. abstr. (grease), sikosük'sīnni; (lead), nīs tsi kīm' sāk sīn ni. Mend, v. int. 1. Mend thou, psak'it; I mend, nitai'psaki; he mends, aipsak'iu.

v. t. ina. 2. Mend it, psi'it; I mend it, nitai'psip; he menda

it, ai psîmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Mend it for me, psumo'kit; mend it for him, psumos'; I mend it for you, kitai'psumo; he mends it for him, ai' psu mo yi u ai e.

Mended, v. pass. They are mended, ai'psaiau.

Mending, n. abstr., psak'sin ni. Mercy, n. abstr., kimapi'isinni. Merriment, n. abstr., e tam'e tsi tan i.

Messenger, n. an., au'tokotau; o'to ka ta tsis.

Midday, n. ina., ai'itütsikai-ksistsi kui.

Middle, prep. In the middle, i tut'sikatsIm.

adj. partic., itut'siki-.

Midnight, n., i tut'si ki ai ko ko. Might, n. abstr. (strength), mis' kopsin ni.

Mile, n., a'asiu; how many miles? tsan etsa'a siu ats?

Milk, n. an., un'nikis.

Minister, n. an. na toi'apie ku un.
Mistake, v. int. 1 (1). Make a
mistake, pakhtsan'istsiit; I
make a mistake, nitse' pakhtsan
istsi; he makes a mistake, pakhtsan' Istsi u.

v. int. 1 (2). Make a mistake, pakhtsan'it; I make a mistake, nitse pakhtsani; he makes a

mistake, pakh tsau'i u.

Mistake, making a, n. abstr., pakhtsan' Istsisin ni; pakhtsan' Issinni.

Moccasin, n. ina., attsikin'; pl., -kists.

v. int. 2. She is making moccasins, ai'tsiki kau.

v. int. 1. He has moccasins on, Istsitsik'iu; he puts on moccasins, makhs'tsikiu.

Mock, v. int. 1 (with the teeth and voice). Mock thou, ai' am skiakit; I mock, nitai' am skiaki; he mocks, ai' am skiaki u.

Molasses, n. ina., ux piapiniu.

Money, n. an., itawkh' pumau pi; pl., -pix; mix'kIm; pl., -kimix; (small money), sis'Y'i; sio'Ix'x'kim; a' pūnasaini.

Moon, n. an., kokum'ikesum; pl., -sumix.

Moose, n. an., sik' i tsis so; pl., so ix. Morning, n., ksis kan na' tan ni.

Morning star, n. an., e pis su'awksa. Mosquito, n. an., sos ksis'si; pl., -six. Moss, n. ina., oks'kis satsis; pe'ko-

ksixim.
Moss-bag, n. ina., sit'simatsis; pl.,
-sists.

Moth, n. an., a pun'iu; pl., -ix. Mother, n. an. My mother, ni ksīs'ta; your mother, ki ksīs' ta; her mother, o ksīs' tsi.

Mother-in-law, n. an. My mother-in-law, naawx'a; thy mother-in-

law, kaawx'a; his mother-in-law, maawx'a.

Mount, v. int. 1 (a horse). Mount thou, amiop'au ūnit; I mount, nitamiopau ūni; he mounts, amiop'au ūniu.

Mountain, n. ina., mis tuk ki., pl., kists.

Mountain sheep, n. an., emuk'i-kina; pl., -ax.

Mourn, v. int. 1. Mourn thou, auye'sit; I mourn, nitau'yesi; he mourns, au'yesiu.

Mouse, n. an., kain'aiskina; pl.,-ax. Mouth, n. an., maoi'i; roof of mouth, motsistsin'ni.

Move about, v. int. 1. Move thou, axapau'pit; I move, nitaiaxapau'pi; he moves, aiaxapau'piu.

Move camp, v. int. 1. Move camp thou, aukit'; I move camp, nitauk'i; he moves camp, auk'iu.

Moving camp, n. abstr., auk'aun ni. Mow, v. int. 1. Mow thou, aipituk'kit; I mow, nitaipitukki; he mows, aipitukkiu.

Mowing, n. abstr., ai pituk'sin ni. Much, adv., a kau o'.

adj. part. (an.), akai-; (ina.), akau-.

Mud, ksők'ko; ksők'kui. Mule, n. an., oműk'stoki; pl., -kix. Murder, p. int. 1. Murder thou, o-

ye'n kit, I murder, nito ye'niki; he murders, oye'nikiu.

Murder, n. abstr., oye'niksinni. Murderer, n. an., enik'i epitsi.

Muscle, n. ina., as'sipi; muscle of leg, assipe'ktsinni; muscle of hand, assipe'kinstsinni; muscle of arm, a pots'tseni.

Mushroom, n. an., kok'atosiu; pl.,
-ix.

Music, n. abstr., ninik'sinni. Musical instrument, n. an., niniki-

at'sis.

Muskrat, n. an., mi'sopski u; pl.,-kix.

Muzzle, n., mostoksan' IstsIssi.

My, pro. poss., n-, ni-, no-, nit-, prefixed to the noun. N.

Nail, n. an. (iron), itai'ksīstoxakiopi; pl., -pix; (finger), auotan'okitsis: pl.; -six.

Nail, v. int. 1. Nail thou, ksistoxak'it; _L_nail, -nitai ksīs tox ak i ;he nails, ai ksīstoxak i u.

v. t. ina. 2. Nail thou it, ksistoxit; I nail it, nitaiksīstoxip; he pails it, ai ksīs tox im ai e.

Naked, v. int. 1. Be thou naked, pakh'saitappiit; I am naked, nitai' pakh sai tap pi i; naked; pakh'saitappiiu.

Nakedness, n. abstr., pakh' saitap pi-

Name, n. ina., ni ni kos' im; pl., -imists.

Name, v. t. ina. 3. Name it. ninikŏt'toat; I name it, nitai'nikŏttop; he names it, ninikŏt'tomai e.

v. t. an. 2. Name me, ninikŏk'kit; name him, ni ni kŏt'tsīs; I name you, kitai'nikötto; he names him, ni'ni köttsi uaie.

Naming, n. abstr., nini kot' tsiman i. Narrow, v. int. 1. It is narrow, aput'tse u.

Nasty, v. impers. It tastes nasty, is tsi po ko'.

Navel, n. an., mu'tu yis; pl., -yisix. Near, prep., otsut' tots i : astots' im.

v. int. 1. It is near, aststsi'u. Near, come, v. t. an. 3. Come near me, astsoko'kit; come near him, astokos'; I come near you, kitast'oko: he comes near him, ast'oko yi uni e.

Near, coming, n. abstr., astokok'-

sĭn ni.

Nearly, adv. partic., e muts', in composition; as, it is nearly all gone, emŭts'ai i tsin i kau.

Neck, n. ina., mokokin'.

Necklace, n. ina., mokin'ists.

Needle, n. an., atanau'ksis.

Needle-case, n. an., i tai'so to nauksopi; pl., -pix.

Negro, n. an., six'apiekuŭn; pl., kuax.

Negress, n. an., six'apiake.

Neigh, v. int. 1. He neighs, awk'kumiu.

Neighbour, n. an., pok au'pima; pl.,

Nephew, n. an. My brother's son, -uis'a-o'kos; my sister's son, nit'a kem a-o' kos.

Nest, n. ina., wivis'.

Net, n. ina., isksim mattukkio' mikatsis.

It can never be, Never, adv. part. matokotsiu'ats.

New. v. int. 1. It is new (an.), mansi'u; (ina.), mani'u.

News, tell the, v. int. 1. Tell thou the news, atsinikit'; I tell the news, nitai'itsIniki; he tells the news, ai'itsînikiu.

Tell me the news, v. t. an. 3. atsiniko'kit: tell him the news, atsInikos'; I tell you the news, kitai'itsiniko; he tells him the news, aiítsĭnikoviuaie.

News, telling, n. abstr., a tsinik'sinni.

Next, adj., stsIk'i.

Nice, v. int. 6. It is nice (in appearance) (an.), soksīn um'.

v. int. 1. (ina.), soksinatsi u. It is nice (to the v. impers. . taste), mutse i po' ko.

Niece, n. an. My brother's daughter, nis'a-otūn'na; my sister's daugh-

ter, nit'n kem a-o tŭn'na. Niggardly, v. int. 1. He is niggardly, sikim'siu.

Night, u. ina., koku'; in the night, kokus'si; last night, unstok'o-

ko ku yi. Nine, num. adj., pik'so.

Nineteen, num. adj., pik si' ko put to. Ninety, num. adj., piksip' po. Nipple of breast, n. ina., min'ok un-

ni kisi.

No, adv., sa, un nai'e.

Nod the head, v. int. 1. Nod the head thou, otosokia piksit; I nod the head, nitotosokia'piksi; he nods the head, o to so kia'piksi u.

v. t. an. 2. Nod the Read to



me, otosokia'pīksūkkit; nod the head to him, otosikia piksatsis; I nod the head to you, kit o to sokia'pik satto; he nods the head to him, otosokia' pĭk satsiuaie.

Nodding the head, n. abstr., otoso-

kia' piksInni.

Noise, make a, v. int. 1. Make a noise, is tsi kin it'; I make a noise, nits Istsikini; he makes a noise, istsikīn'iu.

Noise, making a, n. abstr., is tsi kin'-

sĭn ni.

Noon, camp at, v. int. 2. Camp at noon, aupat'at; I camp at noon, nitau'pata; he camps at noon, au' patau.

Noon, camping at, n. abstr., aupa'-

North, n., aput' to sots i.

Nose, n. ina., moksisis; pl., -ists. Nostril, n. ina., mo'pikinan; pl., -ists: mucus from nostril, mu'-

tsik in an.

Not, adv., mat-ats, sau-, kutta-, pin-, etc. See the verb.

Nothing. It is nothing, mat' utsitstsipats.

Now! interj., ok'i.

Now, adverb., annok'; unstok'.

Nudge, v. t. an. 3. Nudge me, ksis'kök kokit; nudge him, ksis' kökkos; I nudge you, kitai ksīs kökkoko; he nudges him, ai ksīs kŏkko vi u ai e.

Nudging, n. abstr., ksis' kök kük sin-

Numbed, v. int. 1. He is numbed, ine' pitsi u.

Number. See " Count."

Nut, n. ina., au'pokstsip; pl., -tsipists.

Oak, n. an., saietsīx'ix i.

Oar, n. ina., itai'akiosopi; pl., -pists.

Oat, n. ina., mattuyin'simman; pl.,

Ocean; n. ina., motomuk'sikim mi; is tsĭx'i pok ok ke.

Officer of police, n. an., een üke'-

Often, adv. partic./amak-, in composition; as, aiamaksi puksi pu, he often comes here; aiamaksotau, it often rains; kap-; as, aikap'au yi u. he-often eats.

Oil, n. ina., po mis. Oil, hair, n. ina., itawk puikini-opi; pwikinisatsis.

Oil, lamp, n. ina., anakimatsi-pomĭs.

Oil, v. t. ina. 2. Oil thou it, pu'Init; I oil it, nitau' pu'inip; he oils it, awk' puInImaie.

v. int. 1. Oil thou, pu'In nkīt: I oil, nitau' pu īn ūki: he oils, awk' pu in ŭk i u.

Oiling, n. abstr., puïn ŭk'sïn ni.

Old, v. int. 1. He is old (age), omuk'sımiu; it is old, uk'kaisi u.

Old man, nap'iua; I am ar old man, nitsap'i; he is an old man, na'piu. (Na'piua, is the name given to the traditional ancestor of the Blackfeet).

On top of, v. int. 1. It is on top of, i toklı Its' tsi u.

One, num. adj., nituks' kum: se'a. Onion, n. an., příssats' e mi křm.

Open, v. t. ina. 2. Open thou it, kauai' pixit: I open it, nitsi kauaipixip; he opens it, kauai'piximaie.

v. t. an. 2. Open thou it, kauai'piksīstsis; I open it, nitsikauai'piksīstau; he opens it, kauai' pi ksĭs tsi nai e.

Open the mouth, v. int. 1. Open thou the mouth, pakuiak'it; I open the mouth, nitai' pakuiaki; he opens the mouth, paku'iaki u.

Open up, v. int. I (goods, etc.). Open thou up, pasuk'In uk kit; I open up, nitai' pasak în ak ki; he opens up, pasükinükkiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Open it up, pasuk'init; I open it up, nitaipasukinip; he opens it up, pasuk'ĭu im ai ç.

v. t. an. 2. Open it up, pasük'itsīs; I open it up, nitaipasükitsau; he opens it up, pasük'itšiuaie.

Openly, adv., neto'kitsiu.
Opinion, n. abstr., itsi'tani.
Opposite, prep., ksistauots'i.
Orphan, n. an., immuxe'ni; pl.,
-nix.

Other, indef. pron., stsik'i; (of different kind), noke'tsim.

Otter, n. an., e'mon's si.
Our, poss. pron., nitsinan'an; (including person addressed), kitsi-

nan'un.
Out, prep. (outside), so auts'im.

Oven, n. an., i tai'ke tau pi.
Overtake, v. t. an. 1. Overtake thou me, at sik'kit; overtake him, at sits's'; I overtake you, kit sits'; to; he overtakes him, it sits'unie.

Overtaking, n. abstr., at sit tak'sin-

Ρ.

Pack, v. int. 1. Pack thou, mak'itūkkit; I pack, nitak'i tūkki; he packs, mak'i tūkki u.

v: t. ina. 3. Pack thou it, mak-Hoat'; I pack it, nitak'itop; he packs it, mak'itomaie.

v. t. au. 2. Pack thou him, makitsīs'; I pack him, nitak'itsau; he packs him, mak'itsiuaie.

Packing, n. abstr., makitŭk' sïn ni. Pad, v. t. ina. 2. Pad thou it, kotsi'it; I pad it, nitsiko'tsip; he pads it, kaio'tsimaie.

Padding, n. abstr., kotsak'sinni. Padlock, n. an., Itaitapiok'iakiopi-ottik'si.

Pain, n, abstr., istse' istumsinni; I am in pain, nitsis' tseistum; he is in pain, istse' istumiu.

Paint, n. ina., itauks' pun öki otükki opi; (for the face), a sŏn'.

v. t. ina. 1. Paint thou it (a building, etc.), üks pün'okiotsit; I paint it, nit üks pün'okiotsip;

he paints it, ükspün'okiatsımaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Paint thou it, ükspün'it; I paint it, nitükspünip; he paints it, ükspün'imaie

v. t. an. 1. Paint thou me, ussoks' ksīn a kit; paint thou him, ussoks' ksīn is; I paint you, kitussoks ksīno; he paints him, us'soks ksīn i unic.

Painter, n. an., ŭks' pănoki o tŭkkiua.

Painting, n. abstr. (of a building. etc.), ükspün'okiotüksinni; (of a person), soks'ksinüksinni.

Paint the face, r. int. 1. Paint thou the face, püs'kiĭt; I paint the face, nitawk' püski; he paints the face, awk' püski u.

Painting the face, n. abstr., puski'isinni.

Palate, n. ina, motsīstsīn'ni; pl.,
'-tsinists.

Palm of hand, n. an., me'tsïxikinstsïnni.

Palpitate, v. tot. 1. It palpitates, ai'taukh pi u.

Palsy, n. abstr, pakh pu'iok to kossin ni.

Pan, n. an. (tin or iron), omux'ixkimiokos. Paper, n. ina., painoka'nats.

Parcel, n. abstr., omo pictuk sinni. Parchment, n. ina., kotok an' ikim. Parc, v. t. ina. 2 (bark). Parcit, sa'atsit; I parcit, nitai'saatsip! he parcs it, aisaatsimaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Pare it, ekotoks'-ksit; I pare it, nits ekotoks' ksip; he pares it, ekotoks' tsımaie.

v. t. ina. 1. Pare it, atun'otsit; I pare it, nitautun'otsip;
he pares it, autun'otsimaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (a. potato). Pare

v. t. ina 2 (a potato). Pare it, atünit'; I paro it, nitau'atünip; he pares it, au'atün'maie.

Paring, n. abstr., saatsak'sinni; ekotoks'ksiaksinni; atun'ituk-

Part, n., stsYk'i, some, is the word generally used.

Partition, n. abstr., sikawxio'kiak-

v. int. I. Partition thou, sikawxio'kiakit; I partition, nitsikawxio'kiaki; he partitions, sikawxio'kiakiu.

Pass ahead, v. int.-3.—Pass ahead, thou, otsit'skoat; I pass ahead, nitsit'skoo; he passes ahead, itsit'skoo.

v. t. an. 2. Pass ahead of me, ots It'ska a kit; pass ahead of him, ots It'ska a tsis; I pass ahead of you, kitots' Itsko; he passes ahead of him, ots It'ska is i u ai e.

Pass by, v. t. an. I (in apposite direction). Pass by me, auo'a-kit; pass by him, auo'atsis; I pass by you, kitau'oatso; he passes by him, au'oatsi uaie.

Passing ahead, n. abstr., otsit'sko-siani.

Passing by one another, n. abstr., auo'a tse i sin ni.

Pat. See "Knock."

Patch, or patching, n. abstr., psak'-sinni.

Patch, v. int. 1. Patch thou, psak'it; I patch, nitai'psaki; he patches, ai'psakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Patch thou it, psi-It; I patch it, nitni'psip; he patches it, ni'psimaie.

v. t. an. 1. Patch thou him, psi'Is; I patch him, nit ai' psaiau; he
patches him, ai' psi uai e.

Path, n. ina., moksoku'i; pl., -ku'-ists.

Patriarch, n. an., ŭk'ai in au. Paw, n. ina., motsis'; pl., -tsists. Paunch, n. ina., mo'koan ni.

Pay, v. int. 1. Pay thou, sa kǐn no'sit; I pay, nitsa kǐu nosi; he pays, sa kīn no'si u.

v. t. an. 2. Pay me, sakin no'sakkit; pay him, sakin no'sattsls; I pay you, kitsokin no'sattsl; he pays him, sakin no'sattsluaie.

Pea, n. ina., čk' kum Inokoa.

Peace, v. recipr. Make peace one with another, innus' tseik; we

make peace, nits in'nus tse i pinan; there is peace, in nus'tse i u.

Peel, v. t. ina. 2. Peel thou it, iIn'nit; I peel it, nitai'Iunip; he peels it, ai'In Imaie.

v. t. an. 3. Peel it for me, iIn'--no mo kit; peel it for him, iIn' no-mos; I peel it for you, kitai' In-no mo; he peels it for him, aiIn'-no mo yi uaie.

Peeling, n. abstr., iin'nüksinni. Pelican, n. an., ui'isi pisau; pl., -ax, Pemmican, n. ina., mok'akin.

Pen, Pencil, n. ina., itai'sınakiopi.

Penknife, n. ina., inux'Istoan; pl., -toax; ustukia'pixiu.

People, n. an., matap pix.

Pepper, n. ina., ai pis tak ai po ko;
pl., -ko ists.

Perfume, n. ina., itai'tse miosopi; pl., -pists.

v. reflect. Perfume yourself, aitse' miosit; I perfume myself, nitaitse miosi; he perfumes himself, aitse miosiu.

v. t. an. 1. Perfume me, aitse'miokit; perfume him, ai tse'mīs; I perfume you, kitaitse mio; he perfumes him, ai'tse miaie.

Permit to go, v. t. an. 1. Permit me to go, po kĭtsĭm'mokit; permit him to go, po kĭtsĭm'mīs; I permit you to go, kitai po kītsīmmo; he permits him to go, ai pokītsīm'miuaie.

Permitting to go, n. abstr., pokitse'tük sin ni.

Perpendicularly, adv., mo kom' i poots.

adv. partic., mo kom-; as, hold it perpendicularly, mo kom' i pu-yin it.

Perpendicularly, hold it, v. int. 1. Hold thou it perpendicularly, mokom' ipu yinit; I hold it perpendicularly, nitokom' ipu yinit; he holds it perpendicularly, mokom'-ipu yinimaie.

Persecute, v. t. an. 3. Persecute me, kim'a tsisto to kit; persecute

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him, kim'a isis to tos; I persecute you, kitai kima isis to to; he persecutes him, i kim'a isis to to yi uai e.

Persecution, n. abstr., kim'a tsis totüksin ni.

Persevere, v. int. 2.—Persevere thou, e ka'ki mat; I persevere, nitai'ka ki ma; he perseveres, ai'ka kimau.

Perseverance, n. abstr., e kn' ki man i. Perspiration, n. abstr., sai k'n' sin ni. Perspire, v. int. 1. Perspire thou, sai k'n' sit; I perspire, nitsai kinsi; he perspires, sai k'in' si u.

Persuade. See "Encourage."
Petticoat, n. ina., stakh' to pai piso-

kösim; a pai'pi so kösim.

Photograph, v. t. an. 1. Photograph me, sīnau'kīt; photograph him, sīnais'; I photograph you, kitai'sīno; he photographs him, ai'sīnai uaie.

Photography, n. abstr., sin auts'sinni.

Physic, n. ina., saam'.

Pick up, v. t. ina. 1. Pick thou it up, so kotsīt; I pick it up, nit sokotsip; he picks it up, so kotsīmnie.

Picking up, n. abstr., se'kotüksin-

Picket, n. ina. (for horse), stum'at-

v. int. 1. Picket thou (i.e. put stake in ground), isstak'it; I picket, nit us' staki; he pickets, us' stakiu.

v. t. an. 1. Picket him, is stais'; I picket him, nitus' stau; he pickets him, us' stai u ai e.

Picketing, n. abstr., is stak' sīn ni. Picket, put in a, v. t. ina. 2. Put thou in a picket, is stat'; I put in a picket, nit üs' staip; he puts in a picket, üs stai Imaie.

v. t. an. 3. Put in a picket for me, isstum' mo kit; put in a picket for him, isstum' mos; I put in a picket for you, kit us' stum mo; he puts in a picket for him, usstum'-mo yiu ai e.

Picket for, putting in a, n. abstr., isstum' man i.

Pierce, v. t. ina. 2. Pierce it, a kūn'it; I pierce it, nitau' a kūn ip; he pierces it, au a kūn' īmai e.

v int. 1. Pierce thou, akun'-akit; I pierce, nitauakun'aki; he pierces, auakun'akiu.

v. t. an. 1. Pierce me. ix tsi'okit; pierce him, ix tsi'īs; I pierce you, kitīx'tsio; he pierces him, Ix tsi'u ai e.

Piercing, n. abstr., ix tsi uk' sın ni. Pierce the ear, v. t ina. 2. Pierce it, akun'ıstokit; I pierce it, nitauakun'ıstokip; he pierces it,

aua kūn' istok imaie.
v. reflect. Pierce yourself, akūn' istokiosit; I pierce myself,
nitaua kūn' istokiosi; he pierces
himself, aua kūn' istokiosi.u.

Pigeon, n. an., kük ko'; pl., -kuïx.
Pill, n. ina. (Cathartic), itai'saipiusopi; (any kind), kum ïn o ko'ist.

Pillow, n. ina., kīs' katsīs; pl., -sīsts. Pin, n. an., ix pi o' to naux īs; pl., -īx. Pincers, n. an., I tai' sūs kŏpa tūk kiopi; pl., -pix; (native pincers), po kīs' tui atsīs; pl., -sīx.

Pinch, v. int. 1. Pinch thou, auau'mun ükkit; I pinch, nitau'au mun ükki; he pinches, au'aumun ükkiu.

v. t. an. 1. Pinch me, a mun'ukkit; pinch him, a mun'is; I pinch you, kitau'a mune; he pinches him, au'a muniu ai e.

Pinching, n. abstr., a mun' üksinni. Pine tree, n. an., pa tokh' i; pl., -ix. Pipe, n. ina., a'kuai in ni man; pl., -man ists.

Pipe, fill the, v. int. 2. Fill the pipe, sapi'tsimat; I fill the pipe, nitai'sapitsima; he fills the pipe, ai'sapitsimau.

Pipe, filling the, n. abstr., sa pi' tsim-

Pipe-stem, n. ina., mistsi-a'kuaiin ni man.

Pistol, n. an., inux'inama; pl., max.



Pit, n. ina., atun'aksin; pl., -sists. Pitch, n. an. (of pine), au ux'is. Pity, v. int. 1. Pity thou, kim'a-

pit; I pity, nitaikimapii; he pities, kim'apiiu.

v. t. an. I. Pity me, kim'okit; pity-him, kim'is: I pity-you, kitai kimo; he pities him, aikim'iu aie.

Pitying, or pity, n. abstr., kim'apiisinni.

Plait, v. int. 1. Plait thou, amitsīn'ūkit; I plait, nitamitsīnūki; he plaits, amitsīnūkiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Plait it, am'itsīnit; I plait it, nitam'itsīnip; he plaits it, am'itsīnīmaic.

Plaiting, n. abstr., am' i tsīn āk sīnni. Plane, n. an., i tai' sats ak i o pi; pl., -pix.

Plane, v. int. 1. Plane thou, satsakīt; I plane, nitaisats'akī; he planes, ai'satsakīu.

v. t. ina. 2. Plane it, satsit'; I plane it, nitai'satsip; he planes it, aisats'Imaie.

Planing, n. abstr., satsak' sin ni. Plaster, n. ina., üks pün' ük sin. Plastering, n. abstr., üks pün' ük sin.

Plate, n, ina., seitso'kos; pl., -kosists.

Play, v. int. 1. Play thou, e'ko un it; I'play, nite'ko uni; he plays, ni'ko uniu.

p.t.an. 1. Play with me, nok-poks'e ko un im mo kit; 'play with him, nok poks'e ko un im mis; I play with you, kito poks'e ko unimmo; let us play together, akopokse ko un'iop.

Play about, v. recipr. Play about with one another, ap' as kotseik; we play about with one another, nitap' as kotseipinan; they play about with one another, ap' as kotseiau.

Please, v. t. an. 1. Please me, ökhsitsi'tatsio kit; please him, ökhsitsi'tatsis; I please you, kitökh'sitsi tatsio; he pleases him, ökh sitsi'tatsi uai e. Pleased, v. int. 1. Be pleased, ökh'sitük kit; I am pleased, nit ökh'sitük ki; he is pleased, ökh'sitük ki u.

v. t. an. 1. Be pleased with me, ŏkh'sitsım mo kit; be pleased—with-him,-ökh'sitsım mıs;-I ampleased with you, kitŏkh'sitsımmo; he is pleased with him, ŏkh'sitsım mi u ai e.

Pleasing, n. abstr., ŏkhsitsi'ta tük-

o sin ni.
Pleasure, n. abstr., okh' si tük sin ni ;

mutual pleasure, ŏkh' si tak sin m; mutual pleasure, ŏkh' si tsim motse i sin ni.

Plough, n. a.n., it au pukim in ukio pi; pl., -pix.

Pluck, v. t. ina. 1 (as feathers).
Pluck it, poko'tsit; I pluck it, nitse' pokotsip; he plucks it, poko'tsimaie.

v t. an. 3. Pluck him, po ko'tos; I pluck him, nitai po ko tau;
he plucks him, po ko to yi u ai e.
Plucking, n. abstr., po ko'tuk s'n-

Plug, n. ina., o'ki mat sīs; pl., -sists. Pocket, n. ina., skin i'tan; pl., -tanā ists.

Pocket-knife, n. an., inux'istoan; pl., -toax.

Point, n., ksíssíx i'.

v. int. 1. Point thou, aiiit'; I point, nitau'aii; he points, au'aiiu.

Poison, n. ina., itai' put sim o pi.
v. t. an. Poison me, a put sim'muk kit; poison him, a put sim'mut tsis; I poison you, kit pi putsim ut to; he poisons him, i putsim' ut tsi u ai e.

v. passive. He is poisoned, inputsimuttau.

v. reflect. Poison yourself, a putsimas it; I poison myself, nitaiputsimasi; he poisons himself, ai putsimasi u.

Pole, lodge, n. an., műn'stam. Pond, n. ina., inük'oműksikimi. Poor, v. int. 1. Be thou poor, kim'atapsit; I am poor, nitsikim'atapsi; he is poor, kim'a lapsi u. Poplar, n. an., asse'tsIxIm; pl.,

Porcupine, n. an., kai's kap'; pl., -kap'ix.

Porcupine Hills, n. ina., kai Iskap'ok so vists.

Porridge, n. ina., pikiak sin.

Possess, see "Have."

Potato, n. ina., matak'i; pl., -ists. Pound, v. int. 2 (as meat). Pound thou, sa ksis sak' ki mat; I pound, nitsaksīssūk' kima; be pounds, sa ksĭs sŭk' ki mau.

Pounding, n. abstr., saksīssāk'ki-

man i.

Pour, v. t. ina. 2. Pour it, a su yIn' it; I pour it, nitasu vin ip; he pours it, a su yIn' Im ai e.

Pour into, v. t. ina. 2.

Pour it into. suppa'suyinit; I pour it into, nitsuppasuyinip; he pours it into, sup pa su yîn îm ai e. Pour out, v. t. ina. 2. Pour it out,

ista'suyinit; he pours it out, ist-

a' su yîn im ai e.

Pour on top of, v. t. ina. 2. Pour it on top of, istotutsa'suyInit; he pours it on top of, istotutsa'suvîn îm ai e.

Pouring, n. abstr., a su yin' ük sin ni. Poverty, n. abstr., kima tapssin ni. Powder, n. ina., sa tsop'atsis.

Prairie, n. ina., sau ke.

Prairie bhicken, n. an., ke'tŭk ki; pl., -kix.

Pray, v. int. 2. Pray thou, aua'tsimoiikat; I pray, nitaua'tsimoiika; he prays, ana'tsimoii-

v. t. an. 2. Pray to him, aua'tsimoiikŏttsĭs; I pray to him, nitaua'tsi moi ikot tau; he prays to him, aua'tsi moi i kot tsi uai e.

Prayer, n. abstr., aua' tsimoi i kani. Pregnant, v. int. 1. She is pregnant, ipitap'piiu; i'kosiu.

Prepare, v. reflect. Prepare thyself, sup puts' Is to tos it; I prepare, nitaisup puts is to tosi; he prepares, sup puts' Is to tos i u.

v t. ina. 2. Prepare it, supputs'-Is tuts it; I prepare it, nit sup puts'- Is tuts in: he prepares it, sup puts'-Istutsimai e.

Preparation, n. abstr., sup puts' Istotosĭn ni.

Present, v. int. 1. Be thou present, akuailm'it; I am present, nitakuni Im'i; he is present, a kuniĭm'iu.

Priest, n. an., na toi'apiekuŭn; pl., -kuax.

Pretty v. int. 6. He, or it, is pretty, (an.), a nut'sin um.

v. int. 1 (ina.), annt'sınatsi u. Prick, v. t. ina 3. Prick it, simmuk'attoat; I prick it, nitsimmukattop; he pricks it, sim muk'at tom ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Prick me, sIm muk'kit; prick him, sîmîs'; I prick you, kitsimo'; he pricks him, sīm i'u ai e.

v. reflect. Prick yourself, simmus It'; I prick myself, nitsImmusi; he pricks himself, sim-

mŭsi u.

Pricking, n. abstr., sim muk' sin ni. Pride, n. abstr., a tsi I ka sīn ni.

Promise, v. int. 1. Promise thou, ksīstu'yit; I promise; nitai'ksīstuyi; he promises, aiksīs tuyiu, or kai Is' tu vi u.

v. t. an. 2. Promise me, ksisto' ak kit; promise him, ksīsto'att-is; I promise you, kitsiksis toatto; he promises him, kai'ls' toat tsi uai e.

Promise, n. abstr., ksisto'awsinι ni.

Prop, n. an., a pits' im at sis.

v. t. ina. Prop it, a pits' it; I prop it, nita' pitsip; he props it, a příts' Im ai e.

Propping, n. abstr., a pits' I mani. Proud, v. int. 1. Be thou proud, tsi'i kasit; I am proud, nitai'tsiikasi; he is proud, ai'tsiikasiu.

v. t. an. 2. Be proud of me, tsi'i kas ük kit; be proud of him, tsi'ikasattsis: I am proud of you, kittsi'i kasatto; he is proud of him, tsi'ikas at tsi u ai e.



Provisions, n. ina., ano'os ists.

Pull, v. int. 1. Pull thou, i Ix' kopatukkit; I pull, nitai'ıx kopatŭk ki; he pulls, i ĭx' kõpat ŭk ki u.

v. t. ina. 3. Pull it, iIx'kopattoat; he pulls it, ai'Ixkopat-

tom ne.
v. 7. an. 2. Pull me, Ix'köpŭkkīt; pull him, iIx'kop ŭttsīs; I pull you, kitai'Ix kopatto; he pulls him, ai'Ix kopat tsi uai e.

Pull away, v. t. ina. 3. Pull it away,-mis'tups kop at toat;-he pulls it away, mistupskopattom ai e.

v. t. ina. 3 (from water). Pull it away, a pitso' toat; he pulls it

· away, a pitso' tomaic.

Pull backwards, v. t. ina. 3. Pull it backwards, a put'os kop at toat : he pulls it backwards a putos-

kopaktom ai e. Pull down, v. t. an. 2. Pull me down, In Is'köp ük kit; pull him down, In is' kop uttsis; I pull you down, kits in is' kopat to; he pulls him down, Inis' kopat tsi uai e.

v. t. ina. 3. Pull it down, In Is'-"kopattoat; he pulls it down, In-

Is kopattomaie. Pull inside, r. t. an. 2. Pull me iyside, pists kop' ük kit; 'pull him inside, pistskõp'attsīs; I pull u inside, kitai pistskõpat to; he pulls him inside, pistsköp'at tsi nie.

v. Afna. 3. Pull it inside, pistskup'attoat; he pulls it inside,

pists kop'at tomaie. Pull out, v. t. an. 2. Pull me out, satup'iks ik kit; Mill him out, sa tup' i ksīstsīs; I pull you out, kitsatup' i ksisto; he pulls him

out, sa tup'iksïstsi naie.

v t. an. 2. Pullime out, saskop'ukkit; pull him out, sas-kop'uttsis; I pull you out, kit'suskopatto; he pulls him out,

sus kopattsiuaie.

v. t. ina. 3. Pall it out; sus-kop attent: he pulls it out; sus-kopation aie. kopat tomaie.

Pull up, v. t. ina. 3. Pull it up. isps'kopattoat; he pulls it up, isps köp' at tom ai e.

v. t. ina. 2 (a totat peg). Pull it up, sail so tsit; he pulls it

up, śailx o' tsimaie.

Punish, v. t. an. 3. Runish me. aini ksīs to to kit; punish him, ai niksīs' to tos; I punish you, kitaini kels to to; he punishes him, ainiksīs' to to yiuaie. /

Punishing, n. abst., mi ni' ksis tu-

Pure, v. int. 1. It is pure, nami'u. Purse, n. ina., itai'sapopum matsopi; pl., -pists; asso'pumatsis., pl., sists.

Pursue, v. t. an. 3. Pursue me, auak'okit; pursue him, auak'os: I pursue you, kitau'ako; he pursues him, au'ako yi uaie.

Pursuing, n. abstr., auak' i man i. Push, v. t. an. 3. Push me, ükiak'iotokit; push him, ukiak'iotos; I push you, kitaiukiak'i-- oto; he pushes him, ukiak'iotoyiuaie.

v. t. ina. 1. Push it, ŭkiak'iotsit; I push it, nitŭk'iakiotsip; he pushes it, ŭkiakiotsîmai e.

Push me Push away, v. t. an. 3. away, mistapakiotokit; push him away, mis'tapakiotos; I push you away, kitai istapakioto; he pushes him away, ai'is

tupak io to yi uui e.

v. t. ina. 1. Push it away. mis' tupak i o tsit; I push it away, nitai Istupaki otsip; he pushes , it away, ai îstapak i o tsîmaî e.

Put away, v. t. un. 2. Put him 'away, an Istup' itsis; I put him away, nitan Istap' i tsau; he puts him away, an Istup'i tsi u ai e.

Vv. t. ina. 3. Put it away, anstup o toat; I put it away, nitan Istup' o top; he puts it away, an Istap' o tomai e.

Put down, v. t. an. 3. Put me down, Istsipo'tokit; put him down, Istsipo'tos; I put you

down, kitai istsi poto; he puts him down, istsi po' to yi uni e.

p. t. ina. 1. Put it down, istsi po'tsit; I put it down, nitai'istsi potsip; he puts it down, aiis'tsi potsimaie.

Put into. v. t. an. 2. Put him into, ist sup'pitsis; I put him into, nit'suppitsau; he puts him into, itsup'pitsiuaie.

v. t. ina. 3. Put it into, istsup po toat; I put it into, nitsuppo top; he puts it into, itsup-

po tom ai e.

Put on ground, v. t. an. 1. Put him on ground, kon'is; put me on ground, kon'okit; I put youon ground, kitokon'o; he puts him on ground, i kon'iuaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Put it on ground, kon'it; I put it on ground, nitokon'ip; he puts it on ground,

i kon' Imaie.

Put on top, v. t. an. 3. Put him on top, is tokhitsi po'tos; I put him on top, nitai tokhitsi po toau: he puts him on top, itokhitsi po'toyiuaie.

n. t. ina. 1. Put it on top, istokhitsipotsit; I put it on top, nitailstokhitsipotsip; he puts it on top, itokhitsipotsimaie.

Put out fire, v. t. ina. 2. Put it out, atsi'It; I put it out, init'attip; he puts it out, a'tsimaie.

Put outside, v. t. an. 3. Put me outside, sauai po' tokit; put him outside, sauai po' tos; I put you outside, kit sauai po to; he puts him outside, sauai po to yi uai e,

v. t. ina. 3. Put it outside, sauawk toat; I put it outside, nitsauawk top; he puts it out-

side, sauawk' tomai e.

ų,

Quake, v. int. 1. Quake thou, pakh pu ye'it; I quake, nitai-pakh pu yei; he quakes, pakh-pu yeiu.

Quarrel, v. t; qn. 3. Quarrel with me, akoko tse mokit; quarrel with him, akoko tse mos; I quarrel with you, kita koko tsemo; he quarrels with him, akoko tse moyiu ai ë; let us quarrel, oka koko tse op.

v. recipr. Quarrel with one another, a ko ko' tse Ik; we quarrel with one another, nit a ko ko' tse ip non; they quarrel with one another, a ko ko' tse iau.

Queen, the, n. an., nin'a keu; kiksis' tun un (our mother).

Question. See "Enquire."

Quick, v. int. 1. Be thou quick, Kroan's' tsit; I am quick, nit aikifan's tsi; he is quick, kipanis' tsi u. See also "Haste."

Quiet, v. int. 1. Be thou quiet, 'nin spau' pit; I am quiet, nits in'spau pi; he is quiet, nin spau'piu.

Quietness, n. abstr. Ninspau' pissin ni.

Quiver, n. ina., innopat'sis; pl., -sists.

ĸ.

Rabbit, n. an., a' a ts's tau; pl., -tax.
Race, v. recipr. Race one another,
kai'iskūttselk; we race one
another, nitai'kai iskūtt pipinan; they race one another, kai'iskūttsei au.

Racing one another, n. abstr., kai i-

skuttseisīnni.

Rait, n. inà., sket stan; pl., -stanists. Rag, n. an., nai pistsi; pl., -tsix;

ma kap'ai pis tsi. Rage. See "Anger."

Railing. See "Fence."
Rain, n. ina., so tail.

v. impers. It rains, so tau', ai'-

Raise. See "Lift."

Raise up, v. t. ina. 2. Raise it up, ni pu' i y în it; I raise it up, ni si-pu' y în ip; he raises it up, i pu'-y în îmai e.

v t. an. 1. Raise me up, ni pu'vinokit: raise him up, nipu'yīnīs; I raise you up, kitsipu'yino; he raises him up, i pu' viniuaie.

Raising up, n. abstr., ni pu' yIn üksĭn ni.

Raison, n. ina., o mux' in : pl., -in-

Rake, n. an., itau moawk'iakiopi; pl., -pix.

v. int. 1. Rake thou, moawk'iakit; I race, nitau' moawkiaki; he rakes, moawki akiu.

Raking, n. abstr., moawk' iaksin ni. Ram, v. t. ina., he rams it, aiakawk' Imau.

Ramrod, n. an., is tats' Im atsis. Rapid, n., awk' p'sku nuka si u. Rasp, n. an., se se'nitau; pl., -tax. Rat, musk, n. an., mi'sopskiu; pl., ~skix___

Bation, n. abstr., is tsi nan'.

Rations, issue, v. int. 1. Issue rations, istsinok'it; I issue rations, nit us'tsin oki; he issues rations, ŭs'tsïn čk i u.

y. t. an. 3. Issue rations to me. is tsīn ŏk' ko kit : issue rations to him, istsīnok'kos; I issue rations to yoù, kit ustsin ok ko: he issues rations to him, ustsinčk' ko yi u ai e.

Rations, draw, v. int. 2. rations, istsīnat'; I draw rations, nitūs'tsīna; hef draws rations, ŭstsinau'.

Rations, drawing/n. abstr., is tsin-

Rations, issuing, n. abstr., istsInŏk' sĭn ni.

Ration ticket, n. ina., it us' tsIn auop; pl., -op ists.

Rattle, n. am, a wun na',; pl., -nax. v. int. 1. Rattle thou, a wunnk'kit; I rattle, nitawannk'ki; he rattles, a wün ük' ki u.

Rattling, n. abstr., a wun uk'sin ni. Rattle-snake, n. an., omuxis' tsex in; pl., -inax; rattle of rattlesnake, sai et'si ko to an.

Raw, v. int. 1. It is raw, iki'nat-

siu; (hot sufficiently cooked). matsetsiu'ats.

Raze, v. t. ina. 2. Raze it, apux in'it: I raze it nita'puxinip: he razes it, a pux In'Im ai e.

Razing, n. abstr., a pux in' uk sin ni. Razor, n. an., pokis'tuiatsis; pl., -six; itai pok istui oso pi.

Reach with the hand, v. int. 1. Reach with hand, is tots ikins' taiakit:-I-reach-with-hand:-nitsitotsikīns'tsiaki; he reaches with hand, i tots i kins' tsi ak i u.

Reaching with the hand, n, abstr., is tots i kins' tsi ak sin ni.

Read, v. t. ina. 3. Read it, sitsip'sattoat: I read it, nit aisit sip sattop: he reads it aisits psat tomai e.•

Reading, n. abstr., sitsip sin ni. Readiness, n. abstr., ksis tupi tap pi'i sĭn ni.

Ready, v. int. 1. Be thou ready, uk'aiksīstapitāppiīt; I am ready, ni kai' ksis tap i tap pi i ; he ready, ŭk'ai ksistapi tappi iu.

Real, adj., ni tap' i.

v. int. 1. It is real, nitap'iu. Reap, v. int. 1. Reap thou, pokiak'it; I reap, nitai' pokiaki; he reaps, ai pokiakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Reap it, pokit; I reap it, nitai' pok ip; he reaps it, ai pok im ai e.

Reaping, n. abstr., pokiak Muni. Bear, v. int. 1 (as a horse). Rear thou, pa' pixit: I rear, nitai' papīxi; he rears, pa'pīxiu. Rearing, n. abstr., pa pix'sin ni.

Receive. See " Take."

Recently, adv., unstok'.

Reckon. See "Count," "Think."

Red, v. int. 6. It is red (an.), mawk'sīn ŭm.

v. int. 1 (ina.), mawk sin at-

adj., mik-, or, mi'kuts-, in composition; as, red gun, mikhtse'nama; red crow, mik' as to. Red River, n., mi kütse'tükh tai. *

Red Willow, n. an., mikoppix'suyis; pl., -yi ix.



Réflect. See "Meditate."
Reign. See "Chief."

Rejoice, v. int 1. Rejoice thou, e-tam'etükkit; I rejoice, nitse-tam'etükki; he rejoices, etam'etükkiu. See also "Pleased," "Glad."

Rejoicing, n. abstr., etam'etüksin-

Belation, n. an. My relation, n'x'o koa; your relation, k'x' o koa;
his relation, ox' o koi; pl., my
relations, nix o koax, etc.

Relationship, n. abstr., ixokoani.

Release. See "Let go." Religion. See "Prayer."

Remember, v. t. ina. 2. Remember it, is ksInit; I remember it, nitus ksInip; he remembers it, isksIn Imaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Remember it long, misüm' üsksinit; I remember it long, nitai'süm üsksinip; he remembers it long, misüm' üsksin-

îmai'e.

v. t. an. 3. Remember me long, misüm üs ksino kit; remember him long, misüm üs ksinos; I remember you long, kitaisüm üsksino; he remembers him long, misüm üsksin noyi u ai e.

Remembrance, n. abstr., misum us-

ksīn ük sīn ni.

Remove, v. int. 1 (change position).

Remove thou, a tsu o' o pi it; I remove, nita tsu o' o pi; he removes, a tsu o' o pi iu.

Removal, n. abstr., atemo'opissin-

Rend, v. t. ina. 2 (a garment). Rend it, pinots'it: I rend it, nitai' pinotsip; he rends it, ai' pinots'imais.

v. t. an. 3. Rend him, pin'otos; I rend him, inital pin otoau; he rends him, ai pin oto yiuaie.

Rending, n. abstr., pin'o tuk sin ni. Repeat, v. ini. 1 (speech). Repeat thou, istattui supe' pu yit; I repeat, nitsis tuttini supe' pu yi; istuttui supe pu yiu.

Repeating, nabstr. (speech), is tuttui supe' poawsiani.

Repent, v. int. 1. Repent thou, ko ke'tük kit; I repent, nitai'koketük ki; he repents, ai'ko ketük ki u.

v. int. 2. Repent thou (change the mind), sau ai'tsi tat; I repent, nit sau ai'tsi ta; he repents, sauai tsi tau.

Repentance, n. abst., ko ke' tük sin-

ni; sau ai' tsi tan i.

Rescue, v. t. an. 1. Rescue me, kom otse' pio kit; rescue him, kom otse' pis; I rescue you, kitsikom otse' pio; he rescues him, kom otse' piu aie.

Rescuing, n. abstr., kom ots e' pi uk-

sin ni.

Rest, n. (remainder) (an.), stsik'ix; (ina.), stsik'ists.

Rest (on the march). See "Noon."
v. int. 1 (from labour). Rest
thou, siko'pit; I rest, nit'sikopi; he rests, sikopiu.

Resting, n. abstr. (from labour),

sĭkopĭs'sĭnni.

Restless, v. int. 6. Be thou restless, pulnat'; I am restless, nitsipu'ina; he is restless, paiu'inum.

Restlessness, n. abstr., pu'Inasinni.

Resurrection, n. abstr., mat sipuaw-sinni.

Rib, n. ina.; mopekīs"; pl., -kīsts. Rice, n., ūsksīn'ai ni kīm.

Rich, v. int. 1. Be thou rich, akau'tsaps; t; I am rich, nitakau'tsaps; he is rich, a kau'tsapsiu.

Rich man, n. an., a kau' tsapsiua. Ride, v. int. 1. Ride thou, ok'tto'pit; I ride, nito k'it to'pi; he rides, i kit to' pi u.

v. t. an. 1. Ride him; okit to'pis; I ride him, nitokit to pau; he rides him, i kit to' piuaie.

Bider, n. an., ikitto piua.

Ridge (a hill), n. ina., phu ök ku'i. Ridge pole, n. an., okök ke'niman. Riding, n. abstr., okit to' pis sin ni. Righteousness, n. abstr., mokom-

ots' i tăp pi i sîn ni.

Righteous person, n. abstr., mo komots'ităppiua; be thou a righteous person, mokomots'itappi-It: I am a righteous person, nitokom ots' i tappii; he is a righteous person, mokomots'itappi-

Right hand, adv., ne tots' i.

Ring, v. int. 1 (a bell). Ring thou, sai etsika piksistukit; I ring, nitai'saičtsīka piksīstūkki; he rings, ai sai' et sik a pi ksis tük ki u. v. t. an. 2. Ring it, sai'etsika filksīstsīs; I ring it, nitaisaičtsika piksistau; he rings it, sai čť sík a pi ksís tsi u ai e.

Ringing a bell, n. abstr., sai et sik-

a pi ksīs tūk sīn ni.

Ripe, v. int. 1. It is ripe, e'tsi u. Ripple, v. int. 2. It ripples, au'atük imskan.

Rise, v. int. 2. Rise thou, ni puat'; I rise, nitaipuau; he rises, aipuau'. He rose again, mat'sipuau.

v. int. I. It rises (of bread), ni'kopotsiu; (of the sun), au'otum iskopiu;

v. int. 2. It rises (of a bird), pai u' tau.

River, n. ina., ni e' tükh tai; si sökh'ta; big river, omŭk'atai; small river, as'e tükh tai.

Road, n. ina., moksoku'i; white man's road (waggou road), nap'ioksokui; railroad, istsan'a kosok so kui.

Roars, v. impers. It roars (as the wind), ai'sāp pu tāk ku.

Roast. See "Bake." Rob, v. t. an. Rob me, kom o'kit; rob him, komos'; I rob you, kitai'komo; he robs him, ai'komoiunie.

Robber, n. an., kom os'ina; komos' i e pit si.

Robe, n. an., im mu yan'; pl., -yan ix. Rock, n. an., omuk'okotok; it is rocky, o' ko tok sku i.

v. t. an. 2. Rock him, auut'apiksīstsīs; I rock him, nitau ut'a pi ksis tau; he rocks him, au ut'a pi ksĭs tsi u ni e.

- v. int. 1. Rock thou, an ut'apīxit; I rock, nitauūt'apīxi; he rocks, au ŭt'a pix i u.

Rocking, n. abstr., au ut'a pix sin ni. Roll, v. reflect. Roll yourself, apiis' it; I roll myself, nitau' a piïsi; he rolls himself, auapiïsiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Roll it, a pis' toat; I roll it, nita pistop; he rolls it, a' pis tomai e.

v. t. an. 1. Roll me, a pim'okit; roll him, apim'is; I roll you, kita' pimo; he rolls him, aplm'iuaie.

Rolling, n. abstr., a pis' tük sin ni. Roof, n. ina. (of a house), ka pox e'niman; (of the mouth), motsistsĭn'ni.

Rook. See "Crow."

Room. This word, used in reference to a house, is expressed thus-"The place of eating," itau' yopi; "The place of sleeping," i tai'ok au pi, etc.

Room, v. impers. There is room (space), kai itsiu; there is unoccupied space, mam'ai itsi u.

Root, n. ina. (of tree), oki'u. n. an. (vegetable), mas; pl.,

-masix. Rope, n. ina., nai' pistsia pis; long, rope, in o' pis; short rope, sak o' pis Rotten, v. impers. It is rotten (of -wood), pe'koxixiu; (of cloth), ai'knniu.

Rough, v. impers. It is rough, iststsĭs'i u.

Rough wind, n. ina., ists tsi'sopu. Round, prep., otukots' i.

v. int. 1. It is round (ina.), otuki'u; (an.) otuk'siu; (an.), ikum'siu; (ina.), ikumi'u.

v. t. ina. 2. Make it round, otuk'istuisit: I make it round, nitotuk' Istutsip; he makes it round, otuk' istuts'im ai e.

Row, n. ina. (in, a line), pai'î kim-- In ux Iu.

Row, v. int. 1 (a boat). Row thou, ak'iosit: I row. nitai'akiosi: he rows, ak' i osi u.

Rowing, n. abstr., ak' iossin ni.

Rub, v. int. 1 (cleanse). Rub thou, issak'it; I rub, nitus'saki; he rubs. ŭs'sakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Rub it, issi'ît; I rub it, nit us' si ip; he rubs it, ŭssi' Im ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Rub him, issis'; I rub him, nit as' sau; he rubs him,

ŭs siuaie.

v. int. 1 (with the hands). Rub thou, oks' im in ukit : I rube nitaioks'Im In nki; he rubs, aioks'-Im In ük i u.

v. t. ina. 2. Rub it, oksimin-it; I rub it, nitai oksiminip; he rubs it, aioks' ĭm ĭn ĭm aie.

Bule. See "Chief."

Run, v. int. 2. Run thou, a mok'kat; I run, nitau'mŏk ka; he runs, au' mŏk kau.

v. int. 1. Run thou, auks kas'-It; I run, nitauks' kasi; he runs, auks kas' i u.

Bunning, n. abstr., mök kan' i ; aukskas'sĭn ni.

Rusty, v. int. 1. It is rusty, apisu vis' siu; apisu vi'u.

Sabbath, n. ina., siko'pei-ksistsikui; na to' yi-ksĭştsi kui.

Sack, n. ina., sklnne' tsi man. Sad, v. int. 1. Be thou sad, au'aw pitsit; I am sad, nitau'aw-

pitsi; he is sad, su'awnit si u. Make me sad, auv. t. an. 1. aw'pitsim mokit; I make you kitau'aw pitsim mo: makes him sad, au'awpitsimi u-

See also "Sorry." Sadness, n. abstr., auaw' pitsinni. Saddle, n. ina., e e' tan.

v. ina. 2. Put on the saddle. mak etat; I put on the saddle, | Saying, n. abstr., ani, sinni.

nitai'aketa; he puts on the saddle. mak' e tau.

v. t. an. 3. Saddle him, mak' etos; I saddle him, nitaiaketoau; he saddles him, aiake to yiu-

v. t. an. 3. Saddle him, ee' tos; I saddle him, nits' e to au; he saddles him, ee'toviuaie.

Salt, n. ina., is tsīx' i po ko. Salt-water, n. ina., is tslx' i pok-ok-

Sand, n. ina., spöt'si ko. Sand-fly, n.an., kopska' ki u. Sandhills, n. ina., spot' si kui. Sap, n. an., sin ix e' man.

Satan, n. an. (the long tongued), stun'natuyiua; (the evil one), sauum'itsitappiua; (the fireman), au'tutsokiua.

Satisfied, v. int. 1. Be thou satis- . fied, okh'situkkit; I am satisfied, nit čkh' si tak ki; he is satisfled, ŏkh' si tük ki u.

Saucy, v. int. 1. Be thou saucy, au'ksīstotākkit; I am saucy, nitau'ksīstotūkki; he is saucy, au' ksïs to tŭk ki u.

Save. See "Rescue."

v. t. an. 1 (spare). Save me. kom ots'o kit; save him, kom ots'ls; I save you, kitaikŏmotso; he saves him, ai kom ots i u ai e.

Save, v. t. ina. 3 (put on one side). Save it, to kit stoat; I save it, nitokit'stop; he saves it, ikit'-·stomaie.

Saw, n. an., itai'kaks ix tükiopi; pl., -pix.

Saw, v. int. 1. Saw thou, kaksix- . tükkit; I saw. nitaikaksīx tükki; he saws, aikaksīx tūk kiu.

Say, v. int. 1. Say thou, anit'; I say, nitan'i; he says, an'iu. v. t. ina. 3. Say it, an Istoat'; I say it, nit an' is top; he says it, an' is tôm ai e.

v. t. an. 2. Say to me, anikit; say to him, an is tsis'; I say to you, kitan'is to; he says to him, an'istsiquie.

Scald, v. t. an. 1. Scald me, sakhsokit; scald him, sakh'sIs; I scald you, kit'sakh so; he scalds him, sakh'si uni e.

v. reflect. Scald thou thyself, sakh' sosit; I scald myself; nit'sakh' sos: he scalds himself, sakh'sosiu.

Scalding, v. abstr., sakh' sak sin ni. Scales, n. an., itus'sokawkiakiopi.; pl., -pix.

Scalp, v. t. an. 3. Scalp me, sau o'tum mokit; scalp him, sauotummos; I scalp you, kit'sauotummo; he scalps him, sauo'tummoyiuaie.

Scalping, n. abstr., sau o' tum mots-

sîn ni.

Scare, v. t. an. 1. Scare me, ske'tsokit; scare him, ske'tsis; I scare you, kitsketso; he scares him, ske' tsi u ai e.

Scaring, n. abstr., skets' tük sın ni. Scarf, n. an. (for the neck), ikin'sto kip satsis.

Scarlet. v. int. 6. It is scarlet (an.), mawk' sĭn ŭm.

v. int. 1 (ina.), mawk' sîn at si u.

Scent. See " Perfume." School, n. ina., sinak'i spioyis'; itŭs ksîn îm ats ots pi.

School teacher, n. an., itus ksinimatsokiua.

· Scissors, n. an., sissu'iatsi; pl., -six. Scorch. See " Scald."

Scourge, n. ina., is tsi pis' si mat sis. Scrape, v. int. 1. Scrape thou, istai'It; I scrape, nitus'taii; he scrapes, ŭş' tai i u.

v. t. ina. 3. Scrape it, istau'-. attoat; I scrape it, nit us' tau attop; he scrapes it, us'tauat tomai e.

Scraper, n. (used in dressing hides) istau'atsis; satsin'akiatsis; itŭs'taiiopi; itaisatsInakiopi. Scraping, n. abstr., is tau' os sin ni.

Scratch, v. int. 1., Scratch thou, istsix'eit; I scrutch, nit ai'ix tsixei; he scratches, ai'ix taïx eiu.

v. int. 1. Scratch thou, satsikonno'tuk kit; I scratch, nitai-

satsikonnotukki; he scratches, , ai săt si kön no tük ki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Scratch it. sat sikonno'tsit; I scratch it, nitsatsikonno'tsip; he scratches it. sŭt si kon no' tsïm ai e.

v. t. an. 3. Scratch me, satsikonno' to kīt; scratch him, sātsi kon no' tos : I scratch you, kitsat si kon no' to; he scratches him, satsikonno' to yi uai e.

Scratching, n. abstr., ksistsixiu'ös sīn ni; sat si konno tuk sīn ni-Scream, v. int. 6. Scream thou, pappisat'; I scream, nitaipappisa; he screams, ai pap pisum. Screaming, n.-abstr., pap pi sa' sin'ni. Screw, n. an., sai pis' tsim at sissi.

v. t. an. 1. Screw it, autükawk'is; I screw him, nitautukawk'au; he screws him, autukawk'iuaie.

Screwdriver, n. an., itautukawk'-

iak io bi Scrip, n. iha. (bag), as sui a' tsim an i. Scripture Holy, n. ina., na to' i-sin-

aksīn; ap'īs to tokiua-ots'e poaw sists. Scrub, v. int. 1. Scrub thou, sists'-

tūkkit; I scrub, nit'sīsts tūkki; he scrubs, sïsts' tük ki u. v. t. ina. 3. Scrub it, sīsts' toat:

I scrub it, nit's statop; he scrubs it, sïsts tom ai e. Scrubbing, n. abstr., sīsts' tūk sīn ni.

Scythe, n. an., itai' pux in etakkiopi; itai' pokiakio pi.

Search, v. int. 1. Search thou, ap'ussuppit; I search, nit ap' ussuppi; he searches, ap' assappiu.

v. t. an. 1. Search for him, ap'ussummis; search for me, ap'ussum mokit; I search for you, kitap' us sum mo; he searches for him, ap' as sam mi u ai e.

Seat, n. ina., asso'pŏtsĭs; pl., -sists.

Secret, n. ina., simmiap'sin.

v. int. 1. Keep it secret, simmiap'sit; I keep it secret, nitai'simmiapsi; he keeps it secret, aisīm miapsiu.

Secretly, adv. partic., simmi-, in composition; as, he talks secretly, aislin mian iu.

See, v. int. 1. See theu, suppit'; I see, nit us' suppi; he sees, us' suppin

v. int. 1. See thou, aapit'; I see, nita'api; he sees, a'apiu.

v. t. ina. 2. See thou it, satsīt'; I see it, nitus'satsip; he sees it, us'satsīmaie.

v. t. ina. 2. See thou it, nimit; I see it; nitai'nip; he sees it,

ai'nîmai e.

v. t. an. 1. See me, m'mo kit; see him, süm m's; I see you, kitüs'süm mo; he sees him, üs'sümmi usi e.

v. t. an. 3. See me, nino'kīt; see him, ninos'; I see you, kit-ai'no; he sees him, ai'noyiu-aie.

v. reflect. See yourself, süm'mosit; I see myself, nit üs' sümmosi; he sees himself, üs' sümmosi u.

w recipr. See one another, issum'motseik; we see one another, nitus'sum motseipinan; they see one another, us'summotseiau.

Seed, n. an., in sim' man; pl., -ix. Seek. See "Search."

Seize. See "Hold."

Self-destroy, v. reflect. Destroy thyself (by stabbing), is kotu'ts totosit; he destroys himself, is kotu'ts to to si u.

v. reflect. Destroy thyself (by shooting), au at tosit; he destroys

himself, au ut'tos i u.

Sell, v. int. 1. Sell thou, ap'ikotükkit; I sell, nitapikotükki; he sells, ap'ikotükkiu.

v. t. ina. 3. Sell it, apiköttoat; I sell it, nitapiköttop; he

sells it, ap'i kot tomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Sell me, apikau'-kit; sell him, apikai'is; I sell you, kitap'iko; he sells him, ap'-ikaiuaie.

v. ti an. 3. Sell for me, api-

kötto'kit; sell for him, apiköttos; I sell for you, kitap'ikötto; he sells for him, ap'iköttuyiuaie.

Selling, n. abstr., api köt tük'sin ni. Send, v. int. 2. Send thou, ato ka'-

tat; I send, nitatoka'ta; he sends, atoka'tau.

v. t. an. 2. Send me, a to kūk'-kit; send him, a to kūt' tsīs; I send you, kit a to kŏt to; he sends him, au'kŏt tsi u ai e.

v.t. an. 3. Send to me, a toka'tokit; send to him, a toka'tos; I send to you, kitau toka'to; he sends to him, au'toka toyiu ai e.

Sending, n. abstr., a to ka' tan i.
Separate. See "Divide."
Sepulchre, n. ina., a ke'ni man.
Serpent, n. an., pitee' ksin a.
Servant, n. an., ap' otük ki u a.
Set, v. int. l. 'It sets (the sun), istük by' i u.

v. int. 3 (on a journey). Set thou on a journey, au mattoat; I set on a journey, nitau' matto; he sets on a journey, au matto'.

v. t. an. 2 (a trap for game). Set a trap for him, ikiak uttsis; I set a trap for him, nitai ikiakuttau; he sets a trap for him, aiikiak uttsiuaie.

v.it. an. 2 (a noose trap). Set noose for him, to köttsis'; I set a noose for him, nittoköttan; he sets a noose for him, to köttsi' uai e.

Settle, v. t. ina. 3 (as dregs). Let it settle, so pu at si kimis toat.

v. int. 1. It settles, ai'so pu atsikimiu.

Seven, num. adj., ikit sika. Seventeen, num. adj., ikit sike koput to.

Seventy, num. adj., i kit'sī kip po. Several, adj., a kai čm. There are several, a kai čm' i au.

Sew, v. int. 1. Sew thou, a kun'iakit; I sew, nitakun'iaki; he sews, a kun'iakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Sew it, akun'it;

I sew it, nitakun'ip; he sews it, akun'imaie.

v. int. 1. Sew thou, aitsĭn'ŭkkit; I sew, nitai'tsīnŭkki;
he sews, ai'tsīnŭkkiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Sew it, aitsïn'it; I sew it, nitai'tsïnip; he sews it,

ai' tsIn Im si e.

v. t. an. 3. Sew it for me, aitsin'no mokit; sew it for him, nitsin'no mos; I-sew, it-for-you, kitai'tsin no mo; he sews it for him, ai'tsin no moyiuaie.

Sewing, n. abstr., akun'aksinni;

ai tsīn' ŭk sīn ni.

Shackles, n. an., itai'isksi pistükiopix.

Shade, n. ina., ai'e kaitsi i.

Shadow, n. ina., motük'ki; my shadow, notük'kau; yourshadow, kotük'kau; his shadow, otük'ki. Shady, v. impers. It is shady, ai'e-

kaitsiu; aieke'u.

Shake, v. int. 1 (backwards and forwards). Shake thou, au ut'apiksīstūkkit; I shake backwards and forwards, nitau'auutai piksīstūkki; he shakes backwards and forwards, au'auutai piksīstūkkiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Shake it about, ap'auaipIxit; I shake it about, nitap'auaipIxip; he shakes it

about, ap'au ai pix îm ai e.

v. t. an. 2. Shake him about, ap'auaipiksīs tsīs; I shake him about, nitap'auaipiksīs tau; he shakes him about, ap'auaipiksīs tsīuaie.

v. int. 1 (a cloth, etc.). Shake thou, pakh pa' pi ksīstūk kit; I shake, nītai' pakh pa pi ksīstūkki; he shakes, ai'pakh pa pi ksīstūk kiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Shake it, pakhpa'pixit; I shake it, nitai pakhpa'pixip; he shakes it, ai pakhpa'piximaie.

v. t. an. 3. Shako for me, pakhpa'piksīs to mo kit; shake for him, pakh pa'piksīs to mos; I ahaké for you, kitai pakh pa'piksīstomo; he shakes for him ai pakh pa' pi ksīstomo yi u ai e.

Shake hands. See "Greet."

Shake the bead, v. int. 1. Shake the head, auŭkiau'ŭnit; Ishake the head, nitauŭkiau'ŭni; he shakes the head, auŭkiau'ŭniu.

v. int. 1. Shake the head, authia pixit: I shake the head, nitauau ukia pixi; he shakes

the head, hunuakia' pixiu.

Shaking, n. abstr.' (backwards and forwards), auauut'apiksistuksini; (a cloth, etc.), pakh pa'piksistuksinni; (the head), auau' nikiau' nnsinni.

Shame, n. abstr., isstu'yissinni

See "Ashamed."

Shape of, n. abstr. (imitation), is tutu'isupinasinni.

v. int. 6. Be thou in shape of, istutu'isupinat; I am in shape of, nitsi'tutuisupina; he is in shape of, itutu'isupinum.

v. int. 1. Make in shape of, istutu'i süpapistutük kit; I make in shape of, nitsi'tutui süpapistutük ki; he makes in shape of, itutu'i süpapistutük kiu.

Shape of, making in, n. abstr., is tu-

tu'isapapıstu taksınni.

Sharpen, v. int. 1. Sharpen thou, ksīs ists'tūk kit; I sharpen, nit-ai'ksīsīsts tūk ki; he sharpens, ksīsīsts'tūk kiu.

v. t. an. 1. Sharpen it, ksīsīstsīm mīs'; I sharpen it, nitaikslsīstsīm mau; he sharpens it, ai'ksīsīstsīm miunie.

v. t. ina. 2. Sharpen it, ksīsixi'it; I sharpen, nitai'ksīsīxiip; he sharpens, aiksīsīxi'Imaie.

Shave, v. reflect. Shave thou, pokis tuiosit; I shave, nitai pokistuiosi; he shaves, ai pok is tuiosiu.

v. t. an. 1. Shave me, pokis'tuiokit; shave him, pokis'tuiis; I shave you, kitai' pokistuio; he shaves him, aipokistu'inaie. Shaving, n. abstr., pokis'tuiak-

Shawl, n. an., is tokhsan'; pl., -an-

She, pers. pron., osto'i

Shear, v. int. 1. Shear thou, namin'itukkit; I shear, nitai'am initukki; he shears, ai'am in itukkiu.

v.t.un.1. Shear him, nam In-Itsis; I shear him, nitai'an In-Ittau; he shears him, ai'am In-Itsiuaie.

v. t. an. 1. Shear him, poxis'tsimitsis; I shear him, nitai-poxis'tsimittau; he shears him, ai poxis'tsimittauie.

Sheering, n. abstr., nam ĭn' itūk sĭnni; pox ĭs' tsīm mi tūk sĭn ni.

Sheath, n. ina., assu'toani. - - Shed, n. ina., namits'apioyïs.

v. int. 1. It sheds its feathers, al poxiu.

Sheep, n. an., eműk'ikinaű; pl.,

Shelf, n. ina itai'sokitŭkkiopi; pl., -pists.

Shell, a. an., pokun'am.

n. ina. (of egg), asso ests.

Shelter, v. int. 2. Make a shelter, aapi'mat; I make a shelter, nita'apima; he makes a shelter, a'apimau.

v. t. an. 1. Shelter me, aapi'ınnokit; shelter him, aapi'ınnıs; I shelter you, kita'apiınno; he shelters him, a'apiınnivaie.

v. t. an. 3. Make shelter for me, napi'omokit; make shelter for him, aapi'omos; I make shelter for you, kitaapi'omo; he makes shelter for him, aapiomoyiuaie.

v. t. an. 1. Shelter me (by covering), se kin'okit; shelter him, se kin'is; I shelter you, kitai'se kino; he shelters him, ai sekini uaie.

Shepherd, n. an., emuk'ikinapie-

ku in ; pl., -ku ax.

Shew plainly, v. int. 5. It shews

plainly (at a distance), ai'sokapi nok ku yim.

Shift, v. t. ina. 3 (put away). Shift it, mis' tupo toat; I shift it, nitsis' tupo top; he shifts it, is' tupotomaie.

v. t. an. 3. Shift me, mis'tupipotokit; shift him, mis'tupipotos; I shift you, kitsis'tupiipoto; he shifts him, itsis'tupipotoyiuaie.

Shift, r. int. 1 (from place to place). Shift thou, sauum'itaupit; I shift, nitsauum'itaupi; heshifts,

sau um'i tau pin.

Shifting, n. abstr., mis'tüpi po tüksin ü; (from place to place), () sau um'i tau pissin ni.

Shine, v. int. 6. Shine thou, Ikkun'nat; I shine, nitsik'kunna; he shines, itsik'kunnum.

v. int. 1 (as the sun). Shine thou, ksīstsiku'inatsit; he shines, ai'ksīstsikuinatsiu.

Shining, n. abstr., ik kün' na sīn ni. Ship, n. ina., omūk ak' iosatsīs; (steam), is tsi-ak' iosatsīs.

Shirt, n. ina., is tox'i so kos'im; pl., -kos'ists.

Shiver, v. int. (from cold) Shiver thou, ine pttsit; I shiver, nitsi'nie pttsi; he shivers, i nie pttsiu.

v. int. 1 (from any cause). Shiver thou, pakh pu'yit; I shiver, nitai'pakh pu yi; he shivers, ai'pakh pu yi u.

Shoe, n. ina., is tsi kit'si kin; pl.,
-kists.

Shoot, v. int. 1 (with bow). Shoot 'thou, awkkumit'; I shoot, nit-awkkumi; he shoots, awk'kumin.

v. int. 1 (with gun). Shoot thou, sku nuk'kit; I shoot, nit-sku nuk'ki; he shoots, sku nuk'kiu.

v. reflect. Shoot yourself, skunuk'asit; I shoot myself, nit-skunukasi; he shoots himself, skunuk'asiu.

v. t. an. 2: Shoot me, sku-

nük'ük kit; shoot him. sku nük'üttsīs; I shoot you, kitsku nükätto; he shoots him, sku nük'üttsi uaie.

Shooting, n. abstr. (with bow), awkkum'sinni; (with gun), skunuk'sinni.

Shore, n., is so ots' i.

Short, v. int. 1. It is short (an.), sakhsi'u; (ina.), sakhe'u.

Short cord, n. ina., sakha po'ko.
Shorten, v. t. ina. 2. Shorten thou
it, sakhs istuts'it; I shorten it,
nitsakhs istuts'ip; he shortens
it, sakhs istuts' Imaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Shorten thou it, sakhöppin'it; I shorten it, nit-sakhöppin'ip; he shortens it,

sakh op pin' im ai e.

Shortening, n. obstr., sakhsistutuk'sinni; sakhöppin'üksinni.
Shortly, adv. partic., kip'pi.,
Short time, in composition; as, I
will come shortly, nitak'sikippipuksipu. I will go there for
a short time, nitak'kippi tippo.
Shot, n. an., kitsikopün'; pl., -pax.
Shoulder, n. ina., moköt'tsikin;
pl., -kists.

Shoulder-blade, n. ina., motsi kis'.
Shout, v. int. 6. Shout thou, pappisat'; I shout, nitai' pappisa;

he shouts, ai' pap pĭsām'.

v. t. an. 3. Shout to me, pappisa' ko to kit; shout to him, pappisa' ko tos; I shout to you, kitai' pappisako to; he shouts to him, aipappisa' ko to yiuaie.

Shouting, n. abstr., pap pisa' sin ni. Shovel, n. an., ino ka' tsis; pl., -tsix. Small shovel, inux' ino ka tsis. Show, v. int. 1 (exhibit). Show

thou, an is tsin uk kit; I show, nitan is tsin uk ki; he shows, an is tsin uk ki.

v. t. ina. 2. Show it, an istsIn it; I show it, nit an is tsInip; he shows it, an is tsIn imaie.

v. t. an, 3. Show to me, an istsin name kit; show to him, anis tsin no mos; I show to you, kitan is'ts'in nomo; he shows to him, an is ts'in' no mo yi u ai e.

Shower, n. ina., sotali; pl., taiests.

Showing, n. abstr. (exhibiting), anis' tsin ük sin ni.

Shriek, v. int. 1. Shriek thou, skai'skīnausīt; I shriek, nitūs'skaiskīnausī; (he shrieks, ŭs'skaiskīnausīu.

Shrieking,—n.-abstr.—skai'skinau-

Shrink, v. int. Lak shrinks (as cloth), inuk'au atsiu; (as meat), inuk'au an itsiu; (as wood), ikstsik' köt tsiu.

Shrivel, v. int. 1. It shrivels up, a'motsiu.

Shun, v. t. ina. 3 (by running from). Shun it, at tsIm mu ta toat'; I shun it, nitse' tsIm mu ta top; he shuns it, etsIm'mu ta tomaie. See "Run away."

Shut, v. t. ina. 2. Shut it, o'kit: I shut it, nito'kip; he shuts it, o'kimaie.

o Kimaie.

v. t. an. I. Shut it, o'kis; I shut it, nito'kiau; he shuts it, aio'kiuaie.

Shut down, v. t. ina. 2 (as window blind, etc.). Shut it, ok'kūnnīnit; I shut it, nitok'kūnnīnip; he shuts it, aiok'kūnnīnīmaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Shut it, sīkkūnnīn it; I shut it, nitsīkkūn nīn'ip; he shuts it, sīkkūn,nīn' Ymaie.

Shut eyes, v. int. 1. Shut eyes, naps'tsiakit; I shut eyes, nitsaps'tsiaki; he shuts eyes, naps'tsiakiu.

Shut (a knife), v. t. an. Shut it, a kain'is; I shut it, nita'kainau; he shuts it, a kain'iu aie.

Shutting, n. abstr., o'kiaksinni; (a window), ok'künninük-sinni; (eyes), naps'tsiaksinni; (a knife), akain'üksinni.

Sick, v. int. 1. Be thou sick, ok'tokosit; I am sick, nitai'ek tokosi; he is sick, ai'ok tokosiu. Sickness, n. abstr., ok to kos'sin ni. Sick people, n. an., ai'ok to kos ix. Side, n. ina. (of body), an auks' is-

tum: (of house), an auks' Ip stots. Sideways, adv., pakh ksistots'.

-Sieve, n. an., i tai su is ta' pi ksis tukkiopi; pl., -pix.

Bift, v. int. 1. Sift thou, sulsta'piksīstūk kit; I sift, nitai'su-Istapiksistukki: be sifts, ai'-

su is ta pi ksis tuk ki u.

Sifting, n. abstr., su ista' pi ksistuk-

Sigh thou, is-Sigh, v. int. 1. sik'setumit; I sigh, nitus'siksetumi: he sighs, ussīk'setum-

Sighing, n. abstr., is sik'se tum sin-

Sight, n. abstr., aap'sinni.

Signal, v. t. an. 3 (by hand or blanket). Signal me, apsto'kit; signal him, apstos'; I signal you, kitap'sto; he signals him, ap'sto vi u a i e.

v. int. 1 (by looking-glass). Signal thou, ikkun'nasukkit; I signal, nitsīk'kunnasukki; he signals, ik kūn' na sūk ki u.

Signal to me, ikv. t. an. 3. kun'na somokit; signal to him, ikkun'nasomos; I/signal to you, kits ik'kun na so mo; he signals to him, ikkun'nh somoyi u-

Signaling, n. abstr. (by hand, etc.), ansto'sinni: (by looking-glass),

ikkun'na suksin ni.

Silence, n. abstr., sai e' pu aw sin ni. Bilent, v. int. 1. Be silent, akaisau ütse' pu'yit; I am silent, nitaisauŭtse' puyi; he is isilent; aisauŭtse' puyiu.

Similitude, n. abstr., is tu tu'i sup-

In a sIn ni.

Sin, n. abstr., sau um' it si tap pi i sinni.

v. int. 1. Sin thou, sau um' itsitappiit; I sin, nitsauum'itsitappii; he sins, sauum'itsitappiiu.

Sinew, n. ina., assi pis'; pl., pists.

Sing. v. int. 1. Sing thou, ninikit; I sing, nits i ni ki; he sings, ai'ni kiu, or ninikiu.

v. t. ina. 1. Sing it, ni nikitsit'; I sing it, nitai'nikitsip; 3

he sings it, ai nik i tsim ai e.

r. t. an. 3. Help me to sing ninikut' tomokit; help him to sing, ninikut'tomos; I help you to sing, kitainikuttomo; helps him to sing, ninikut' tomoviusie.

Singe, v. t. an. 1. Singe me, istsīn'sokit; singe him, istsīn'sīs; I singe you, kitsi'tsInso; be

singes him, itsīn'siuaie. Singeing, v. int. 1. He is singeing,

ists su' yi u. Singeing, n. abstr., itsīn'sūksīnni.

Singing, n. abstr., ni nik sin ni. Sink, v. int. 1. Sink thou, istat'sit : I sink, nitsis' tatsi; he sinks,

is tat' si u. Sinking, n abstr., istat' sïani.

Sinner, n. an., sau um' it si tap pi ua; vī. -pix.

Sister, n. an. My elder sister, nin'-sta; your elder sister, kin'sta; her elder sister, un'sti. My sister, nit'a ken vour sister, kit'akem; his sister, of akem. A woman addressing her younger sister, says, nisis'sa. A man says, nës kun'; a term also applied to a younger brother or other " relative.

Sit thou, api'it; I Sit. v. int. 1. sit, nitse'pii; he sits, epi'iu.

Sit in, v. int. 1. Sit thou in, istsup'opiit; I sit in, nitsit sup-

popi; he sits in, itsup popiu. Sit on top of, v. int. 1. Sit thou on top of, is tokh it to' pi It; I sit on top of, nitsit tokhittopii; sits on top of, itokhit topii u.

Sit on edge of, v. int. 1. Sit thou on edge of, istsiinnoko'piit; I sit on edge of, nits It tsi In no ko'pii; he sits on edge of, itsiin no-· koʻpiu.

Sitting, n. abstr., apl'slani; (in), supopi'sinni; (on top of), is-

tokhittopi'sinni; (on edge of), | Slay, v. t. an. 2. Slay me, ini'kit; istsi In no kopi' sIn ni. Six, num. adj., nau'. Sixteen, num. adj., nai'ko put to.

Sixty, num. adj., nai'ippo.

Size. It is of such a size, un'nianik' kokimiu. He is of such a size, ŭn ni an 1k' ko ksim. Skate, n. an., immoke katsis.

v.-int.-2.-Skate-thou,-im moke'kat; I skate, nits'im' moke ka; he skates, im moke' kau, Skating, n. abstr., immoke' kan i.

Skim, v. int. 2. Skim thou, im sik'-I skim, nitsīmsīka;

skims, imsīk'au.

v. t. ina. 3. Skim it, imsik'attoat; I skim it, nItsIm'sIkattop; he skims it, imsik'attomaie.

Skimmer, n. an., it um'sikau pi. Skimming, n. abstr., im sīk'ani.

Skin, n ina., motokis'.

v. int. 1 (with knife). thou, ec'takkit; I skin, nitse'etăk ki: he skins, ee' tak ki u.

v. t. an. 2.Skin him, ee'tsïs; I skin him, nitse'etau; he skins him. e e' tsi u ai e.

v. t. an. 1 (with hand). Skin bim, itu'nis; I skin him, nitsi'-In nau; he skins him, iIn'niuai e.

Skin disease, n, abstr., a pix'osin ni. v. int. 1. I have skin disease, nita' pik si; he has skin disease, a' pik si u.

Skinning, n. abstr. (with a knife), e e'tuksïnni; (with the hand), i ĭn'nŭkstuni.

Skunk, n. an., ap'i kaiii.

Sky, n. an. Clear sky, nam'i po kai. Slab, n. ina., a pax Istokhskui.

Slack, v. t. ina. 2. Slack it, sa'atsikoppinit; I slack it, nit'saktsi-koppinip; he slacks it, sa'atsikop pin im ai e.

Slackening, n. abstr., sa atsi kop piisīnni; saŭtsikoppīn'ūksīnni. Slate, n. an., ok'otoksi-sinaksin.

Slate pencil, n. an., okotoksotai'sınak iopi.

slay him, init'tsis: I slay you, kitsi'nit to; he slays him, inittsi'u ai e.

v. pass. I am slain, nitsi'niko: he is slain, inīttau'.

Slaying, n. abstr., i nĭk'sĭn ni.

Sleep, v. int. 2. Sleep thou, okat'; I sleep, nitai'oka; he sleeps, ai'okau.-

Sleep, n. abstr., okan'i.

Sleigh, n. an., is tsi kun' Istsi.

v. int. 1 (drive in a sleigh). Sleigh thou, istsikun' istsiit; I sleigh, nitsĭs'tsikunĭstsii; sleighs, istsikun'Istsiiu.

Sleighing, n. abstr., is tsi kun' is tsi i-. sĭn ni.

Slender, v. int. 1. He, or it, is slender, ix tsi'u.

v. int. 1. He is a slender per-

son, ix tap' pi u. Slice, v. t. ina. 2. Slice it, istox is'tsinit: I slice it, nitsistoxis'tsïnip; he slices it, istox is tsïn-

Im ai e. Slice, n. ina., istox is tsinitūksin. Slicing, n. abstr., is tox is tsinituk-

Slide, n. an., immoke'katsïs.

"Skate." Slip, v. int. 1. Slip thou, istalk'ikokit; I slip, nitsis'tsikikoki;

he slips, istsík'ikökiu. Slipping, n. abstr., is tsīk' i kök sīn ni. Sloping ground, n., in nïs' so saw ku.

Sly, v. int. 1. Be sly, simis'sit: I am sly, nit'sîmîssi; he is sly, sīm ĭs'si u.

Slyness, n. abstr., sim is' sin ni. Small, v. int. 1. It is small, inuk'otssi'u; inak'īmiu.

v. int. 5. He is small, inuks'tsĭm.

Small-pox, n. ina., apix'osin (used also to describe any skin disease).

Smash, v. t. ina. 2. Smash it, sissix'iniit; I smash it, nit'sissix-Iniip: he smashes it, sissix'in-Imai e.

v. t. ina. 2. Smash it, a pon'it;

I smash it, nitse'ponip; he | Snap, v. t. ina. 2. Snap it, pi'ixinsmashes it, e pon'imai e.

Smashing, n. abstr., sissix'iniaksĭn ni.

Smell, v. int. 1. Smell thou, am't; I smell, nitam'i; he smells, am'iu.

v. t. ina. 3. Smell it, amattoat'; I smell it, nitam'attop; he smells it, amattomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Smell me, am ŭk'kit; smell him, amut'tsis; I smell you, kitam' utto; he smells him, am'üttsiuaie.

v. int. 1. Smell thou, sim mit; I smell, nit'simmi; he smells,

almmiu'.

v. t. ina. 3. Smell it, sim'matoat; I smell it, nitsīmmatop; he smells it, simma tomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Smell me, simmak'kit; smell him, sim mat'tsis; I smell you, kitsīmmato; he smells him, simma' tsiuaie.

Smelling, n. abstr., amsin'ni; sim'sīnni.

Smoke, n. ina., setsi'; (from a pipe), saie pu'ku yi.

Smoke, v. int. 1 (a pipe). Smoke thou, otsissi'it; I smoke, nito'-

tsĭssi; he smokes, otsĭssi'u. v. t. ina. 3. Smoke it, otsis'attoat; I smoke it, nitotsis'attop; he smokes it, o tsïs' at tom aie.

v.t.ina. 2 (a hide, etc.). Smoke it, atauan'IsIt; I smoke it, nitatauan'Isip; he smokes it, atauan Is Imaic.

v. t. ina. 2. Make it smoke, a'akhitsīt: I make it smoke. nita'akhitsip; he makes it smoke, ai'akhitsImai e.

Smoking, n. abstr. (a pipe), otsissĭs'sĭnni; (a hide), atauan'sŭksinni; (making smoke), aakh'it-

sük sĭn ni.

Smooth, v. t. ina. 3. Smooth thou it, 'minstau'o toat; I smooth it, nitsin'stauotop; he smoothes it, in'stau o tomai e.

v. impers. It is smooth, minstai'itsiu; mĭustai'iu.

It; I snap it, nitsipi'ixin ip; he snaps it, paii'IxIn Imaie.

Snapping, n. abstr., pi Ix In' üksIn ni. Snare, n. ina., a ka' tsïs; i tau' kau pi. Snare, v. int. 2 (a bird), akat': I snare, nitok'a; he snares, ekau'.

Snaring, n. abstr., a kau'i. Snatch up, v. t. ina. 3. Snatch it up, oka'sattoat; I snatch it up,

nito'kasattop; he snatches it up, ika'sattomaie.

Snatching up, n. abstr., oka'sĭnni. Sneeze, v. int. 1. Sneeze thou, a si'-

It; I sneeze, nita'sifi; he sneezes, a'siiu.

Sneezing, n. abstr., a si'i sîn ni.

Snore, v. int. 1. Snore thou, pakhskai'setumitsiIt: I snore, nitsipakhs'kaisetumitsii; he snores, pakhs'kaise tumi tsiiu.

Snoring, n. abstr., pakhs kai' se tumitsiisīnui.

Snow, n. ina., kon'; kon'skui; pl., v. impers. It snows, awkli putau.

Snow-bird, n. an., appinok'kuisĭs tsi.

Snow-shoe, n. ina., auam'. Soap, n. ina., issis' kiosatsis.

Sock, n. an., sakhoto' os im; pl., -ix. Soft, adj., ikkin-, in composition; as, soft blanket, ikkinai pistsi.

v. It is soft, ik kin'nis'si u. adv. partic., ik'kın-; as, speak softly, ik kine' pu yit.

Soil. See " Earth."

v. t. ina. 2 (stain). Soil thou it, o'tsi pistutsit; I soil it, nito'tsi pĭstutsip; he soils it, aio'tsipistutsimaie.

v. t. ina. 2. It is soiled, aio'-

tsi pĭn nat si u. Soldier, n. an., iĕn'ūkkeu; iĕn'ūkkeapiekuŭn.

Solitary, adj., nits-, in composition; as, a solitary person, nitsitappi.

Solitarily, adv partic., nits-. Some, adj. (an.), stsik'ix; (ina.), stsik'ists.

My son, noko'a; your Son, n. an. son, ko ko'a; his son, ok ku'i.

Son-in-law, n. an. My son-in-law, nis'; your son-in-law, kis'; his son-in-law, us'ai e.

Son-in-law, v. t. an. 1. Have me for a son-in-law, usimmokit; have him for a son-in-law, usim'mis; I have you for a son-in-law. kitaiusimmo: he has him for a son-in-law, ai'us îm mi u aie. Song, n. abstr., ni nik'sin.

Soon. See "Shortly."

Sore, n. ina. (deep in the flesh), atun'ika.

v. int. 2. It is a sore, a tunikan.

v. int. 1. It is sore, is tsi'Is tsi-

Sorry, v. int. 1. Be thou sorry, ikikin'etakkit: I am sorry, nitsīkikīn'etūkki; he is sorry, ikikĭn'e tŭkkiu.

Sound, n. ina., awk'takku.

Soup, n. ina., a ko' pis. · See "Broth."

Sour, v. int. 1. It is sour, apisu'yiu; lit tastes sour, ap isu' yi poko. South, n. and adj., amska' potsi.

adv. Toward the south, amska' pots i.

Sow, n. an., skim'-ak'sinni.

Sow, v. int. 2 (plant). Sow thou, supipum'mat; I sow, nit'supipum ma; he sows, sup'i pum mau. Sower, n. an., ai'supipum maua.

Spade, n. an., inoka'tsis; itau'akŭnakiopi.

Spark, n. ina., pūttsi'i; sparks fly, ai' püttsi au. Speak, v. int. 3. Speak thou, sai-

us' toat; I speak, nitai'susto; he speaks, ai'susto.

v. int. 1. Speak thou, e pu' yit; I speak, nitai'puyi; he speaks, ai' pu yi u.

v. int. 1. Speak thou, sitsip'sīt; I speak, nitaisītsīpsi; he speaks, ai'sīt sīp si u.

Speaking, n. abstr., saius' tosinni; epu'awsiani; sitsip'satsiani.

Speak to, v. t. an. 2. Speak to me, sitsip'sakkit; speak to him, sitsip sattsis; I speak to you, kit-

ai'sītsīpsatto: he speaks to him. ai'sīt sīp sat tsi u ai e.

Speak the truth, v. int. 1. Speak thou truth, amin'ilt: I speak truth, nitau munii; he speaks truth, au'muniu.

v. t. an. 2. Speak truth to me, aumun'ikit: speak truth to him. aumun'istsis: I speak truth to you,-kitau'munisto :- ho-speaks truth to him, au'munistsiuaie.

Speak straightforwardly, v. int. 1. Speak thou straightforwardly, mokom'otuniit; I speak straightforwardly, nito komo tani; he speaks straightforwardly, ikom'o tuni-

v. t. an. 2. Speak straightforwardly to me, mokom'otunikit; speak straightforwardly to him, mokom'otun istsis; 1 speak straightforwardly to you, kitokom'o tun is to; hespeaks straightforwardly to him, ikom'otunistsiuaie.

v. int. 1. Speak thou straightforwardly, mokome' puyit; speak straightforwardly, nitokome' puyi; he speaks straightforwardly, mokom e' pu yiu.

straightforwardly, Speaking abstr., mokom'otunissinni; mokŏm'e puaw sĭuni.

Speaking the truth, n. abstr., aumun'issinni.

Spear, n. an., sapup' is tateis.

Spectacles, n. an., oops pinatsis; itau'ops pin os o piau. Speech, n.abstr., e po'awain.

Speechless, v. int. 1. He is speechless, kŭttaiai' pu yi u.

Spent, v. impers. (gone). It is spent, ai i tsin' i kau.

Spice, n. ina., matsie po' ko. Spider, n. an., ksi uau'a kösi.

Spill, v. t. ina. 2. Spill thou it, asuyik'apixit: I spill it, nitasuylk'apixi; he spills it, asuylk'a pix imaie.

Spilling, n. abstr., a su yin' üksin ni. Spin, v. t. an. 3 (a top). Spin him, an Is' tu tos; I spin him, nitau'- an's tu to au; he spins him, an's'- tu to yiu aie.

Spinning, n. abstr. (a top), an is' tuto ossin ni.

Spine, n. ina., ai issu'ists.

Spirit, n. an., sta'aw.

Spit, v. int. 2. Spit thou, so ku'tat; I spit, nit'so kuta; he spits, ai'so kutau.

v. t. an-2. Spit at me, so kut'ükkit; spit at him, so kut'attsīs; I spit at you, kitai'so kötatto; he spits at him, ai'so kötüttsiuaie.

n. abstr., sokuť ani.

Spittle, n. ina., sokuťani.

Splash, v. int. 1. Splash thou, auts'akit; I splash, nitauts'aki; he splashes, auts'akiu.

v. t. an. 1. Splash me, ats o'kit; splash him, ats i's; I splash you, kit aute'o; he splashes him, auts'iuaie.

Splashing, n. abstr., autsak'sı̃nni. Splinter, n. ina., emix'kau; pl.,

-kaists.
Split, v. t. ina. 2. Split it, aistatuksIt'; I split it, nitai'statuksip; he splits it, aistatuksImaie.

Splitting, n. abstr., statuksak' sınni.
Spoil, v. t. ina. 2. Spoil it, aksıstutsit'; I spoil it, nitse' ksıstutsip; he spoils it, eksıstutsımaie.

v. t. an. 3. Spoil it for me, eksistuttomokit; spoil it for him, eksistuttomos; I spoil it for you, kitse'ksistuttomo; he spoils it for him, eksistuttomoyiuaie.

Spoil, n. ina. (of war), na'mökkön ests.

v. t. an. 2. Spoil me, na'mökkökkit; spoil him, na'mökköttsis; I spoil you, kitsina'mökkötto; he spoils him, na'mökköttsiuaie.

Spoiling, n. abstr., na' mök köt tük-

sinn.
Sponge, n. ina., ai' ksip pu yin ip.
Spoon, n. an., in nok' su yi.
Spot, n an., ki' tsip imi.
Spotted, adj., ki tsip imi.

Spread, v. t. ina. 2 (as butter on bread). Spread it, pon'it; I spread it, nit oponip; he spreads it, ipon'Imaie.

v. t. an. 2 (as a cloth, etc.) Spread it, setsai piksīstsis; I spread it, nit setsai piksīstau; he spreads it, se'tsai piksīstsiuaie.

v. t. an. 2. Spread it, istse'tsitsis: I spread it, nitai'setsitsau; he spreads it, ai'setsitsiuaie.

Spring, n. ina. (season of), moto'.
n. an. (of water), miksis'kum.

n. an. (of water), miksis k Sprinkle. See "Splash."

Sprout, v. int. 1. It sprouts, ai'sus-kiu.

Spruce tree. See "Pine tree." Spur, n. an., auaka' pix satsis.

v. t. an. 2. Spur him (a horse), auaka' pixsatsis; I spur him, nitau'aka pixsattau; he spurs him, auaka pixsatsiuaie.

v. int. 1. Use the spur, auaka'pixit; I use the spur, nit'auakapixi; he uses the spur, au'akapixiu.

Spurring, n. abstr. (a horse), auaka'pixsinni.

Spy, n. an., sim'miapuskskatūkkius.

Spy-glass, n. an., is suppiat's s. Square, n., ksaomük'okan istsissin ni; (four cornered), ats'otsi-

kokeu.

n. an. (used by carpenters), it üsks'ka ki opi.

Squeeze, v. t. ina. 2 (as a sponge). Squeeze it, kaippuyin'it; I squeeze it, nitai'kaippuyinip; he squeezes it, ai'kaippuyinimaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Squeeze it, a puts'In It; I squeeze it, nitau' puts'inip; he squeezes it, au' puts'inimaie.

v. t. an. 1. Squeeze me, a puts' inokit; squeeze him, a puts'inis; I squeeze you, kitau'putsino; he squeezes him, au'putsiniu aie. v. t. ina. 1. Squeeze it, ai'pikiotsit; I squeeze it, nitai' pikiotsip; he squeezes it, ai'pikiotsimai e.

Squeezing, n. abstr. (as a sponge), ksippuyin'üksinni; aputs'inük sin ni.

Squint, v. int. 1. Squint thou, istsIp'suppit; I squint, nits is tsip'suppi; he squints, is tsip' suppiu. Squinting, n. abstr., is tsip'supsinni. Stab, v. int. 1. Stab thou, sim uk'-

kĭt: I stab. nitsīmūkki: he stabs, sĭmükkiu.

v. t. an. 1. Stab me, sīm mo kit'; stab him, simmis'; I stab you, kitai's mmo; he stabs him, ai'sīm mi u aie.

v. pass. I am stabbed, nit'simmoko: he is stabbed. simau'. Stabbing, n. abstr., sīm ūk'sīn ni.

Stack, n., spitūk'sīn. Staff, n. ina., nu' toan isso.

Stag, n. an., au'atu yi-stum'Ik.

Stagger, v. int. 1. Stagger thou, atappokai'iIt; I stagger, nita'tappokaii; he staggers, a'tappokaiiu.

Staggering, n. abstr., atap' po kai-

Stair, n., itaua' missauopi. Stake, n. ina. (in the ground), isstum'atsis; isstum'man.

Stallion, n. an., nio' mita; pl., -tax. v. int. 2. It is a stallion, aio'mok au.

Stamp, v. int. 1 (with the feet). Stamp thou, istok'i kök It; nit ŭs' tok i kök i he stamps, us'tokikökiu.

Stamping, n. abstr., is tok' i kök sın ni. Stand above, v. int. 1. Stand thou above, ketse' puyit; I stand nitai'ketsepuyi; above, stands above, ai'ketsepu yi u.

Stand up, v. int. 1. Stand thou up, nipu' yi pu yit; I stand up, nitai'pu vi pu vi; he stands up, ai' puyı pu yi u.

Stand still, v. int. 1. Stand thou, istsi pu yit'; I stand, nits i tsi puyi; he stands, itsipu'yiu, or, i tai' pu yi u.

Stand on one side, v. int. 1. thou on one side, unistup'ipuyit; he stands on one side, un Istŭp'i pu yi u.

Stand on top of, v. int. 1. Stand thou on top of, is tokh' it si pu yit; he stands on top of, is tokh'it sipu vi u.

Stand so, v. int. 1. Stand thou so, un'an istsipu yit; he stands so,

ŭn'an Istsi pu yi u. Standing up, n. abstr., nipu'yipuyisîn ni.

Star, n. an., kŏk'a tosi; pl., -ix. Starch, n., itaiixksīstsikawk'iakiopi.

Stare, v. int. I. Stare thou, a mus'suppit; I stare, nitau mus' suppi; he stares, au mus suppiu.

v.t. an. 1. Stare at me, a mus'sum mokit; stare at him, amus'summis; I stare at you, kitaumus'summo; he stares at him, au mūs' sam mi u ai e.

Staring, n. abstr., a mūs' sūpsīo ni. Start, v. int. 3 (on a journey). Start thou, au mat toat'; I start, nit au'mat to; he starts, au' mat to.

v. int. 2 (to run). Start thou, au mat' to mok kat ; I start, nitau'măt to mõk ka; he starts, au' mătto mŏk kau.

Starting, n. abstr. (on a journey), au matto'sInni; (to run), au matto' mŏk kan i.

Startle. See " Frighten."

steals, ai'kŏmosiu.

Starvation, n. abstr., istsiso'okinsĭn ni.

Starve, v. int. 1. Starve thou, istsiso'okinit; I starve, nitsistsis- . o'okini: he starves, istsïso'okĭn i u.

Starving, n. abstr., is tsïso'o kïnsin ni.

Stay, v. int. 1. Stay thou, stau'pit; I stay, nitsitau'pi; he stays, itau' pi u.

v. t. an. See "Abide." Steal, v. int. 1. Steal thou, kom os', it; I steal, nitai'komosi; her

v. t. an. 1. Steal from ma.

komo'kit; steal from him, komo'Is; I steal from you, kitsikomo'; he steals from him, ai'komo i u ai e.

Stealing, n. abstr., komo'sīnni. Steamboat, n., istsiak'iosatsīs. Steel, n. an., uskiman'; pl.; -anix;

itūs' kīm au pi.

Steep, v. impers. It is steep, immī'u.

Steer, n. an., i wai'i tau-ap'ot skina. v. t. ina. 2 (a boat). Steer it. mak'okinit; I steer it, nitak'okīnip; he steers it, ai'akokīn-Imaie.

v. t. ina. 2. Steer it, mokom'otakit; I steerit, nito kom'otakip; he steers it, mokom'otakım-Bio:

Steering, n. abstr. (a boat), mak'okinūksinni; mokom'otosinui. Steersman, n. an., au'komotaki-

osin.

Stem, n. ina. (of a tree), oki'u; (of a pipe), mistsia kuai in niman. Step, n. ina., itaisokomissau'opi. Step-daughter, n. an. My stepdaughter, nit o'ko tunna. Step-father, n. an. My step-father.

nitok' un na.

My step-Step-mother, n. an. mother, nitok'o ksïsta. Step-son, n. an. My step-son, nit-

ok'okoa.

Stick, n. ina., mis tsis'; pl., -tsists. v. int. 1. Stick thou, is' kse-I stick, nitsïs'ksesi; he sticks, is' ksesi u.

v. t. ina. 2. Stick it, uxpun'it; I stick it, nitaux' punip; he sticks it, aux'pun'imaie.

Sticking, n. abstr., üx pün' ük sinni. Sticky, v. impers. It is sticky. aux pik'au.

Stiff, v. int. 1. Be thou stiff, miex'kisit; I-am stiff, nits'ex kisi; he is stiff, miex'kĭsiu.

Stiffen, v. reflect. Stiffen yoursolf. miex'kikawsit; I stiffen myself, nitsex' ki kawsi; he stiffens himself, miex'ki kawsiu.

Sting, v. t. an. 1. Sting me, ix-

tsĭn'ipokĭt; sting him, ixtsīn ipls: I sting you, kitai'lx tsinipo; he stings him, ai'ix tsīni pi u-

Stinging, n. abstr., ixtsin'ituksinni.

Stink, v. int. 1. Stink thou, atsĭm'mĭt': I stink, nitai' i tsĭm'mi ; he stinks, ai'itsīm mi u.

v. impers. It stinks, itsīm-

Stir, v. int. 1. Stir thou, a tuk'm'iakit: I stir, nitau'atūkīmiaki; he stirs, au'atŭkīmiakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Stir it, a tükim-It': I stir it, nitau'atuk Imiip; he stirs it, auatūkīmi' Imaie. Stirring, n. abstr., a ítůkím' i aksín-

Stirrup, n. an., sa pi' kaki atsīs. Stitch. See "Sew."

Stock, n. an. (of gun), ototu'ikin .-Stocking, n. ina., a to' os sim.

Stomach, n. ina., mo' koanni. Stone, n. an., o'kotoki; (flat), a-

pux'istokskim: quantity stones, oʻko tok sku i.

Stool, n. ina., kum Isso' potsis. Stoop, v. int. 1. Stoop thou, autosokiak'It; I stoop, nitau'tosokiak'i: he stoops, au'tosokiakiu.

Stooping, n. abstr., au'tosokiak-

Stop. v. int. 1 (in walking). Stop thou, "uk' aitsi pu yit; nitsek'aitsipuyi; he stops, ek'ai tsi pu yi u.

v. int. 3 (at work). Stop thou, ŭk'aiksiuot; I stop, nitsek'aiksiuo; he stops, ek'aiksiuo.

v. t. an. Stop me, ŭkaiksiua'kit: stop him, ŭkaksi u' uttsīs: I stop you, kitsek'aiksiuatto: he stops him, ekaiksiuattsiuaie.

v. t. an. 3 (when walking, running, etc.). Stop me, o'kokit; stop him, o'kos; I stop you, kitai'oko; he stops him, ai'oko yi-

v. t. ina. 2 (machinery in mo-

tion). Stop it, issīk ŭn'īstutsit; I stop it, nīt'sīk ŭnīstutsip; he stops it; issīk ŭn'īstutsīmai e.

v. t. an. 1 (a horse). Stop him, a mai' puyis; I stop him, nit au'-

mai pu yi mau.-

Stopping, n. abstr. (in walking), ük'ai tsi puyisinni; (in working),
ük'ai ksi uosin ni; (another, when
walking, running, etc.), o'köksinni; (machinery in motion),
issik ün'is tu tüksinni; (a horse),
a mai'puyisinni.

Store, n. (retail), itau'mūtskotūkiopi; (warehouse), itai'pūtsstūkiopi; (of food), aau'ŏsitūk-

sists.

Storm, n. (snow), sum'oputau; autumn storm, moku'putau.

Stout, v. int. 1. Be thou stout, mio'kasit; I am stout, nitaitokasi; he is stout, mio'kasiu.

v. int. 1. Be thou stout, omuk'köppiIt; I am stout, nit'omukköppii; he is stout, omuk'köppiiu.

Stoutness, n. abstr., mio'kasĭnni; omuk'kŏppiisĭnni.

Stove, n. an., mix'kimi po tan.

Straight, v. impers. It is straight, i kom'ots tsi u.

Straighten, v. t. ina. 3. Straighten thou it, mokomote'kopattoat; I straighten it, nitau'komotskopattop; he straighten it, au'komotskopattom uie.

Stranger, n. an. piitap'pi.

Strangle, v. t. an. 2. Strangle thou me, ilstap'ikit; strangle him, ilstap'istis; I strangle you, kitai'istapisto; he strangles him, ai'istapistsiuaie.

Strangling, n. abstr., ailstap'Istak-

sĭnni.

Strap, n. ina., itau'mopistakiopi; pl., -pists.

Straw, n. ina., su istsi pik'iak sin. Straw hat, n. ina., mattu yis'tsümmo kön.

Strawberry, n. ina., otsis tsin'; pl.,
-tsi'ists.

Stray, v. int. 2 (of a man). Stray

thou, nam'itapauauökkat; I stray, nits'amitapauauökka; he strays, nam'itapauauökkau.

v. int. 1 (of a beast). Stray thou, nam'itapauyit; he strays,

namitapau' yī u.

Straying, n. abstr. (of a man), nam'itapau aučk kani; (of a beast), nam'itapau yisin ni.

Stream, n. ina., aase takh tai;

aase' tükh tamskam.

Street, n. ina., itauau'ŏkaupi. Strength, n. abstr., mī'sĭnni; mīskŏpsīnni.

Strengthen, v. t. ina. 2. Strengthen it, mi'istutsit; I strengthen it, nits'istutsip; hestrengthens it, mi'istutsimaie.

Strengthening, n. abstr., mi'ls tu-

tūksīnni.
Stretch, v. int. 1 (one's self). Stretch
thou, saipi'ît; I stretch, nitai'saipii; he stretches, ai'saipi-

v. t. ina. 2 (expand). Stretch thou it, koke'InIt; I stretch it, nitaikokeInip; he stretches it, aikoke'InImaie.

v. t. ina. 3 (as a rope). Stretch it, saifpsköp attoat; I stretch it, nital sailpsköp attop; he stretches it, ai sailpsköp attomaie.

v. t. an. 2. Stretch me, saiîpsköp'ükkit; stretch him, saiîpsköp'ütteis; I stretch you, kitai'saiîpsköpatto; he stretches him, ai'saiîpsköpattsiuaie.

Stretching, n. abstr., sai pi u'ossĭnni; (a rope, etc.), sai ipsköp'at-

tŭksInni.

Strike, v. t. ina. 2. Strike it, aki'It; I strike it, nitau'akip; he strikes it, au'akiImaie,

v. t. an. 1. Strike me, akio'-kit; strike him, aki'is; I strike you, kitau'akio; he strikes him, au'akiuaie.

v. int. 6 (clock). It strikes, ai'săt si ko tum.

Strike camp, v. int. 1. Strike camp, apūk'ke It; I strike camp, nit-

au'pūkkei; he strikes camp, au'pūkkeiu.

Striking, n. abstr. (hitting), akiak'sinni; (camp), apūk'keisinni.

String, n. ina., ix ta' poko.

Strip, v. t. an. 3 (deprive of clothing). Strip me, suoxotokit; strip him, su'oxotos; I strip you, kitaisuoxoto; he strips him, aisu'oxotoyiuaie.

v.reflect. (one's self). Stripyourself, su'oxotosit; I strip myself, uitsu'oxotosi; he strips himself,

aisu'oxotosiu.

Stripe, n. ina. (relating to colours), sats'tüksin.

Stripping, n. abstr., su'oxotaksīnni; (one's self), su'oxotosīnni. Stroke, v. t. an. 3. Stroke me, ai'sūm mo to kit; stroke him, ai'sūmmo tos; I stroke you, kitai'sūmmo to; he strokes him, ai'sūmmo to yiu aie.

Stroking, n. abstr., sam mo'taksin-

Strong, v. int. 1. He is strong, mio'kasiu; mis'iu; mis'köpiu.
Strychnine, n., itai'putsĭmaupi.
Stubble, n. ina., ikau'okikai ists.
Stud, n. an. (for shirt), itaisup pi-

kin'amaupi. Stud horse, n. an., nio'mita; pl.,

-tax.
Stuff, v. t. ina. 3 (fill). Stuff it in, stai'suppotoat; I stuff it in, nit'sitaisuppotop: he stuffs it in, itai'suppotomaie.

Stuffing, n. abstr., stai'suppituk-

Stumble, v. int. 1. Stumble thou, usts'kimskük't; I stumble, nits-Istskimskük'i; he stumbles, ists'kimskük'iu.

Stumbling, n. abstr., ists kim'sküksin ni.

Stump, n. ina. (of a tree), ikau'oki-

Stupid, v. int. 1. Be stupid, mattsapsit; I am stupid, nit it' tsapsi; he is stupid, mat' tsapsi u.

Stupidity, n. abstr., mat tsap sin ni. Subside, v. int. 1 (water). Subside

thou, sīksiku'yit it subsides, aisīksiku yi'u.

Succour. See "Help."

Suck, v. int. 2. Suck thou, istat' I suck, nitus'ta; he sucks, us'

au.

v. t. ina. 3. Suck it, us'tatoat; I suck it, nit us'ta top; he sucks it, us'ta tomaie.

Sucking, n. abstr., ista'sınni.
Suckle, v. t. an. 1. Suckle thou
him, istak'ai's; she suckles him,

istak'ai uaie.

Suffer pain, v. int. 1. Suffer thou istse'stumit; I suffer pain, nits-is'tsestumi; he suffers pain, is'tsestumiu.

v. int. 6. Suffer thou, epu'Inat; I suffer, nitse'pu'Ina; he suffers, epu'Inum.

Suffice, v. impers. It suffices, un'niaie.

Sugar, n. ina., nap'iniu; brown sugar, otoka'piniu; white sugar, ksixap'iniu.

Suicide, commit, v. reflect. (by stabbing). Commit suicide thou, autit'aisImosit; I commit suicide, nitautit'aisImosi; he commits suicide, autit'aisImmosiu; (by shooting), commit suicide thou, autit'tosit; I commit suicide, nit'autittosi; he commitssuicide, autit'tosiu.

(By drowning). See "Drown."
(By hanging). See "Hang."
(By poisoning). See "Poison."

Sulk, v. int. 1. Sulk thou, minix'it; I sulk, nitai'nixi; he sulks, minix'iu.

Sulking, n. abstr., minix'sinni.

Summer, n. ina., nepu'. Sun, n. an., nato'si.

Sunday, n. ina., na to' ye ksis tsi kui ;

pl., -kaists. Sun dial, n. an., itai'ksĭstsikumiopi.

Sunrise, n. ina., au'otum'iskopi.

adv. At sunrise, au'otum'iskop'issi.

Sunset, n. ina., ai' Istakopi.

adv. At sunset, ai'īstakŏpīs-

Sunshine, n. ina., ai'etsks Ix kopi.

Superintend, v. int. 1. Superintend thou, ototam sit; I' superintend, nito'totamsi; he superintends, o'totamsiu.

Supper, n. ina., atux'oŏssĭn.

Surround, v. t. an. 1. Surround ye him, otax'e pu yimok; they surround him, otax'e pu yimiauaie.

Swallow, n. an. (bird), si'ixikop-

v. int. 6. Swallow thou, its's-tat; I swallow, nitsts'sta; he swallows, its' Istam.

Swallowing, n. abstr., itsis' taksin-

Swamp, n. ina., paxe'kŭkku.

Swear, v. int. 1 (profanely). Swear thou, ai'pakosinekit; I swear, nitai'pakosineki; he swears, ai'pakosinekiu.

Swearing, n. abstr., pa ko'sın eksinni.

Sweat, v. int. 1 (perspire). Sweat thou, saikin'sit; I sweat, nitai'saikinsi; he sweats, ai'saikinsiu.

Sweating tent, n. ina., istse'Iskan. Sweep, v. int. 1. Sweep thou, nomawk'iakit; Is sweep, uitaiomawk'iakit, he sweeps, aiomawk'iakiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Sweep it, nomawk'it; I sweep it, nitaiomawk'ip; he sweeps it, aiomawk'Imaie. Sweeping, n. abstr., nomawk'iak-

sinni. Sweet, v. impers. It is sweet, mat-'siepo'ko; very sweet, iekit'sie-

Sweeten, v. t. ina. 2. Sweeten it, matsie po'koistutsit; I sweeten it, nitai'tsie po koistutsip; he sweetens it, aitsie po koistutsimaie.

Sweet grass hills, n. an., kūttu yīs' ix. Swell, v. int. 1. Swell thou, kopi'it; I swell, nitai'kopii; he swells, aikopi'u. Swelling, n. abstr., kopi'isinni.
Swift, v. impers. It is swift, istsi-ke'u.

Swim. See "Bathe."

Swine, n. an., ak'sĭnni; pl., -nix. Swing, n., auapīs'tan.

v. reflect. Swing yourself, auut'apiksit: I swing myself, nitauutapiksi; he swings himself, auut'apiksiu.

v. t. an. 2. Swing me, auut'apiksīk kīt; swing him, auut'apiksīstsīs; I swing you, kitaunīt'apiksīsto; he swings him,
au ūt'a piksīstsi uaio.

Swinging, n. abstr., au ut'a pi ksistuksin ni.

Swoon. See "Faint."

Sword, n. an., in nis' toan; pl.,
-toax.

Syrup, n. ina., ux piap'iniu.

T.

Table, n. ina., itaiso'iopi; itau'yo-

Table cover, n. ina., itaisotunik'i-akiopi; pl., -pists.

Tack, n. an., it ainuxiksis' toxakiopi; pl., -pix.

Tack, brass-headed, n. an., ists'staksin.

Tail, n. ina., mokh so yïs.

v.int.1. He has a tail, is so ye'u.
Take, v.t. ina. 1. Take it, mateit';
I take it, nitots'ip; he takes it,
mateim aie.

v. t. an. 3. Take me, mattokit; take him, mattos'; I take you, kitau'to; he takes him, mat'toyiunie.

Take ashore, v. t. ina. 3. Take it ashore, apitse' potoat; I take it ashore, nitaupitse' potop; he takes it ashore, au' pitse potomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Take me ashore, apitse'piokit; take him ashore, apitse'piis; I take you ashore, kitau'p'tsepio; he takes him ashore, aupitse'piuaie.

Take away, v. t. ina. 1. Take it away, mis'tupotsit; I take it away, nitai'is tapotsip; he takes it away, ai' îs tupo tsîmaie.

v. t. an. 3. Take me away, mis'tupotokit; take him away, mis'tupotos; I take you away, kitai'istupoto; he takes him away, ai'Istupo to viuaie.

Take down, v. t. ina. 2. Take it down, in nai'pixit; I take it down, nitun'najpix ip; he takes it down,

in'nai pix îm qi e.

Take me down, inv. t. an. 2. nai'piks'kk'tt; take him down, in nai' piksīstsīs; I take down, kitsin'nai pi ksisto: takes him down, innai'pi ksīstsiuaie.

Take back, v. t. ina. 3 (return). Take it back, a kop' at toat; I take it back, nit'akopattop; he takes it back, a'köpattomaie.

v. t. an. 1. Take me back, akop'pickit; take him back, akop'pis; I take you back, kitakop'pio; he takes him back,

a kŏp' pi uai e.

v. t. ina. 1 (receive to one's self). Take it back, matsko'tsit; I take it back, nitus'skotsip; he takes it back, us'skotsimaie.

v. t. an. 3. Take me back, matsko'tokit; take him back, matsko' tos; I take you back, kitus'skoto; he takes him back, mat'sko to vi uai e.

Take off, v. t. ina. 2 (clothing). Take it off, sau auts' it: I' take it off, nit'sauautsip; he takes it

off, sau auts'Imaie.

v. reflect. Take off-yourself, sauo'tosit; I take off-myself. nitsauotosi: he takes off-himself. sau'o tosiu.

Take place. It will take place, ak'-

an ïsta pi u.

Take up, v. t. ina. 3. Take it up, ame' potoat; I take it up, nita'me po top; he takes it up, a'mepotomaie.

epiokit; take him up, ame'pis; I take you up, kitame'nio; he takes him up, ame' pi uaie.

Taking, n. abstr., matuk'sinni; (- away), mis' tupu tuk sin ni ; - ashore), a příse pi ük sřa ni : (— down), in naî' pi ksîs tük sîn ni ; (- back, i.e. returning) a kop'otuksin ni; (- back, i.e. receiving), issko' tuksinni ; (— off clothing). sau o' tük sin ni : sau o' tos sin ni : (— up), a me' pi tüksın ni.

Talk. See "Speak." Tall, v. int, 2. Be thou tall, spitat': I sph tall, nit spita; he is tall,

sp**H**au'. Tallow, n., ai sik kotsii.

Tame, v. int. 1. He is tame, ikkinaps'iu.

Tan, v. t. an. 2. Tan him, punin'attsīs; I tan him, nitai punīnat tauc he tans him, aipunin attsiunie.

Tanning, n. abstr., pun'sin ni.

Tantalize, v. t. an. 3. Tantalize me, aisai îx îx îu no kit : tantalize him, ai sai Ix Ix'In nos; I tantalize you. kitai'sai îx îx în no; he tantalizes him, ai sailx Ixīn no viuaie.

Tantalizing, n. abstr., sai IXIX'In-

nüksinni.

Tape, n., i tai pikükkün'Imau pi. Tapers, v. int. 1. It tapers, itupi'ksIs tsi u.

Tares, n. ina., okiap'suskiiau.

Target, n., akitük'sin. Taste, v. t. ina. 1. Taste it, a to tsit'; I taste it, nita' totsip; he tastes

it, au'a to tsïmai e.

Tasting, n. abstr., a to tak' sinni. Tattoo, v. int. 2. Tattoo thou, atsissa'kat; I tattoo, nitau'atsis-

saka: he tattoos, au'a tsīssakau. Tattooing, n. abstr., a tsïs sa' kan i. Tea, n. ina., sixikim'mi.

v. int. 2. Make tea, sixikim'simmat: I make tea, nitai'sixikimsimma; he makes tea, aisix-

i kim sim mau. Tea, making, n. abstr., six i kim' süksînni. :

v. t. an. 1. Take me up, ame'- Teach, v. int. 1. Teach thou, is-

ksinim' matstük kit; I teach, nitus'kain im matstük ki; he teaches, ŭs' ksin im matstük ki u.

· · v. t. an. 1. Teach me, isksin-Immatsokit; teach him, isksInim'matsis; I teach you, kitus'ksĭnīmmatso; he teaches him, ŭs ksin im mats' i u ai e.

v. reflect. Teach yourself, isksinim' matsosit; I teach myself, nitusksinim' matsosi; he teaches himself, ŭs ksïn im' matsos i u.

Teacher, n. an., üsksinim'matstok-

Teaching, n. abstr., is kain in' matstüksınıi.

Tea-cup, n. an., itaisixikim'iisim-

iopi; pl., -pix. Tea-kettle, n. an., itaua' kusimaupi; pl., -pix.

Teapot, n. an., is tsi ksists to pi; pl.,

Tear, n. ina., saku'apinikan.

Tear, v. t. ina. 2. Tear it, pin'otsit; I tear it, nitai'pinotsip; he tears it, ai'pinotsïmaie.

Tearing, n. abstr., pin'otüksinni. Teat, n., opusun'niki pi. Teeth, n. ina., mope'kinists.

Telegraph, n., itai'itsInikiopi; itai' pu yi o pi.

See "Say." Tell.

Tell the news, v. t. an. 3. Tell me the news, atsiniko'kit; tell him the news, atsinikos'; I tell you the news, kitai'ItsIniko; he tells him the news, ai' itsīn i ko yi u ai e.

Tell, v. int. 1 (confess). Tell thou, nınapun'it; I tell, nitsın'apuni; he tells, ai'īnapūniu.

v. t. ina. 3. Tell it, inapun'istoat; I tell it, nitsin'apunistop; he tells it, ai'inapun's tomai e.

v. t. an. 2. Tell me, in'a pan-Ykkit; tell him, in'apanystsys; I tell you, kitai'Inapuu'isto; he tells him, ai' în a pun îs tsi u ai e.

Telling, n. abstr. (the news), atsinik'sīnni; (confessing), ai īn'a pūn-Is tük sin ni.

Ten, num. adj., ke' po.

Tend. See " Watch." Tender, v. int. 1 (not tough), ik kin-

Tent, n. ina., ksikkokoau; (A shaped), a pi'kanokoau; (Indian), mo vĭs'.

Tent canvas, n. ina., itaisotunik'ĭmau pi.

Tent-pole, n. ina., mun'stam.

Terrify. See "Frighten." Thank you, E-e-e-e-e; nitokh'sitük ki (=I am pleased).

Thawing, v. int. 1. It is thawing, ai'stük ku vi.

Thee, pers. pron., kësto'a. Theft, n. abstr., kömo'sĭnni. Their, pron. poss., otsinan'oaiau.

Them, pers. pron., osto'auai. . Then, adv., un'nika; tum-, in composition; as, I will then come

here, nitako tŭm'i puksi pu. There, adv., un'nimaie.

Thermometer, it üs'stu yım io pi.

These, pron. an., am' ox. These, pron. ina., am'osts. They, pers. pron., osto'auai.

Thick, v. int. 1. It is thick (ina.), spīke'u; (an.), spīk'siu.

Thick, adj., spik-, in composition; as, thick writing, spik'sinaksin. Thicken, v. t. ina. 2. Thicken it, mioks' pistutsit; I thicken it, nitauks'pistutsip; he thickens it, auks' pïstuts îm ai e.

Thickening, n. abstr., oks' pistutuksinni.

Thieve. See "Steal." Thigh, n. ina., moop'issuk.

Thigh-bone, n. ina., otoxin'a. Thimble, n. an., itauai'tsin ükiopi: pl., -pix.

Thin, v. impers. It is thin, is toke'u. Thin, adj. partic., is tok-, in composition; as, thin cloth, is tok' ai pistsi.

Think, v. int. 2. Think thou, kseĭmstat'; I think, nit ai kseĭmsta; he thinks, ai'kseĭm stau.

Thinking, n. abstr., kse im sta'ni.

Thirst, v. int. 1. Thirst thou, e nak'it; I thirst, nits o' nak i; he thirsts, enak'iu.

Thirsting, n. abstr., enak'sinni. Thirteen, num. adj., ni'ko put to. Thirty, num. adj., niip' po. This, pron. dem., am'ok, or, am'oia. Thither, adv., om'ima. Thorn, n. ina., ksissi'is. Thorn bush, n. ina., ksisis'ku. Thought. See "Thinking." Thousand, num. adj., omuk'sikepip po.

Thrash, v. ii. 1 (grain). Thrash thou, suïstsi pik' iakit: I thrash, Thrash nitai su îs tsi pîk' i ak i ; thrashes, aisu īstsi pīk'i aki u.

Thrashing, n. abstr., suïstsipik'iaksĭnni.

Thrashing-floor. n. ina., otsitai'suisuitsi plk'i ak i pi - a pux'istox ix-Thrashing-machine, n. an., itaisui-

Ys tsi pik'i akio pi.

Thread, n. ina., assi pis'. v. t. an. 1. Thread him (in reference to the needle), saupskais'; I thread him, nitai'saunskau; he threads him, saupska'iusie.

v. t. ina. 3. Thread it (in reference to the thread), saups katoat'; I thread it, nitai'sa upskatop: he threads it, saups katomaie.

Threading, n. abstr., sa upskatuk'-

sĭnni.

Three, num. adj., nioks' kum. Three-cornered, nicks' kai ko ki. Three score, num. adj., nai'lp po. Three times, v. int. 1. It is three times, nioks' kan Istapiu. Throat, n. ina., moksistun'.

Throbs, v. impers. It throbs, aupi'u; ai'taupiu. Throne, n. ina., spiso' potsis (=

high seat). Throng, v. t. an. 3. Throng ma, otuk akawkokit; Throng him, otuk'akawkos; we throng you, kito'taka kaw kopinan; throng him, ituk'a kaw ko yii au. Thronging, n. abstr., otuk'akaw- kŭksĭuni. Throttle, v. t. an. 1. Throttle me.

puttsinno'kit: throttle him. puttsinnis; I throttle you, kitai'puttsinno: he throttles him. ai'păt tsîn niu ai e.

Throttling, n. abstr., put tsin uk'sin-

Through, go, v. int. 3. Go thou through, sisuppok'oat; I go through, nitaisisup poko; he goes through, itai'sisup poko.

Through, going, n. abstr., sisup pok'-

osĭn'ni.

Through, adv. partic., sisupp k-. in composition; as, it rains through, aisisup pok'so tau.

Throw, v. int. 1. Throw thou, pix-It'; I throw, nitai'pixi; he

throws, itai' pixiu.

v. t. an. 3. Throw it to me, puk' supa piksis tomo kit; throw ` it to him, is tupapikalatomos; I throw it to you, kitai istupapikaïstomo; he throws it to him. · is' tup a piksīs to mo yiu aie.

Throw away, v. t. ina. 2. Throw it away, mis'tupa pixit; I throw it away, nitsis'tupapixip; he throws it away, is' tupa pix imaie.

Throw him away, .v. t. an. 2. mis' tupa pi keis tsis; I throw himaway, nitsis'tupa pi ksistau; he throws him away, its is tapapiksīs thi uai e.

Throw down. v. t. ina. 2. Throw it down mistupina pixit; I throw 'it down, nits is tup in a pix ip; he throws it down, its is tup in a pix-Imaie.

v. v. an. 2. Throw him down. mistapina piksistsis ; I throw him down, nits is tup in a pi ksistau; he throws him down, its'stup in a' pi karstai u ai e.

Throw into, or in, v. t. ina. 2. Throw it in, istsup'apixit; I throw it in, nitai'supapixip; he throws it in, itsup'a piximaie.

Throw him in istv. t. an. 2. sup'a pikais tais; I throw him in, nitaisupapiksīstau; he throws him in, itsup'a piksīstsiuaie. Throw into water, v. t. ina. 2.

Throw it into water, suis plxit; I throw it into water, nitsuia'pixip; he throws it into water.

suia' pix im ai e.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him into water, suia'piksIstsIs: I throw him into water, nitsuia piksistau; he throws him into water, it suia' pi ksīs tsi u ai e.

Throw inside, v. t. ina. 2 (as, inside a house). Throw it inside, is tsip'stapixit: I throw it inside, nits-IstsIp'stapix ip: he throws it inside, i tsīp'st a pīx īm ai e.

v. t. an. 2.—Throw-him inside, is tsip'st a pi ksis tsis; I throw him inside, nits is tsip'stapi ksistau ; he throws him inside, itsip'stapi ksĭs tsi u ai e.

Throw outside, v. t. ina. 2. Throw it outside, sai'pixit; I throw it outside; nitsaipixip; he throws it outside, itai'sai plx îm aie.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him outside, sai'piksïstsïs; I throw him outside, nit sai piksīs tau; he throws him outside, ai' sai pi kaïs tsi u ai e. Throw over, v. t. ina. 2. Throw it over, ksīstūk'a pīxit; I throw it over, nitaiksīstūka'pīxip; he throws it over, aiksistaka pixĭmaie.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him over. ksīstāka piksīstsīs; I throwhim nitai ksīs tūka' pi ksīs tau; he throws him over, ai keĭstūka'pi ksīs tsi u ai e.

v. t. ina. 2. Throw it over, otum Ina'pix it; I throw it over, nitotum in a pix ip; he throws it over, its tum in a' pix im ai e.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him over, otum in a' pi kais tsis ; I throw him over, nitotum Ina' piksistau; he throws him over, it otumĭn a' pi ksĭs tsi u ai e.

Throw through, v. t. ina. 2 (as, through an open window). Throw it through, sa tup' pixit; I throw it through, nitsatup pixip; he throws it through, satup'pixim-

v. t. an. 2. Throw him through. satup'iksistsis; 'I throw him through, nitsatup'iksistau: he throws him through, sa tup' i ksis-

tsiuaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (any substance, as glass, paper, etc.). Throw it through, sisup pok'sai pixit; throw it through, nitsisuppoksaipIxip; he throws it through, si sup pok sai pix im ai e.

v. t. an. 2. Throw him through, si sup pok sai' pi ksīs tsīs; I throw him through, nitsi sup pok'sai piksīstau; he throws him through. si sup pok sai' pi ksĭs tsi u ai e.

Throwing, n. abstr., piksistuk'sinni; (- away), mīs'tupa piksīstŭksĭnni; (— down), mĭstŭpina piksīstūksīnni; (— into), istsup'a piksīstūksīnni; (— into water), ist suia' piksīs tūk sīn ni : (- inside), istsīp'stapiksīstūksīn ni; (— over), ksīs tūk a' pi ksīstak sinni; (- over), otamin'a piksistuksinni; (— through), sa'tupiksistuksinni; (- through a substance), sisup pok sai pi kaistük sĭn ni.

Thumb, n. an., omuk'okitsis. Thunder, n., ksistsikum'a. -, Thy, poss. pron., kitsinan'; kit-.

Tickle, v. t. an. Tickle me, ekuan'istutokit; tickle him, eku an'īstutos; I tickle you, kitai'kuan'istuto; he tickles him, e'kuan Istuto yi uai e.

Tickling, n. abstr., ekuan'istutuksĭnni.

Tidings. See "News."

Tidy, v. int. 2. Tidy thou, munstai'itat; I tidy, or make tidy, nitaj'Instaiita; he tidies, ai'Instai i tau.

v. t. ina. 3. Tidy it, munstau'otoat;, I tidy it, nitai'Instauotop; he tidies it, ai'Instauotomaie.

v. impers. It is tidy, min staii'u; minstaua' piu. Tidying, n. abstr., mïnstai'itüksin-

ni.

Tie, v. t. ina. 2. Tie it, is'ksi pit; I tie it, nitai'isksi pip, he ties it, ai' Is ksi pim ai e.

v. t. an. 2.

Tie me, is ksipikkĭt; tie him, is ksi pĭstsīs; I tie you, kitai'isksi pisto; he ties him. ai' îs ksi pîs tsi u ai e.

Tied, v. pass. It is tied, imopip'. Tight, v. impers. It is tight, mi'-

tsiu; it is too tight, koke'tsiu. Tighten, v. t. ina. 2. Tighten it, koke'i pixit: I tighten it, nitai'kokeipīxip; he tightens it, ai'koke i pix imai e. –

Tightening, n. abstr., kokei'pixis-

tüksinni.

Till, v. int. 1 (the ground). thou, aupukimixak'it; I till. nitau' pukimixaki; he tills, au'pükimixakiu.

Till it, aupakimv. t. ina. 2. In'it; I till it, nitaupuk Im In'ip; he tills it, au' puk im in imaie.

Tiller, n. an. (of the ground), aupūkīm īn' ŭķiua.

Tilling, n. abstr., aupukimin'uk-

Timber, n. ina. (standing), at su'oskui.

Time. What is the time? tsa's itoto'ats itai'ksïstsikumiopi? adv. At that time, un'nika.

Tin, n. an., míx' kím. Tin kettle, n. an., mix'kimiokha. Tip. adv. At the tip, mi'no kotsi. Tippler, n. an., au'attseiua; sim-

me'pitsiua.

Tire me, sîstsi-. Tire, v. t. an. 1. ka'atsokit; tire him, sistsika'atsIs: I tire you, kitsIstsika'atso: he tires him, aisīstsika'atsiuaie.

v. reflect. Tire thyself, alstsika'atsosit; I tire myself, nitarstsika atsosi: he tires himself. aĭstsi ka'atsosi u.

Be thou tired, sis-Tired, v. int. 4. tsikut'; I am tired, nit'sistsiku; he is tired, ai'sīs tsiku.

Tired, being, n. abstr., sistsiku'sinni.

Tiring, n. abstr. (another), sistsi-

ka'atstüksĭnni; (one's self), sīstsi ka' atsossin ni.

Toad, n. an., omūk itse ekopisau. Tobacco, n. ina., pista kan.

Toboggan, n., so otsekatsis.

v. int. 2. Toboggan thou, so'otsekat; I toboggan, nitai'sootseka; he toboggans, ai'sootsekau.

Tobogganing, n. abstr., soots e'-

To-day, adv., an nok-ksīs tsi ku' ik. Toe, n. ina., inuk'okitsis.

Together, adv. partic., pok-, in composition; as, we will go there together, nitako pok'ittap popin-

Tomb. n., ake'niman.

To-morrow, adv., apiněk' wís; mat tun'nıs.

Tongs, n. an., itau'tŭkkiopi. Tongue, n., matsinni'.

To-night, adv., unstok'-koku'i.

Too, adv. partic., mau'mai-, in composition; as, it is too small, mau'maiinukotsiu; (in addition), mūt-; nŏk' ŭt-.

Tool, n. ina., itap'autuk kiopi. Tooth, n. ina., mope kin; pl., -kin-

Top, n. an., an is' tsi at sis; (summit), ksik ko'ke tots: ke tots'; he is on the top, ke tot'auk.

Torn, v. pass. It is torn, paivi'nikau.

Toss, v. t. ina. 2. Toss it, spa' pixit: I toss it, nitus'spapixip; he tosses it, üs'spapiximaie.

v. t. an. 2. Toss him, spa'pikaïstsïs; I toss him, nitūs'spapiksīstau; he tosses him, us'spapiksīstsiunie.

Tossing, n. abstr., spa' pi keis tük sin-

Touch, v. t. an. 1. Touch me, tsixen'okit; touch him, tslxen'is; I touch you, kitaitsïxeno; he touches him, talxen'iuaie. Touchwood, n. ina., pe'koksīxīm.

Tough, it is, v. int. 1, miu'. Towel, n. ina., it us' sīski osopi. Tower, n. ina., spiap'ioyls.

Town, n. ina., a kai'tappiskui; akap'ioyis.

Toy, n., au ŭm'atsis.

Trace, n. ina. (harness), itai'Ix kopiopi; pl., -pists.

Track, n. ina., moksoku'i.

v. int. 2. He makes a track, ok soku'is kau.

Trade. See "Buy."

v. recipr. (exchange). Trade with one another, pum' motselk; we trade with one another, nit'opummotseipinan; let us trade with one another, awkh' pummotseiop.

Trading, n. abstr. (with one another),

pum'motseisĭnni.

Trader, n. an, awkh' pumapie kuun; au muts' ko tuk ki ua.

Trample, v. int. 1. Trample on it, is to tutsam iayıt; I trample on it, nitsıt to tutsam iayi; he tramples on it, ito tutsam iayiu.

Trampling, n. abstr., is to tuts am' iavisinni.

Transform, v. t. ina. 2. Transform it, aisauai'stutsit; I transform it, nitaisauai'stutsip; he transforms it, aisauaistutsImaie.

v. t. an. 3. Transform me, aisauai'istutokit; transform him, ai-sauai'istutos; I transform you, kitsauai'istuto; he transforms him, ai'sauai'istutoyiuaie.

v. reflect. Transform yourself, ai'sauainosit; I transform myself, nitai'sauainosi; he transforms himself, ai'sauainosiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Transform it, nokets'Istutsit; I transform it, nitai'okets'Istutsip; he transforms it, ai'okets'Istuts'Imaje.

v. t. an. 3. Transform me, nokets'istutokit; transform him, nokets'istutos; I transform you, kitai'oketsistuto; he transforms him, ai'oketsistutoyiuaie.

v. reflect. Transform thyself, no kets'inosit; I transform myself, nitai'o ketsinosi; he transforms himself, ai'o ketsinosiu.

Transformation, n. abstr., ai sauai'-

istutūksinni; nokets'istutūksinni; (of one's self), aisau'ainosinni; ai'oketsinosinni.

Transgression. See "Sin."

Transgressor. See "Sinner." Transgress. See "Sin."

Transparent, adj., sisuppox'inuk-

Trap, n., itūk'iakiopi; ikiak'iatsīs.

v. int. 1. Set a trap, ikiak'It; I set a trap, nitai'ikiaki; he sets a trap, ai'ikiakiu.

v. i. an. 2. Trap him, iki ak'ut tsis; I trap him, nitai'iki akut tau; he traps him, iki ak'uttsi nois

tsi uaie. '
Trapping, n. abstr., iki ak' sĭn ni.
Travel, v. int. 3. Travel thou, au'-

mattoat; I travel, nitau'matto; he travels, au'matto.

Travelling, n. abstr., au mat to'sīnni.

Travoy, n. ina., manīstsi'; my travoy, nunīstsi'; horse trevoy, pono kŏm'ītanīstsi; dog travoy, imita'unīstsi.

Treacle, n. ina., ŭxpiap'iniu.

Tree, n. ina., omtx'Ixim; pine or fir tree, pakhtok'i; cotton wood tree, ase'tsIxim; poplar tree, asa'se tsIxim.

Tremble, v. int. 1. Tremble thou, pakh pu ye'it; I tremble, nitai'-pakh pu ye'i; he trembles, ai'-pakh pu ye'iu.

Trembling, n. abstr., pakh pu ye'i-sin ni.

Triangular, v. impers. It is triangular, nooks' kai ikoke u.

Trigger, n. an. (of a gun), ai'kokiapittattau.

v. t. an. 2. Pull the trigger, kokia'pittateis; I pull the trigger, nitai'kokiapittatau; he pulls the trigger, ai'kokiapittatsiunie.

Trigger, pulling the, n. abstr., ko-kia' pit tat tosinni.

Tripe, n., o'koanni.

Trouble, v. int. 1. Have thou trouble, ai sin na tapait; I am in

trouble, nitai's innataps; he is in trouble, ai'sInnatapsiu; trouble me, asınas'ükkit; trouble him, asınas'atsıs; I trouble you, kitai'sinasatto; he troubles him, ai'sīnas at tsi u ai e.

Trouble, n. abstr., sinnataps'sin-

Troubled in mind, v. int. 2. Be thou troubled in mind, ai'sinnatapitsitat; I am troubled in mind, nitai'sinna tapitsita; he is troubled in mind; ai'sIn na tapi tsi tau.

Troubled in mind, being, n. abstr.,

sĭnna tap' i tsi tan i.

Trough, n. ina. (for pigs), aksinniitaisup'pio yiopi; (water), itai'sîmepi tauopi.

Trousers, n. an., atsis'; pl., atsex'. True, v. int. 1. It is true, e'muni-See "Speak the truth."

Trumpet, n. an., itak'iopi.

v. int. 1. Blow the trumpet, ikkit': I blow the trumpet, nitai'Ikki; he blows the trumpet, ai' ik ki u.

Trumpet, blowing the, n. abstr., iksin'ni.

Trumpeter, n. an., si'ikki us.

Truth, n. abstr., aumun' Issinni. See " Speak the truth."

Try, v. int. 1. Try thou, issan'Istsiīt; I try, nit us sanīs tsii; he tries, us'san Istsiu.

Trying, n. abstr., is san' is tsi sin ni. Try to do, v. t. ina. 2. Try to do it, issan'Istutsit; I try to do it, nit us'sun's tutsip; he tries to do it, us' san is tuts im ai e.

Trying to do, n. abstr., is san' is tu-

tük sın ni. Tub, n. ina. (wash), it is sists tuk i-

Tumbler, n., saku' ku to kos.

Turkey, n. an., omux'i ketukki. Turn, v. t. ina. (as a handle). Turn it, au tuk'a pixit; I turn it, nitautuk'apixip; he turns it, autukapiximaie.

Turn around, v. int. 4 (when stand-

aaut'; T turn around, nitotakaau'; he turns around; o tükaau'. v. int. 1 (when sitting). Turn thou around, otukau' piit; I turn around, nitau' tŭk au pi i ; he turns around, autükaupiiu.

v. t. an. 1. Turn me around. au tūkau' po kit; turn him around, autukau'pais; I turn you around, kitautukau'po; he turns him around, autūkau' paiuaie.

Turn inside out, v. t. ina. 2. Turn it inside out, a po'ki otsit; I turn it inside out, nita pokiotsip;-heturns it inside out, a pokiotsim-

v. pass. ina. It is turned inside

out, a' poki otsip.

Turn from one side to the other. v. int. 1 (when in a lying posture). Turn thou, otukai'itsit; I turn, nito'tukaiitsi; he turns, autūkai'itsiu.

Turn over, v. int. 1. Turn thou over, omai'itsilt; I turn over, nitomaiitsi; he turns over, omai'itsi u.

v. t. ina. 2. Turn it over, omai'pixit; I turn it over, nitau'maipixip; he turns it over, aumai' pîx îm ai e.

Turn me over, o- v. t. an. 2. mai'piksikkit: turn him over, omai' pi ksïstsïs; I turn you over, kitau'mai pi ksisto; he turns him over, au'mai pi ksīstsi uaie.

v. t. ina. 3. Turn it over. omotoat; I turn it over, nitau'motop; he turns it over, au'motomaie.

v. pass. It is turned over, imotop.

Turn the face, v. int. 1. Turn thou the face, otuk'skiakit; I turn the face, nitau'tukskiaki; he turns the face, autuk skiakiu.

Turn the head, v. int. 1. Turn thou the head, otak'okiakit; I turn the head, nitau'tükokiaki; he turns the head, au'tukokiakiu. ing). Turn thou around, otuk- Turning, n. abstr. (a handle), otuk'- apixistaksinni: (when sitting), otukau' pissinni; (when standotukaau'sInni; (inside out), apo'kiotuksinni; (from one side to the other), otukai'itsissinni; (one's self over), omai'i tsissinni; (over a third object), omai' pi ksīs tūk sīn ni.

Turnip, n. an., mas'Insimman; mas'.

Twelve, num. adj., natsiko' putto. There are twelve, na'tsi koput toian.

Twenty, num. adj., na'tsippo. There are twenty, na tsippoiau. Twice, sissup ctsistokaiau.

Twine, n., nai' platsi-ap i kim.

Twinkle, v. int. 1 (eye). Twinkle the eye, pakh papina pixit: I twinkle the eye, nit ai pakh pa pina'pixi; he twinkles the eve. aipakhpapina'pixiu; (star) see "Tremble."

Twinkling, n. abstr. (eye), pakh pa-

pina'plx sin ni.

Twist, v. t. ina. 2. Twist thou it. amixka'pixit; I twist it, nitaiamixka'pixip; he twists it, aiamix ka pix imaie.

v. t. an. 2. Twist me, amixka'pixikkit: twist him, amixka' pi ksīstsīs; I twist you, kit ai'-· amix ka' pi ksīs to; he twists him. aia mīx ka' pi ksīs tsiu aie.

v. pass. It is twisted, a mix-

ka'pix ip.

v. t. ina. 2. Twist thou it, a'minit; I twist it, nitai'aminip; he twists it, ai'aminimaie.

Twisting, n. abstr., amīx ka' pi ksīstüksinni; amin'üksinni.

Two, num. adj., na'to kum.

U.

Ugly, v. int. 6. It is ugly (an.), pakhainum'; he has an ugly face. mŭkski'u.

Umbrella, n., aiīk'itatsīs. Unbelief, n. abstr., saie' tüksinpi.

Understand, v. int. 1. Understand | Valley, n., istsikum'.

thou, okh'tsimit; I understand. nitai'okh tsimi: he understands, ai'okh tsĭm i u.

v. t. an. 3. Understand me. okh' to kit; understand him, okh'tos: I understand you, kitai'okh to; he understands him, ai'okh to vi u ai e.

Understanding, n. abstr., okh'tük-

Undress, v. reflect. Undress thou, som'itsiosit; I undress, nitai'somitsiosi; he undresses, ai'somitsiosiu.

v. t. an. 1. Undress me, som'itsiokit: undress him, som'itsīs; I undress you, kitai'somitsio: he undresses him, ai'somitsi u a i e.

v. reflect. Undress thou, namitsios'it; I undress, nitai'amitsiosi: he undresses, ai'amitsi-

osiu.

Undressing, n. abstr., (one's self), som'itsiossīnni; namitsios'sinni; (another), som'itsiaksinni.

Unsaddle, v. t. an. 1 (a horse). Unsaddle him, ape'kunis; I unsaddle him, nita'pekunau; he unsaddles him, a' pekuniuaie.

Unsaddling, n. abstr., a pe' kun uksĭn ni.

Untie, v. t. ina. 1. Untie thou, apo'tsit; I untie it, nita'potsip; he unties it, a po'tsimaie.

Untying, a po' tūk sīn ni.

Up the river, adv., a me'totsim; ame-, in composition : as, he takes him up the river, ame terpiuaie. Useless. It is useless, matsi pumapi'uats.

Urine, n., isksĭn'ni.

v. int. 1. Pass urine, saus'ksit; I pass urine, nitsus ksi; he passes urine, ai'sŭs ksi u ; or, a is'ksi u.

Uvula, n. ina., opio'oun.

Veins, n. an., mus'tsix.

Village, n. ina., akap'ioyis.

Violin. See "Musical Instrument." **Virgin, n. an.,** mokŏk'iake.

Visit, v. int. 1 (to get a present). Visit thou, pisse'it: I visit, nitšīpīsse'; he visits, ai'pīsseiu.

v. t. an. 3. Visit me, pisse'iskotokit; visit him, plase'lakotos; I visit you, kitai' pisseiskoto; he visits him, ai'pīsseīskoto yi u ai e.

v. int. 3 (to get food). Visit thou, aksissauot: I visit, nitau'ksīssauo; he visits, Iksīs'sauo. Visiting, n. abstr., přese'i sřeni ; a-

ksĭssauo'sĭn ni. Vomit, v int. 2. Vomit thou, akit'skat; I vomit, nitau'kĭtska; he vomits, au'kĭt skau.

Vomiting, n. abstr., a kĭt'skan i.

w.

Wag, v. int. 1 (the head). Wag thou the head, anawkia pixit; I wag the head, nitauauawkiapixi; he wags the head, auauawkia pixiu.

v. int. 1 (the tail). Wag thou the tail, auatu'iapixit; I wag the tail, nitauauatu'iapixi; he wags the tail, auaua tuia' pixiu.

Wagging, n. abstr. (the head), auawkia'pixsinni; (the tail), au-

atuia' pĭxsĭnni.

Wages, n. an., aisak ino sattopix. Waggon, n. an., an'a kŏs; pl., -kŏs-

Wail, v. int. 1. Wail thou, au'yesit; I wail, nitau'yesi; he wails, au'yesiu.

v. t. an. 1. Wail for me, aivim' mokit; wail for him, ai yim'mis; I wail for you, kitau'yimmo: he wails for him, au'yimmiuaie.

Wailing, n. abstr., ai yĭm' mŭksĭn-

Waistcoat, n., itai'soksīs tauasioрī.

Wait! interj., ki'ka!

Wait, v. int. 1. Wait thou, o'kokkit: I wait nitaio kokki: he waits, ai'okŏkiu,

v. t. ina. 2. Wait for it, okh'it; I wait for it, nitai'okhip; he waits for it, ai'okh Imai è.

v. t. an. 3. Wait for me, okh'kokit: wait for him, okh'kos; I wait for you, kitai'okh ko; he waits for him, al'okh ko yi uaie.

Waiting, n. abstr., okh' kök sin ni. Wake, v. int. 1. Wake thou, ni po'kŏkit: I wake, nitsi po'kŏki; he

wakes, ai' po kŏki u.

v. t. an. 1. Wake me, kse ke'nokit; wake him, kseke'nis; I wake you, kitai'ksekeno: wakes him, ai'ksekeniuaie.

Waking, n. abstr., kse kë nuk sin ni. Walk, v. int. 2. Walk thou, auau'čkat: I walk, nitauau'čka; be

walks, au au' ŏk au.

v. int. 3 (in contrast to other modes of travelling). Walk thou, ksiuot'; I walk, nitai'ksiuo; he walks, ai ksiuo'.

v. int. 3. Walk around, otükko'at: I walk around, nitau'tükko: he walks around, autukko'.

v. t. ina. 3. Walk around it, I walk around o tuk ka'a toat : it, nitautūk ka'atop; he walks around it, au tük ka'a tom ai e.

v. t. an. 2. Walk around me, otukka'a kit; walk around him, otŭkka'atsïs: I walk around you, kitautükkaato; he walks around him, autük ka'atsiuaie.

Walk up and down, v. int. 4. Walk thou up and down, awu'uuut: I walk up and down, nitaua' wuau; he walks up and down, aua'wusu.

Walking, n. abstr., auau'ökasınni; ksiuo'sInni; (around), otukko'sīnni; (up and down), a'wuauosĭnni.

Walking-stick, n. ina., o' to at sis. Wander, v. int. 2 (in walking). Wander thou, keis tapauau okat; I wander, nitsi ksis' tapauaučka: he wanders, itsiksis'tapan an ökau.

Wandering, n. abstr. (when walking), ksis' tapau au čkasin ni.

Want, v. int. I. Be thou in want, kim' ŭki tappiit; I am in want, nitsīm'uk i tappi; he is in want, kı̃mük'itappiu.

Want, being in, n abstr., kimük'i-tap piisin ni. What do you want? kitak'sikipats; what does he

want? kaii'uats.

War, n. abstr., auakaw'tseisinni. v. recipr. They war, auakaw'tseiau.

War, go to, v. int. 3. Go to war, soo'at; I go to war, nit'soo; he goes to war, soo'.

War, going to, n. abstr., soo'sInni. Warm, v. int. 1. It is warm, amai'ksīstuyiu; ksīstutsīs'siu; so-

yīne'n.

v. reflect. Warm yourself, ksis-tusu'yit; I warm myself, nitai'ksīstusuvi; he warms himself, ai'ksīs tu su yi u.

v. t. ina. 2. Warm it, ksistus-it'; I warm it, nitai'ksistusip; he warms it, ai'ksïstusīmaie.

v. t. an. 1. Warm him, ksistusis'; I warm him, nitai'ksistusau; he warms him, ai'ksïstusu vi u ai e.

v. t. an. 1. Warm me, ksistusuiats'okit; warm him, ksīstusuiats'is; I warm you, kitai'ksīstusuiatso; he warms him, ai'ksĭstusuiatsiuaie.

Warming, n. abstr. (one's self), ksistusu'visinni; (a third object), ksĭstusŭk'sĭn ni.

Warp, v. impers. It warps, emo'kŏtsiu,

Wash, v. reflect. Wash yourself, issis tsim musit: I wash myself, nitus sistsim musi; he washes himself, us'sistsim musiu.

v. reflect. (the face). Wash the face, issis'kiosit; I wash the face, nitus'siskiosi; he washes the face, us'siskiesiu.

v. t. an. 1. Wash my face, is-

sĭs'kiokit; wash his face, issĭs'kils; I wash your face, kitus'sīskio; he washes his face, ussis'ki u si e.

v. t. an. 1. Wash my face, issĭs'keĭstsĭmmokit; wash face, issīskeīstsīm'mīs; I wash your face, kit as'siske is tsim mo; he washes his face, us siske istsîm mi u ai e.

Wash, v. reflect. (hands). Wash hands, is tsimme'it; I wash hands, nit ŭs' tsim mei; washes his hands, us tsim me iu.

v. t. an. 1. Wash my hands, istsImme'atsokIt; wash hands, istsīm me'atsīs; I wash your hands, kitai'IstsImmeatso; he washes his hands, üs'tsImmeatsiusie.

v. int. I (clothes, floor, etc.). Wash thou, issists' tukit; I wash, nitus'siststuki; he washes, us'sists tük i u.

v. t. ina. 3. Wash it, issists'toat; I wash it, nitus' sists top; he washes it, us' sists tomaie.

v. t. an. 3. Wash for me, issists' to mo kit; wash for him, issists' to mos; I wash for you, kitus sists to mo; he washes for him, ŭs'sĭsts to mo yi u ai e.

Washing, n. abstr. (one's self), issīs' tsīm musīn ni ; (— face), issis' ki osinni ;(- face for another), issīs' ke īts tūksīnni : (— hands for one's self), is tsImme' isIn ni; (- hands for another), istsimme'atstüksınni; (clothes, etc.), issĭste' tük sĭn ni.

Wash-basin, n. an., i tai'sŭpsïski osopi.

Wash-board, n., itai'soksĭststükiopi.

Wash-tub, n., it us'sists tuk io pi

Waste, v. t. ina. 1. Waste it, ksistuye'tsit; I waste it, nitai'ksistuyetsip; he wastes it; ai'ksīstu ye tsimaie.

v. pass. ina. It is wasted, ai'ksïstu ye tsip.

Watch, n. an., i tai' ksistsi kumiopi.

v. t. ina. 1. Watch it. isks ka'tsit: I watch it, nit üsks' katsip; he watches it. ŭsks ka tsimai e.

v. t. an. 1. Watch me, iskskum'mokit; watch him, iskskum'mis: I watch you, kit usks'kummo: he watches him, usks'kum mi u sie.

Watching, n. abstr., iskska' tüksin-

Water, n. ina., okhke'.

Water, v. t. ina. 3 (plants, etc.). Water it, atsikeis' toat; I water it, nitauts'iksistop; he waters it, auts'iksistomaie.

v. t. an. 1 (horses, etc.). Water him, simme'pis; I water him, nitsimme'piau; he waters him,

sîm me' pi u ai e.

Watering, n. abstr. (plants, etc.), atsiksis' tüksin ni : (horses, etc.), simme' pi tük sin ni.

Way, n. ina. (read), moksoku'i; (manner), his way, otsitappi'uŏssĭnni.

Wave, n. ina., čkh' pai kimskau.

We, pers. pron. (first and second persons), këstun'un; (first and third persons), nes tun'an.

Weak, v. int. 1. He is weak, ai'-

sŏts i ki u.

Wear, v. t. ina. 3 (clothes). Wear it, supskaw'sattoat: I wear it, nitai'supskawsattop; he wears it, ai'sups kaw sat tomai e.

v. t. an 2 (trousers or leggings). Wear them, oau'at teleau; I wear them, nitau'au attai au: he wears

them, au'auattsiuax.

v. int. 1 (hat). Wear a hat, istsum'mokit; I wear a hat, nitus'tsummoki; he wears a hat, ŭs' tsŭm mok i u.

Wear v. int. I (ear-riugs). thou ear-rings, otokh'ipiit: I wear ear-rings, nit'otokhipii; he wears ear-rings, itokh'i piiu.

v. int. 1 (bracelets). thou bracelets, opun'it; I wear bracelets, nit'opuni; he wears bracelets, ipun'iu.

v. int. 1 (gloves). Wear gloves,

otse'tseit; I wear gloves, nitse'tsetsi; he wears gloves, e tse' tsiiu.

v. int. 1 (necklace). necklace, ok kin'it: I wear a necklace, nit'ok kini; he wears a neck-

lace, i kĭn'i u.

Wearing, n. abstr. (clothes), supskaw'sīnni; (leggings), oai'sīnni; (bat), is tsum' mok sun ni; (earrings), tokh' i pisĭn ni; (bracelets), pun'sinni; (gloves), atse'tseisīnni; (necklaces), ok kīn'sīnni.

Weasel, n. an. (in winter), ap'au;

(in summer), otau'.

Wedding, n. abstr. (in reference to a man), o kem' sin ni; (in reference to a woman), om'sinni.

Weed, n. ina., ksīs' tapsus kii.

Week, n., na to' yi kara tsi ku i ; (literally Holy Day, by which the weeks are counted. This, course, is of recent date. The Indians of old knew no "Holy Day" or division of time into weeks).

Weigh, v. reflect. Weigh one's self, issokak'iosit; I weigh myself, nit ŭs' so kak i os i ; he weighs him-

self, ŭs'so kakiosiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Weigh it, issokak'iit; I weigh it, nit ussokakiip; he weighs it, us' so kak i Im aie. v. t. an. 1. Weigh me, issokak'iokit; weigh him, issokak'is; I weigh you, kit ussokakio:

he weighs him, ussokak'i uaie. Weighing, n. abstr., issokak'iaksĭnni.

Weighing-scales, n. an., it usso kak'iakiopi.

Weights, n. an., it ussokak'imaupiau.

Well, n. an., · miksĭs' kum.

" Water horses."

Wet, v. t. an. 1. Wet me, atsiks's'tsīm mokit; wet him, atsiksīs'-tsīm mīs; I wet you, kitauts'iksīstsīmmo; he wets him, autsiksĭs'tsīm miuaie.

v. t. an. 1. Wet me, atso'kit; wet him, atsis'; I wet you, kitauts'o; he wets him, auts'iuaie.

v. t. ina. 2 (by touching with the wet hand). Wet it, ip is tuts'it: I wet it. nitai in stutsin: he wets it, ai'ipĭstutsimai e.

v. t. ina. 1 (the head). the head, atsikio'tsit; I wet the head, nitautsikiotsip; he wets the head, auts'ikiotsimaie.

v. t. ina. 1. Wet it, epio'tsit; I wet it, nitaipiotsip; he wets

it, ai'piotsīmaie.

Wet him, aipio'v. t. an. 3. tos; wet me, aipio'to kit, I wet. you, kitai'pioto; he wets him, ai'piotoviuaie.

Wet, v. impers. It is wet, itsiksis'tsiu; ipsi'u.

Wetting, n. abstr. (by throwing atsiksīs'tūksīnni; water), tsak'sinni: (by touching with wet hand, ipistutūksinni; epio'tŭksĭnni; (the head), atsikio'tuksĭnni.

Wheat, n. ina., napai čn' in sim man. Wheel, n. an., itse'uŭssi; anakŏs.

Wheelbarrow, n. an, inukan'akŏs. When, interrog. adv. When was it? tsan is tsi'· when will it be? tsanīs tsīs'.

indef. adv., -eniki, -si, affixed to the verb; as, itappo'eniki, when I go there; itap po'si, when he goes there. See example in the verb given in the Grammar. Whence, adv., tse'ma.

Where, adv., tse' ma; where is he?

ŭn nats'.

Whet, v. t. an. 1. Whet it, ksisīstsīmīs; 'I whet it, nitai'ksīsīstsImau; he whets it, ai'ksIsIstsim i u ai e.

v. t. an. 2 (on the Indian steel). Whet it, is kimattels; I wet it, nitus'kimattau; he whets it, us' kimat tsi u ai e.

Whet-stone, n. an., i tai' keïsist staupi.

Which, interrog. pron. See in Grammar, p. 11. Which way? tsa ka'a ta pots.

pro., rel., annik'.

Whine, v. int. 3. Whine thou, ato'at; I whine, nitai'ato; he whines, ai'a to.

Whining, n. abstr., a' to sin ni.

Whip, n. ina., is tsi pis si matsis. v. t. an. 1. Whip me, istsipis'okit; whip him, istsipis'is; I' whip you, kit us'tsipiso: he whips him, ustsipis'iuaie.

Whipping, n. abstr., is tsi pis' ak sin-

Whisper, v. int. 2. Whisper thou, ksimoi'i kat ;-I-whisper,-nitai'ksimoiika; he whispers, ai'ksimoiikau.

v. t. an. 1. Whisper to me, ksimoi'ikamokit; whisper him, ksimoi'ikamis; I whisper to you, kitai'ksimoiikamo: he whispers to him, ai'ksimoiikamiuaie.

Whispering, ...n. abstr., ksimoi'i-

kan i.

Whistle, v. int. 1. Whistle thou. ksi Ixe' mokit; I whistle, nitai'ksiĭxemoki; he whistles, ai'ksi ix emok i u.

v. t. an. 1. Whistle to me, ksi-Ixe'mokit; whistle to him, ksiĭxe'mīs; I whistle to you, kitai'ksi Ixemo; he whistles to him, ai'ksi ĭx emi u ai e.

Whistling, n. abstr., keïsïxe'mok-

White, adj. partic., ap-, in composition; as, ap'aipistsi; white blanket.

White, v. int. 6. It is white, (an.), ksix in ŭm'.

v. int. 1. It is white, (ina.), ksïx în at' si n.

Whiten, v. t. ina. 2. Whiten thou it, ksix si tuts' it; I whiten it, nitai'ksïxïstutsip; he whitens it, ai' ksïx ïs tuts im ai e.

Whitening, n. abstr. ksixistutuk'-

sĭn ni. White head, n. an., ap'opi.

White man, n. an., nap'iekuŭn.

White woman, n. an., nap'iake. Who, interrog. pron., tukka'.

pro. rel., annok'.

Whole, v. int. 1 (of skin, after sickness). It is whole, uk'keu.

Whore, n. an., mats'ake.

Whose, interrog. pron., tūkka'ats.
Why, interrog. adv., kimok'—eks;
as, why do-you speak? kimok'an isks.

Wicked, v. int. 1. Be thou wicked, min'x'it; I am wicked; nitai'n'xi; he is wicked, ai'n'xiu.

v. t. an. 3. Be wicked to me, minix'kotokit; be wicked to him, minix'kotos; I am wicked to you, kitai'nix koto; he is wicked to him, ai'nix kotoyinaie.

Wickedness, n. abstr., minix'sInni. Wide, v. int. 1. It is wide, a puk'-

Widen, v. t. ina. 2. Widen thou it, a pux'istutsit; I widen it, nitau'pux istutsip; he widens it, au'-

pāx īstuts Imaie.
Widening, n. abstr., apāx' istutāksīnni.

Widow, n. an., nep'omiu.

Widower, n. an., nep'okemiu.

Wife, n. an. My wife, nitokem'ani; your wife; kitokem'ani; his wife, otokem'ani.

Wild, v. int. 1. He is wild, isim'iu.

Will, n. abstr., atsi'tani; my will, nitsitsi'tani; your will, kitsitsi'tani; his will, otsitsi'tani.

Willow, red, n. ina., mik öpix' su yi.
Win, v. int. 1 (at gambling). Win
thou, a mots'akit; I win, nita'motsaki; he wins, a' motsakiu.
v. int. 2 (in a race). Win thou,

skit'stat; I win, nitŭs'skitsta; he wins, ŭs'skitstau.

Winning, n. abstr., a mots' ak sınni; skit' stani.

Wind, n. ina., sopu'; high wind, mi'k'sopu; soft wind, ikkinai'sopu.

Wind, v. t. an. 2. Wind thou it, aii pistsis; I wind it, nitau'aiipistau; he winds it, au'aii pistsiuaie.

v. t. ina., 3. Wind thou it, aiipis toat; I wind it, nitau aii pistop; he winds it, au'aiipistom-aie.

Winding, n. abstr., ai i pīstūksīnui. Window, n. ina., ksīstsi kumstan.

Window-glass, n. ina., sakuk' u tüs-

Wind-pipe, n. ina., moksistun'. Wine, n. ina., min'i okh ke.

Wine-glass, n. ina., puk'sa kukutusku.

Wing, n. an., omius'tsekin;

Wink, v. int. 1. Wink thou, sikoköpina'pixit: I wink, nitai'sik--oköpina pixi;-he-winks,-aisikokönina'yixin

kopina pixiu.

v. t. an. 2. Wink at me, sīkoköpina' pixsūkkit; wink at him, sīko köpina pīxsūtsīs; I wink at you, kitai' sīko köpina' pīxsūtto; he winks at him, aisīko köpina'pixsūttsi u aie.

Winking, n. abstr., sīkoköpina'-pīxsīnni.

Winter, n. ina., stu'yi; when it is winter, stuyis'si.

Wipe, v. t. ina. 2. Wipe thou it, issin'it; I wipe it, nitus'sinip; he wipes it, us'sin'imaie.

Wiping, n. abstr., issin' nk sin ni.

Wire, n. an., Small wire, ix tse'ixkim; yellow wire, o tai'kim; black wire, six'ixkim.

Wisdom, n. abstr., mokök'sinni.
Wise, v. int. 1. Be thou wise, mokök'it; I am wise, nil'oköki; he is wise, mokök'iu.

v.t. an. 3. Make me wise, mokök'iistotokit; make him wise, mo kök'iistotos; I make you wise, kitan'kökiistoto; he makes him wise, au'kökiistotoyiuaie.

Wiser making, n. abstr., au kök i istotuk'sin ni.

Wish, v. int. 2. Wish thou, nokstat'; I wish, nitai'oksta; he wishes, nokstau'.

Wishing, n. abstr., nokstan'i.

With, prep. partic. (in company with), pok-, in composition only; as, we will go there in company, nitak o pok' it tap popinan.

prep. partic. (instrumental),

mut-, placed next to the pronominal prefix, thus; I write with a pen, nimutsinaki-itai'sĭnakiopi.

Without design, adv., ksis' tapi. Within, prep., pistots' Im. Wolf, n. an., api'si; muk'kuyi.

Woman, n. an., ake'. Womb, n. ina., oyis'.

Wonderful, v. int. 1. It is wonderful, pĭs'satapiu. Wood, n. ina. mistsis'; (collective),

at su'ös kui. Wool, n. ina., (yarn), nai pistsia pi-

Word, n. ina., e po' awsin.

Work, v. int. 1. Work thou, a po'tükkit; I work, nita'potükki; he works, a' po tükki u.

v. t. an. 3. Work for me, a po'tomokit; work for him, a po'tomos; I work for you, kita potomo; he works for him, a potomoviuaie.

Work, n. abstr., a po' tak sin.
v. int. 1. Work thou, a me' sit; I work, nitau'mesi; he works, au'mesiu.

v. t. an. 3. Work for me, aume' sat to mo kit; work for him, aume'sattomos; I work for you, kitau' mesattomo; he works for him, ad mesattomo yiu aie.

Working, n. abstr., a po'tuksin ni; a me'sln ni.

Workman, n. an., a' po takki ua. Workshop, n. ina., itapau' meso pi. World, n. ina., kon ŭs' ksök kum. Worship, n. abstr., a' tsi moi i kan i. Worsted, n. ina., nai' pistsia pikim. Worth. It is worth, itsau'; how

much is it worth? tsanetsi'tsauats?

Wound, n., maaksin'.

v. t. an. 3. Wound me, mooo'kit; wound him, mooos'; I wound you, kitau'oo; he wounds him, au'o yi uai e.

Wounding, n. abstr., ma'aksin nie Wrap, n. ina., istoxan'.

Wrap it up, av. t. ina. 2. mon'it; I wrap it up, nitau'monip; he wraps it up, au monimai e.

v. t. an. 1. Wrap me up, amon'okit; wrap him up, amon'is; I wrap you up, kitau'mono; he wraps him up, au moniuaie.

v. t. an. 2. Wrap me up, amo'pikkit; wrap him up, amo'pis-tsis; I wrap you up, kitau'mopisto; he wraps him up, au'mopĭstsiuaie.

Wrapping up, n. abstr., a mo pistuksīnni.

Wrath, n. abstr., istse' tüksinni. Wrestle, v. int. 1. Wrestle thou, is tsim 'motseit: I wrestle, nit us'tsim mo tse i: he wrestles, us' tsim-

v. t. an. 1. Wrestle with me. istsim' mokit: wrestle with him. istsim'mis; I wrestle with you, kit us' taïm mo; he wrestles with him, ŭs' tsIm mi uai e.

v.t.an.2.Wrestle with me, aputap'ix ik kit: wrestle with him. apūtap' piksīstsīs; I wrestle with kita' putappiksis to; wrestles with him, a patappiksĭs tsi u a i e.

Wrestling, n. abstr., is tsim' motseisĭnni; a pūtap' pi ksīstseisīnni. Wring, v. int. 1. Wring thou, ai'aminukkit; I wring, nitai'aminŭkki; he wrings, ai'amin ŭkkiu.

v. t. ina. 2. Wring it, amin'it; I wring it, nitai'amīnip; he wrings it, ai'aminimaie.

v. t. an. 1. Wring it, a min'is: I wring it, nitai'aminau: he wrings it, ai'aminniuaie.

Wringing, n. abstr., a mĭn' üksĭnni. Write, v. int. 1. Write thou, sinak'it; I write, nitai'sinaki; he writes, ai'sInaki u.

v. t. ina. 2. Write it, sinait'; I write it, nitai's maip; he writes it, aisïn'amaie.

v. t. an. 3. Write to me, sinammo'kit; write to him, sinammos'; I write to you, kitai'sinammo; he writes to him, aisin'ammoyiuaie.

Writer, n. an., ai'sīnakiua. Writing, n. abstr., sīnak'sīnni. Wrong, v. impers. It is wrong, patse'u; he made it wrong, pats'istutsīmaie.

Y.

Ye, pers. pron. kësto'auai.
Yea, adv., a.
Year, n. ina. stuye'u; one year,
nituks'kai-stuye'u.
Yearly, adv., an nista'stuyists.
Yellow, v. int. 6. It is yellow (an.),
otoku'inum.
v. int. 1 (ina.), otoku'inutsiu.

Yes, adv., a. Yeast, n. ina., itai'ko putstau pi. Yesterday, adv., mattan'ni.

Yet, adv. partic., saki, in composition; as, he is yet sleeping, sakiaiokau.

Yoke, ox, n. ina., ap'otskina-okin'stan.

Yoke, n. ina. (used by men), it us'-tots in imau pi.

Yonder, adv., om'i; om'm'. You, pers. pron., kës to'a; or, ksës-

Young, adj. partic., mani-, in composition; as, young child, man'ipoka.

v. int. 1. It is young (an. mausi'u; (ina.), mani'u.
Younger. He is young, nokŏt'otoansii u.

Young person, n. an., a si tap' pi.
v. int. 1. He is a young person,
a si tap' pi i u.

Your, poss. pron., kitsinan. Youth, n. abstr., a sitap' piisinni.

 \mathbf{z} .

Zeal, n. abstr., eika'kimani. Zealous, v. int. 2. Be thou zealous, oika'kimat; I am zealous, nitai'eikakima; he is zealous, ai'eikakimau.

Zigzag, v. int. 1. It is zigzag, ai'omokitsiu.